

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 8311

2020 Annual Report 年報

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## Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended)

Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Chairperson)

Mr. Kan Man Wai

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

#### Remuneration Committee

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### Nomination Committee

Mr. Cho Chi Kong (Chairman)

Mr. Kan Man Wai

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Tse Ka Wing

#### COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Tse Ka Wing

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務)

廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務)

謝家榮先生(已暫停職務)

張桓嘉先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務)

黃智超先生(已暫停職務)

簡文偉先生(代理主席)

曹志光先生

徐慧敏女士

#### 董事會委員會

#### 審核委員會

徐慧敏女士(主席)

簡文偉先生

曹志光先生

#### 薪酬委員會

簡文偉先生(主席)

曹志光先生

徐慧敏女士

#### 提名委員會

曹志光先生(主席)

簡文偉先生

徐慧敏女士

#### 公司秘書

謝家榮先生

#### 監察主任

張桓嘉先生

#### 授權代表

謝家榮先生

張桓嘉先生

#### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

#### Corporate Information 公司資料

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat 903, 9/F New Lee Wah Centre No. 88 Tokwawan Road Tokwawan, Kowloon Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited
Nanyang Commercial Bank (China), Limited

#### STOCK CODE

8311

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.perfect-optronics.com

#### 註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍土瓜灣 土瓜灣道88號 新利華中心 9樓903室

#### 股份過戶登記總處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

南洋商業銀行(中國)有限公司

#### 股份代號

8311

#### 公司網站

www.perfect-optronics.com

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I present the annual results of Perfect Optronics Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year") to all of its shareholders.

本人謹此代表董事會(「董事會」)向各股東提呈 圓美光電有限公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年 度」)的全年業績。

#### REVIEW OF OPERATIONAL RESULTS

# With a unique mix of global crises including the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19") pandemic, volatile China-U.S. relations and other geopolitical risks, 2020 was a challenging year for many businesses. Despite the strong macro headwinds, the Group's business improved with the net loss of the Year narrowed.

For the Year, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$207.0 million in revenue, representing an approximately 24% improvement as compared with 2019. Consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$16.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 50% as compared with the loss of approximately HK\$34.1 million in 2019.

Sales of the Group's small-sized display panels remained weak during the Year. But as driven by the trend of home office and distance learning under the pandemic, sales of the Group's medium-to-large sized display products, which are used on monitors, notebooks and tablets, improved as compared with the previous year. Overall sales of the Group's thin film transistor liquid crystal display ("TFT-LCD") panels and modules amounted to approximately HK\$138.5 million during the Year, which increased by approximately 3% as compared with 2019. Sales of polarisers reached approximately HK\$35.8 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$31.1 million as compared with 2019. The Group continued to expand its electronic signage business, widen its customer base in different territories and recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$11.8 million, representing an approximately 52% increase in revenue as compared with 2019. Meanwhile, sales of optics products also recorded an increase in revenue during the Year as compared with 2019.

#### 經營業績回顧

由於2019冠狀病毒病(「2019冠狀病毒病」)疫情、中美關係不穩及其他地緣政治風險等前所未有的的全球危機,二零二零年對很多企業而言無疑是充滿挑戰的一年。儘管宏觀阻力很大,但本集團的業務仍見改善,本年度淨虧損有所收窄。

本年度,本集團錄得收入約207.0百萬港元,較二零一九年改善約24%。本年度本公司權益持有人應佔綜合虧損為約16.9百萬港元,較二零一九年的虧損約34.1百萬港元減少約50%。

於本年度,本集團小尺寸顯示面板的銷售仍然 疲弱。但受惠於疫情期間在家工作及遠程和 大勢所趨,本集團用於顯示器的銷售程 下板電腦的中至大尺寸顯示產品團 下板電腦的中至大尺寸顯示產品團 下度有所改善。於本年度,面板及模組上 體顯示(「TFT-LCD」)面板及模組上 體顯示(「TFT-LCD」)面板及模組 是額為約138.5百萬港元,較二零一九年增加 3%。偏光板的銷售額達到約35.8百萬港元 二零一九年增加約31.1百萬港元。本集大 實 一九年增加約52%。與此同時,本年度 的收入增加約52%。與此同時有所增加。 品的銷售收入亦較二零一九年有所增加。

#### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Besides, as one of the examples of the implementation of the Group's flexible business strategy, the Group took advantage of its strong business network in Taiwan and introduced a personal hygiene and disinfectant product line branded "K-clean" from Taiwan for sale in Hong Kong during the Year in view of the strong demand for disinfectant products under the pandemic. The Group has also entered into a long-term exclusive agency agreement with the supplier of K-clean in February 2021 and further strengthened its relationship with the supplier.

此外,作為實踐本集團靈活業務策略的例子之一,本集團有見疫情對消毒產品的需求旺盛,善用其在台灣的強大業務網絡,在本年度從台灣引入品牌為「K-clean」的一系列個人衞生及消毒產品於香港銷售。本集團亦於二零二一年二月與K-clean的供應商簽訂長期獨家代理協議,進一步鞏固與供應商的關係。

As for the Group's investment, the Group held certain preferred shares of Mobvoi Inc. ("Mobvoi") since early 2015. Mobyoi is principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search artificial intelligence ("Al") systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. Following the Group's subscription, Mobvoi completed several rounds of fundraising and introduced world class enterprises such as Google and Volkswagen as its investors. During the Year, Mobvoi acquired two companies by the issues of new ordinary shares of Mobvoi and reserved additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its employee stock ownership plan. Although the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi is reduced from approximately 1.50% to approximately 1.23% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis) due to the aforementioned actions, the Company considers that the value of Mobvoi can be enhanced and thus benefit the Group as its shareholder.

就本集團的投資而言,本集團自二零一五年初。 起持有Mobvoi Inc.(「Mobvoi」)的若干優先限。 Mobvoi主要從事開發及提供應用於手機、智能(「人工智能」)系統業務。本集內子國際 智能(「人工智能」)系統業務。本集內子國際 Mobvoi完成多次集資及引入Google及 Volkswagen等世界級企業為投資者。於在度,Mobvoi透過以發行Mobvoi的新普通股十級計劃。 程價,收購兩間公司,亦為其員工持限上是可 留Mobvoi的額外普通股。雖然本集團因上是可 動而於Mobvoi的持股比例(按全面攤薄公司司認 類基準)由約1.50%減少至約1.23%,本集團身為 份內地域的價值仍可提升,從而令本集團身為 股東而得益。

Looking forward, the Group will endeavor to develop and promote its products and meanwhile, maintain its flexible business strategy to seize new business opportunities in order to create greater value for the Group and the shareholders of the Company.

展望未來,本集團將致力發展及推廣其產品,同時維持靈活的業務策略以把握新的商機,以為本集團及本公司股東創造更大價值。

#### **APPRECIATION**

I, on behalf of the Board, would like to present my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, business partners and customers for their support and trust over the years. I also highly appreciate the contribution and dedication of our management and staff.

#### 致謝

本人謹此代表董事會衷心感謝股東、業務夥伴 及客戶多年來的支持及信賴。本人亦非常感激 我們管理層和全體員工所作的貢獻和付出。

Kan Man Wai

Acting Chairman

Perfect Optronics Limited

Hong Kong 19 March 2021 簡文偉 代理主席 圓美光電有限公司

香港 二零二一年三月十九日

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS**

#### **Business Review**

The Group is principally engaged in the trading, development, and sale of display and optics products and other related electronic components. The Group also processes some of the products that it sells.

In 2020, the COVID-19 had a massive impact on the global economy. During the Year, series of stringent precautionary and control measures were implemented by governments of various countries and regions, in some of which the Group has business operations, to control the spread of the COVID-19, which led to market uncertainties and drastic drop of demands for the Group's products. The Group recorded a significant decrease in revenue during the first half of 2020, but the revenue rebounded in the second half of 2020 as the disruption caused by COVID-19 began to alleviate. Despite the overall unfavorable economic environment, the Group took advantage of its wide product diversity and flexible business strategy, successfully improved the Group's revenue and reduced the Group's net loss for the Year as compared with 2019.

The Group's revenue for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$206,973,000, representing an increase of approximately 24% as compared with approximately HK\$166,607,000 in 2019. Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$16,883,000, representing a reduction in loss of approximately 50% as compared with approximately HK\$34,078,000 for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### 業務回顧及前景

#### 業務回顧

本集團主要從事顯示及光學產品及其他相關電子部件的貿易、開發及銷售。本集團亦為其銷售的部分產品進行加工。

本集團的本年度收入為約206,973,000港元,較二零一九年約166,607,000港元增加約24%。本年度本公司權益持有人應佔虧損為約16,883,000港元,較截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的虧損約34,078,000港元減少約50%。

The Group's small-sized display panel business continues to be unsatisfactory, as affected by the concentrated situation in the mobile phone market due to domination by the major brands. The sale of the medium-to-large sized display products, including display modules for computer notebooks, monitors and televisions, remained a key revenue driver for the Group during the Year. With increased demand for laptops, PC monitors and tablets driven by the large number of people working-from-home and shifting to remote learning during the pandemic, the Group's sales of TFT-LCD panels and modules amounted to approximately HK\$138,466,000 during the Year, representing an approximately 3% increase as compared with approximately HK\$135,040,000 in 2019.

本集團的小尺寸顯示面板業務持續未如理想,受到主要品牌主導下手機市場集中的情況所影響。銷售中至大尺寸顯示產品(包括手提電腦、顯示器及電視機的顯示模組)仍是本集團本年度的主要收入動力。由於疫情期間很多人在家工作及轉為遠程教學,因而推動筆記本電腦、個人電腦顯示器及平板電腦的需求增加,本集團本年度的TFT-LCD面板及模組銷售金額為約138,466,000港元,較二零一九年的約135,040,000港元增加約3%。

The successful marketing strategy of the Group's longstanding polariser supplier induced a significant increase in the Group's sales of polarisers in 2020. The Group's sales of polarisers in 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$35,794,000, representing an increase of approximately HK\$31,073,000 as compared with approximately HK\$4,721,000 in 2019.

有賴本集團長期偏光板供應商的成功營銷策略,本集團的偏光板銷售於二零二零年大幅增加。本集團二零二零年的偏光板銷售額為約35,794,000港元,較二零一九年的約4,721,000港元增加約31,073,000港元。

The Group's electronic signage products, which include digital information signage, electronic shelf displays, and electronic white boards, etc., continued to expand its customer base during the Year. Users of the Group's electronic signage products include schools, education institutions, shopping malls and retail stores in Hong Kong, Taiwan and overseas. During the Year, the Group's sales of electronic signage products amounted to approximately HK\$11,774,000, representing an increase of approximately 52% as compared with approximately HK\$7,749,000 in 2019. The Group will continue to develop its electronic signage business to capture the rising electronic signage market.

本集團本年度的電子廣告板產品(其包括數碼資訊告示板、電子貨架顯示器及電子白板等)繼續擴大其客戶基礎。本集團電子廣告板產品的用家包括香港、台灣及海外的學校、教育機構、購物商場及零售店。於本年度,本集團的電子廣告板產品銷售額為約11,774,000港元,較二零一九年的約7,749,000港元增加約52%。本集團將繼續發展其電子廣告板業務以捕捉日益興盛的電子廣告板市場。

For optics products, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$6,353,000 in 2020, representing an increase of approximately HK\$3,895,000 as compared with approximately HK\$2,458,000 in 2019. Shortage in supply of certain optics products components in the market boosted the Group's sales during the Year.

在光學產品方面,本集團於二零二零年錄得收入約6,353,000港元,較二零一九年的約2,458,000港元增加約3,895,000港元。市場上若干光學產品部件供應短缺,因而推高本集團的本年度銷售額。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Although the Group's major products mentioned above recorded an increase in revenue in 2020 as compared with 2019, some products such as light guide plates and integrated circuits recorded a decrease in revenue during the Year. In order to diversify its business risk, the Group adopted a flexible business strategy to widen its product portfolio. In view of the feverish market demand for disinfectant products under the pandemic, the Group identified a personal hygiene and disinfectant product line branded "K-clean" in Taiwan and started to introduce it to Hong Kong market during the Year. The Group has marketed K-clean to corporate clients, as well as consumers on various online platforms. K-clean is now also available in large-scale retailers in Hong Kong. Through the Group's marketing efforts and the proven effectiveness of K-clean, K-clean has gained recognition in the market. Sales of K-clean related products during the Year amounted to approximately HK\$4,507,000 (2019: Nil) and it is expected to grow in the coming year. In February 2021, the Group further entered into a long-term agency agreement with, among others, the Taiwan supplier of K-clean, in relation to the engagement as the exclusive agent for the sales and promotion of the full series of K-clean products in Hong Kong and Macau. Such agreement further strengthened the relationship between the Group and the Taiwan supplier.

Since 2015, the Group has held certain preferred shares of Mobvoi, which is principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search Al systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. Such investment is classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). During the Year, Mobvoi continued to launch new models of its existing products such as smart watches and developed various new lines of products. Mobvoi's automotive Al voice interactive system has been applied to certain new car models launched in China. Mobvoi has also developed strategic co-operations with other well-known companies in China for application of its Al products to smart home development. Furthermore, during the Year, Mobvoi completed the acquisitions of two companies (the "Acquisitions") by the issues of new ordinary shares of Mobvoi as consideration; and Mobvoi has also reserved additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its employee stock ownership plan ("ESOP"). Upon completion of the 雖然上述本集團主要產品於二零二零年錄得的 收入較二零一九年有所增加,惟部分產品(如導 光板及集成電路)於本年度的收入錄得減少。為 分散業務風險,本集團採取靈活的業務策略以 擴大其產品組合。鑑於疫情下市場對消毒產品 的需求旺盛,本集團在台灣物色了品牌為 「K-clean」的一系列個人衛生及消毒產品,並於 本年度開始將其引入香港市場。本集團向企業 客戶以及不同線上平台的消費者推銷K-clean。 K-clean現已在香港的大型零售商發售。通過本 集團的營銷努力及K-clean久經驗證的效用, K-clean已在市場上獲得認可。本年度K-clean相 關產品的銷售額為約4,507,000港元(二零一九 年:無),並預期於來年繼續增長。於二零二一 年二月,本集團進一步與(其中包括)K-clean的 台灣供應商訂立長期代理協議,內容有關委聘 本集團為銷售及推廣全線K-clean產品的香港及 澳門獨家代理。有關協議進一步鞏固了本集團 與台灣供應商的關係。

自二零一五年起,本集團持有Mobvoi的若干優 先股,其主要從事開發及提供應用於手機、智 能佩戴式設備、車用及其他設備的語音搜索人 工智能系統業務。有關投資分類為按公允價值 計入損益(「按公允價值計入損益」)之金融資 產。Mobvoi於本年度繼續推出現有產品(例如智 能手錶)的新型號及開發多種新產品線。Mobvoi 的汽車人工智能語音交互系統已應用於在中國 推出的若干新款汽車上。Mobvoi亦已與其他中 國知名企業開展戰略性合作,以將其人工智能 產品應用於智能家居開發。此外,Mobvoi於本 年度已完成收購兩間公司(「收購事項」),代價 為發行Mobvoi的新普通股;及Mobvoi已為其員 工持股計劃(「員工持股計劃」)預留額外的 Mobvoi普通股。於完成上述Mobvoi普通股的發 行及為員工持股計劃預留額外的Mobvoi普通股 後,本集團持有Mobvoi的股權比例由約1.50%減 少至約1.23%(按全面攤薄及已轉換基準)。儘管 股權遭到攤薄,本集團於Mobvoi的投資於二零

aforesaid issues of ordinary shares of Mobvoi and the reservation of additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its ESOP, the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi is reduced from approximately 1.50% to approximately 1.23% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis). Notwithstanding the dilution in shareholding, the fair value of the Group's investment in Mobvoi increased to approximately HK\$59,547,000 as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: HK\$57,538,000); and a fair value gain in financial asset at FVTPL of approximately HK\$2,009,000 was recognised during the Year (2019: HK\$2,550,000). The Company considers that the Acquisitions will potentially enhance the value of Mobvoi and thus benefit the Group's subsidiary as its shareholder.

二零年十二月三十一日的公允價值上升至約59,547,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:57,538,000港元):而按公允價值計入損益之金融資產的公允價值收益約2,009,000港元已於本年度確認(二零一九年:2,550,000港元)。本公司認為,收購事項將有潛力提升Mobvoi的價值,從而使本集團的附屬公司(作為其股東)受益。

The Group's another investment was classified as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, representing the Group's investment in a Taiwan private company which engages in the business of the separator (a key component in lithium batteries). Such company allotted additional shares to raise capital during the Year and the Group's shareholding was diluted from approximately 3.03% to approximately 2.22%. The fair value of such investment decreased to approximately HK\$1,876,000 as at 31 December 2020 (31 December 2019: HK\$2,673,000).

本集團的另一項投資分類為按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資產,即本集團對一間從事隔離膜(為鋰電池的主要部件)業務的台灣私人公司的投資。該公司於本年度配發額外股份以募集資本,而本集團的股權由約3.03%被攤薄至約2.22%。上述投資於二零二零年十二月三十一日的公允價值下降至約1,876,000港元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:2,673,000港元)。

#### Prospects

#### Looking ahead to 2021, despite the roll out of COVID-19 vaccines may help control COVID-19 and gradually spur the economy to recovery, the global economy is still susceptible to many market uncertainties and these challenges and difficulties will continuously affect the Group's performance. Nevertheless, benefitting from the Group's flexible business strategy, the Group introduced K-clean to its products portfolio, which may help to diversify the risk. Display products will remain as the key revenue driver of the Group, but the Group will grasp the opportunity to continue to promote the sales of K-clean products. Meanwhile, the Group will continue to widen its revenue base, enhance its product diversity, widen customer base and introduce new products and new suppliers from different industries or areas, as well as maintain a flexible business strategy to explore new business opportunities for its development.

#### 前景

展望二零二一年,儘管2019冠狀病毒病疫苗的推出可能有助於控制2019冠狀病毒病從預別,但全球經濟仍然等別及強力。 一場不響之大學,而以為於, 一個人。 一個一。 一個人。 一個一。 一個一。 一個一。 一個一 一個一一 一個一一 一個一一 一個一

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### Global economic condition

A slowdown in the global economy, including the economic climate in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which has been one of the major markets for display products, would affect the results of the Group. A decrease in market demand may put significant downward pressure on the average selling prices. Reduced corporate and commercial activities also have a negative impact on the demand for and prices of the Group's products. If the economy continues to grow at a slow rate, or experiences a prolonged recession, the Group's business and results of operations will continue to be adversely affected.

#### Inventory risk

The Group places orders with its suppliers based on the Group's forecast of future procurement, customers' intentions and indicated orders, customers' recent purchase orders and the Group's inventory levels. Any unanticipated drop in sales could cause the Group's inventories to accumulate. As technology evolves quickly, the Group's inventories may become obsolete and may adversely affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

#### Prices fluctuation risk

Product trends, industry trends and other factors beyond the Group's control may cause fluctuations in selling prices and raw material prices, which could have a drastic and adverse effect on the Group's gross profit and net profit.

#### Financial risks

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Details of such risks are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

#### 全球經濟狀況

全球經濟放緩(包括中華人民共和國(「中國」)的經濟環境,此乃其中一個顯示產品主要市場)將影響本集團業績。市場需求下跌可能令平均售價受到巨大下行壓力。企業及商業活動減少亦對本集團產品的需求及價格造成不利影響。倘經濟增長率繼續緩慢或持續蕭條,本集團的業務及經營業績將繼續受到不利影響。

#### 存貨風險

本集團根據本集團的未來採購預測、客戶意向 及指示訂單、客戶近期採購訂單及本集團的現 有存貨水平而向供應商下達訂單。任何超出預 期的銷售下跌可導致本集團的存貨累積。由於 科技瞬息萬變,本集團的存貨可能會過時及可 能會對本集團的財務狀況和經營業績構成不利 影響。

#### 價格波動風險

產品趨勢、行業趨勢及其他本集團無法控制的 因素可以導致銷售價格及原材料價格波動,繼 而可能會對本集團的毛利及淨利潤造成嚴重及 不利的影響。

#### 財務風險

本集團的業務承受各種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險、現金流量及公允價值利率風險、價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。有關風險詳情載於綜合財務報表附註3。

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements and its notes, which are included in this report.

#### Revenue

Total revenue of the Group for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$206,973,000, which increased by approximately 24% as compared to approximately HK\$166,607,000 in 2019. Increase in total revenue was attributable to the increase in revenue from the Group's sales of TFT-LCD panels and modules, polarisers, electronic signage and optics products, as well as the Group's newly introduced personal hygiene and disinfectant products.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales of the Group mainly consisted of purchase costs, processing and subcontracting charges, staff costs, provision for obsolete inventories and other direct costs. Due to the increase in revenue, purchase costs, processing and subcontracting charges, and other direct costs increased during the Year as compared with 2019. However, the write-back of provision for obsolete inventories during the Year decreased as compared with 2019. Total cost of sales for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$189,869,000, which increased by approximately 14% as compared to approximately HK\$166,902,000 in 2019.

#### Gross profit/(loss)

Gross profit amounting to approximately HK\$17,104,000 was recorded for the Year (2019: gross loss of HK\$295,000). The improvement was mainly attributable to the increase in gross profit margins of the products sold during the Year.

#### 財務回顧

以下討論應與載於本報告的本集團綜合財務報 表及其附註一併閱讀。

#### 收入

本集團本年度的總收入約為206,973,000港元,較二零一九年的約166,607,000港元增加約24%。總收入增加是由於本集團TFT-LCD面板及模組、偏光板、電子廣告板及光學產品的銷售收入增加,以及本集團新引入的個人衞生及消毒產品所致。

#### 銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本主要包括採購成本、加工及外包費用、員工成本、陳舊存貨撥備及其他直接成本。於本年度,採購成本、加工及外包費用及其他直接成本因收入增加而較二零一九年有所增加。然而,本年度的陳舊存貨撥備撥回較二零一九年的約166,902,000港元增加約14%至約189.869,000港元。

#### 毛利/(毛損)

本年度錄得毛利約17,104,000港元(二零一九年:毛損295,000港元)。改善乃主要由於本年度的售出產品毛利率增加。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### Other gains, net

Net other gains of approximately HK\$3,256,000 (2019: HK\$3,069,000) was recorded during the Year. The balance mainly included the fair value gain in the Group's investment in Mobvoi of approximately HK\$2,009,000 (2019: HK\$2,550,000) and government subsidies of approximately HK\$1,349,000 (2019: HK\$231,000), which mainly represented the subsidy received under the Employment Support Scheme of the Hong Kong SAR Government during the Year.

#### Distribution and selling expenses

The Group's distribution and selling expenses for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$10,119,000, representing an approximately 17% increase as compared to approximately HK\$8,680,000 in 2019. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in expenses incurred for the Group's Taiwan branch which was newly established in late 2019, and the increase in promotion expenses and staff costs for the Group's new products.

#### General and administrative expenses

The Group's general and administrative expenses for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$26,747,000, which was comparable to approximately HK\$26,916,000 in 2019.

#### Research and development expenses

The Group's research and development expenses amounted to approximately HK\$1,394,000 for the Year, which decreased by approximately HK\$578,000 as compared with approximately HK\$1,972,000 in 2019. The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in staff costs and development fees incurred for products development.

#### Finance costs

The Group's finance costs for the Year represented interest expenses of approximately HK\$678,000 (2019: HK\$890,000) on lease liabilities. No bank loans interest (2019: HK\$275,000) was incurred during the Year.

#### 其他收益淨額

本年度錄得其他收益淨額約3,256,000港元(二零一九年:3,069,000港元)。結餘主要包括本集團於Mobvoi的投資的公允價值收益約2,009,000港元(二零一九年:2,550,000港元)及政府補貼約1,349,000港元(二零一九年:231,000港元),主要為本年度內於香港特別行政區政府保就業計劃之下收取的補貼。

#### 分銷及銷售開支

本年度本集團的分銷及銷售開支為約10,119,000港元,較二零一九年的約8,680,000港元增加約17%。增加乃主要由於本集團於二零一九年底新成立的台灣分公司所產生的費用增加,以及本集團新產品的推廣費用及員工成本增加。

#### 一般及行政開支

本集團本年度的一般及行政開支約為 26,747,000港元,與二零一九年的約26,916,000 港元相若。

#### 研究及開發開支

本年度,本集團的研究及開發開支約為 1,394,000港元,較二零一九年約1,972,000港元 減少約578,000港元。減幅乃主要由於就產品開 發產生的員工成本及開發費用減少。

#### 財務費用

本年度,本集團的財務費用為租賃負債利息開支約678,000港元(二零一九年:890,000港元)。本年度內並無產生銀行貸款利息(二零一九年:275,000港元)。

#### Income tax

No Hong Kong profits tax was provided by the Group for the Year (2019: Nil). Income tax during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 mainly represented deferred income tax credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company

Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$16,883,000, representing a decrease in loss of approximately HK\$17,195,000 as compared with the loss of approximately HK\$34,078,000 in 2019, which was mainly attributable to the increase in revenue and improvement in gross profit during the Year.

### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The financial key performance indicators are analysed as follows:

#### 所得税

本集團於本年度並無計提香港利得税(二零一九年:無)。截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的所得税主要指計入綜合全面收益表的遞延所得税。

#### 本公司權益持有人應佔虧損

本年度,本公司權益持有人應佔虧損約為 16,883,000港元,較二零一九年的虧損約 34,078,000港元減少虧損約17,195,000港元,主 要由於本年度的收入增加及毛利改善所致。

#### 主要財務表現指標

主要財務表現指標分析如下:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

	截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		Note	2020	2019	Percentage change Increase/ (decrease)
		NOLG	2020	2019	百分比變動
		附註	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	增加/(減少)
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Revenue	<b>財務表現</b> 收入		206,973	166,607	24%
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)		17,104	(295)	N/A 不適用
Loss before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	除利息、所得税、折舊 及攤銷前虧損 (「EBITDA」)	(i)	(11,356)	(27,927)	(59)%
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(18,530)	(35,648)	(48)%
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔 虧損		(16,883)	(34,078)	(50)%
Gross profit margin	毛利率		8.3%	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Return on total assets (%)	總資產回報率(%)	(ii)	-8.4%	-17.5%	Improved by 9.1% 改善9.1%
Return on shareholders' equity (%)	股東權益回報率(%)	(iii)	-11.2%	-20.2%	Improved by 9.0% 改善9.0%
Basic loss per share (HK cents)	每股基本虧損(港仙)		HK(1.14) cents (1.14)港仙	HK(2.30) cents (2.30)港仙	(50)%

As	at	31	Dec	emb	oer
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		Note	2020	2019	Percentage change Increase/ (decrease)
		附註	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	百分比變動增加/(減少)
KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS Cash and cash equivalents Net current assets Total assets	<b>主要財務指標</b> 現金及現金等價物 流動資產淨額 資產總額		76,403 80,689 219,932	70,308 99,337 203,663	9% (19)% 8%
Bank borrowings Total liabilities Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Total equity	銀行借貸 負債總額 本公司權益持有人應佔 權益 權益總額		- 68,816 151,361 151,116		107% (10)% (11)%
Current ratio (times)	流動比率(倍)	(iv)	2.3 times 2.3倍	5.0 times 5.0倍	Decreased by 2.7 times 減少2.7倍
Quick ratio (times)	速動比率(倍)	(v)	1.8 times 1.8倍	3.7 times 3.7倍	Decreased by 1.9 times 減少1.9倍
Gearing ratio (%)  Debt-to-asset ratio (%)	資本負債比率(%) 負債資產比率(%)	(vi) (vii)	0% 0%	0% 0%	_ 

#### Notes:

- (i) As the Group recorded loss before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, no EBITDA margin are presented
- (ii) Return on total assets = Loss for the year/Total assets
- (iii) Return on shareholders' equity = Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company/Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
- (iv) Current ratio = Current assets/Current liabilities
- (v) Quick ratio = (Current assets Inventories)/Current liabilities
- (vi) Gearing ratio = Total interest-bearing bank borrowings/Total equity
- (vii) Debt-to-asset ratio = Total interest-bearing bank borrowings/Total assets

#### 附註:

- (i) 由於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度本集團錄得除利息、所得税、折舊及攤銷前虧 損,概無呈列EBITDA率
- (ii) 總資產回報率=年度虧損/資產總額
- (iii) 股東權益回報率=本公司權益持有人應佔虧損/本公司權益持有人應佔權益
- (iv) 流動比率=流動資產/流動負債
- (v) 速動比率=(流動資產 存貨)/流動負債
- (vi) 資本負債比率=計息銀行借貸總額/權益總額
- (vii) 負債資產比率=計息銀行借貸總額/資產總額

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's funds are principally used to finance working capital, and the growth and expansion of the Group's operations and sales network. The Group's principal sources of funds are cash generated from operations and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2020, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, represented by bank deposits, bank balances and cash, amounted to approximately HK\$76,403,000 (2019: HK\$70,308,000).

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank deposits, bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團的資金主要用作撥付營運資金,及就本集團營運及銷售網絡的增長及擴展提供資金。本集團主要的資金來源為自營運產生的現金及銀行借貸。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及現金等價物為數約76,403,000港元(二零一九年:70,308,000港元),乃為銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金。

本集團的銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金的賬面值 乃以下列貨幣計值:

### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
United States dollars ("USD")	美元(「美元」)	59,560	57,491
Renminbi ("RMB")	人民幣(「人民幣」)	8,805	4,777
Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$")	港元(「港元」)	7,478	6,986
New Taiwan dollars ("TWD")	新台幣(「新台幣」)	560	1,054
		76,403	70,308

The Group had no bank borrowings as at 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日並無銀行 借貸(二零一九年:無)。

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The capital of the Company only comprises ordinary shares. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group during the Year.

#### TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Year.

#### 資本結構

本公司的資本僅包括普通股。於本年度內本集 團的資本結構概無轉變。

#### 庫務政策

本集團已就其庫務政策採取審慎財務管理方 法,因而於整個本年度得以保持穩健之流動資 金狀況。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by monitoring on an ongoing basis with reference to the financial position of the debtors, past experience and other factors. The Group performs regular credit evaluations of its major customers. To manage liquidity risk, the management closely monitors the Group's liquidity position and maintains sufficient cash and an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to settle the payables of the Group.

本集團經參考債務人的財務狀況、過往經驗及 其他因素而持續進行監控,務求致力減低信貸 風險。本集團會定期為其主要客戶進行信貸評 估。為管理流動資金風險,管理層會緊密監察 本集團的流動資金狀況及持有足夠現金及充足 的已承諾信貸融資,以償還本集團的應付款。

#### RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's management policies, working environment, career prospects and employees' benefits have contributed to building good employee relations and employee retention of the Group. The Group offers competitive remuneration packages commensurate with industry practice and provides various fringe benefits to employees including medical benefits, social insurance, mandatory provident funds, bonuses and a share option scheme. The management regularly reviews its employee's remuneration packages to ensure they are up to prevailing market standards.

As at 31 December 2020, the employee headcount of the Group was 66 (2019: 74) and the total staff costs, including directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately HK\$23,911,000 during the Year (2019: HK\$21,533,000). Such amount of total staff costs excluded depreciation and finance costs associated with the lease of staff quarter, amounting to approximately HK\$568,000 (2019: HK\$974,000) and approximately HK\$11,000 (2019: HK\$63,000) respectively.

The Group has established long term business relationships with its major suppliers for over ten years. The Group has entered into long term supply framework agreements with these suppliers. The Group will endeavor to maintain its established relationship with these existing suppliers.

#### 與僱員、供應商及客戶的關係

本集團的管理政策、工作環境、晉升前景及僱員福利有助本集團與僱員建立良好關係及留聘僱員。本集團為僱員提供符合行業慣例並具競爭力的薪酬待遇及各種僱員福利,包括醫療福利、社保、強積金、花紅及購股權計劃。管理層定期檢討其僱員薪酬組合,確保其符合現行市場水平。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團僱員總數為66人(二零一九年:74人),本年度員工總成本(包括董事酬金)約23,911,000港元(二零一九年:21,533,000港元)。該金額不包括與員工宿舍有關的折舊及財務費用分別為約568,000港元(二零一九年:974,000港元)及約11,000港元(二零一九年:63,000港元)。

本集團已與其主要供應商建立逾十年的長期業 務關係。本集團與該等供應商訂立長期供應框 架協議。本集團將致力與該等現有供應商維持 既定關係。 The Group has a well-established business relationship with its customers and has gained recognition in the TFT-LCD panel industry in the PRC. Some of its customers have over ten-year business relationships with the Group. To deal with the downturn in the Group's business in recent years, the Group endeavours to secure the business with existing customers and at the same time devotes to develop new reliable customers in new markets.

本集團與其客戶擁有穩固業務關係,並於中國 TFT-LCD面板行業廣獲認可。部分客戶與本集 團擁有超過十年的業務往來。為應對近年本集 團業務的低迷,本集團致力確保與現有客戶的 業務,同時投身新市場,發展值得信賴的新客 戶。

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2019: Nil).

#### CHARGE OF ASSETS

The Group had no charge of assets as at 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### **FOREIGN CURRENCY**

The Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in USD, HK\$, RMB and TWD. HK\$ are reasonably stable against the USD under the Linked Exchange Rate System. In addition, the management considers that the impact on exchange differences for RMB and TWD is not significant as at 31 December 2020. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Board will continuously monitor the related foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (2019: Nil).

#### DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend nor declare any dividend for the Year (2019: Nil).

#### 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重 大或然負債(二零一九年:無)。

#### 抵押資產

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無抵 押資產(二零一九年:無)。

#### 外匯

本集團的業務交易、資產及負債均主要以美元、港元、人民幣及新台幣計值。於聯繫匯率制度下,港元兑美元相對穩定。此外,管理層認為於二零二零年十二月三十一日,人民幣及新台幣匯兑差額之影響不重大。目前,本集團並無外幣對沖政策。然而,董事會將持續監控相關外幣風險,並於有需要時考慮對沖重大的外幣風險。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零一九年:無)。

#### 股息

本年度,董事會不建議或宣派任何股息(二零 一九年:無)。

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

In January 2015, the Group subscribed for 25,213,220 Series A-2 Preferred Shares of Mobvoi at a consideration of USD3,000,000. Mobvoi is principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search Al systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. The Company considers that the investment in Mobvoi, which is intended to be held by the Group for long-term investment purpose, will provide an opportunity to the Group to share in and gain from the development potentials of Mobvoi and its products and technology. The Group does not have any management or operational role in Mobvoi. There have been no addition to or disposal of such investment by the Group since it made the investment in January 2015. Mobvoi has undertaken several rounds of fundraising in recent years. During the Year, Mobvoi completed the acquisitions of two companies by the issues of new ordinary shares of Mobvoi as consideration; and Mobvoi also reserved additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its ESOP. Upon completion of the aforesaid issues of ordinary shares of Mobvoi and the reservation of additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its ESOP, the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi is reduced from approximately 1.50% to approximately 1.23% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis).

The Group's investment in Mobvoi is classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 December 2020, the fair value of the Group's investment in Mobvoi was approximately HK\$59,547,000, representing approximately 27% of the Group's total assets. No dividend has been received by the Group from Mobvoi since making its investment. A fair value gain of approximately HK\$2,009,000 was recognised during the Year.

Save for the abovementioned, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any other company as at 31 December 2020.

## FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group did not have plans for material investments and capital assets as at 31 December 2020.

#### 所持重大投資

於二零一五年一月,本集團認購了25.213.220股 Mobvoi A-2系列優先股,代價為3,000,000美 元。Mobvoi主要從事開發及提供手機、智能佩 戴式設備、汽車及其他設備之語音搜索人工智 能系統業務。本公司認為投資Mobvoi(本集團有 意長期持有)將使本集團有機會分享及從Mobvoi 及其產品和技術的發展潛力獲益。本集團在 Mobvoi並無任何管理或營運角色。本集團自二 零一五年一月作出投資以來並無增加或出售該 投資。Mobvoi近年進行了幾輪集資。於本年 度, Mobvoi以發行Mobvoi的新普通股作為對 價,完成對兩間公司的收購;同時,Mobvoi亦 為其員工持股計劃預留額外Mobvoi普通股。在 完成上述發行Mobvoi普通股及為其員工持股計 劃預留額外普通股後,本集團於Mobvoi的持股 比例由約1.50%減少至約1.23%(按全面攤薄及 已轉換基準)。

本集團於Mobvoi的投資分類為按公允價值計入 損益之金融資產。於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,本集團於Mobvoi的投資的公允價值約為 59,547,000港元,佔本集團資產總值約27%。本 集團自投資以來並無從Mobvoi獲得任何股息。 於本年度確認公允價值收益約2,009,000港元。

除上文所述者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團概無於任何其他公司持有任何重大 股權投資。

#### 重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團概無重 大投資及資本資產的計劃。

## MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

The Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Year.

於本年度,本集團概無任何重大收購及出售附 屬公司及聯屬公司的事項。

## LEGAL PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING THE COMPANY AND THE DIRECTORS

#### 涉及本公司及董事之法律程序

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 26 September 2019, 4 October 2019, 10 January 2020, 9 April 2020, 10 July 2020 and 25 September 2020. On 25 September 2019, the Company received a sealed copy of a petition (the "Petition") issued by the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "High Court") which was taken out by the Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") pursuant to section 214 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance against certain Directors, namely Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John, Mr. Wong Chi Chiu and Mr. Li Shui Yan (collectively "the Director Respondents"), and the Company. The SFC alleged in the Petition that the Director Respondents had breached their duties as directors of the Company in relation to the disposal of a subsidiary of the Company holding an approximately 50.14% shareholding in 尚立光電股份有限公司 (Shinyoptics Corporation\*) (details of such disposal were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 22 December 2016). As the Company is only a nominal respondent to the Petition and pursuant to the order of the High Court, the Company is not required to actively participate in the legal proceedings in respect of the Petition.

兹提述本公司日期為二零一九年九月二十六 日、二零一九年十月四日、二零二零年一月十 日、二零二零年四月九日、二零二零年七月十 日及二零二零年九月二十五日的公告。於二零 一九年九月二十五日,本公司接獲香港特別行 政區高等法院(「高等法院」)發出之呈請之蓋章 文本(「呈請」)。呈請由證券及期貨事務監察委 員會(「證監會」)根據證券及期貨條例第214條向 若干董事,即鄭偉德先生、廖嘉榮先生、謝家 榮先生、黃翼忠先生、黃智超先生及李瑞恩先 生(統稱「董事答辯人」),以及本公司提出。證 監會於呈請中指稱,就出售持有尚立光電股份 有限公司約50.14%股權之本公司附屬公司(該 出售之詳情於本公司日期為二零一六年十二月 二十二日之公告披露),董事答辯人違反彼等作 為本公司董事之職責。由於本公司僅為呈請的 名義答辯人,且根據高等法院的頒令,本公司 毋須積極參與有關呈請的法律程序。

The Company understands the Director Respondents disagree with the allegations of the SFC in the Petition, and intend to vigorously contest the Petition. As at the date of this report, the legal proceedings of the Petition are ongoing.

本公司知悉董事答辯人不同意證監會在呈請中 所作的指稱,並擬積極抗辯呈請。於本報告日 期,呈請的法律程序仍在進行中。

As announced by the Company in its announcement dated 25 September 2020, trading in the shares of the Company on GEM resumed with effect from 9:00 a.m. on 28 September 2020.

誠如本公司於其日期為二零二零年九月二十五日之公告所公佈,本公司股份已於二零二零年九月二十八日上午九時正於GEM恢復買賣。

<sup>\*</sup> for identification purpose only

### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

企業管治常規

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance with a view to safeguarding the interests of its shareholders. To accomplish this, save as set out below, the Company has adopted the principles and the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

本公司致力達至高水準的企業管治,旨在保障 其股東利益。為達成此目標,除下文所載者外, 本公司已採納GEM上市規則附錄15所載企業管 治守則(「企業管治守則」)的原則及守則條文。

Throughout the Year, the Company had complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code, except for the deviation as disclosed under the section headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" below.

於本年度內,本公司已遵守企業管治守則的所 有守則條文,惟下文「主席及行政總裁」一節所 披露的偏離情況除外。

## COMPLIANCE OF CODE OF CONDUCT FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

遵守董事進行證券交易的操守守則

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors adopted by the Company during the Year.

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易之操守守則,該守則之條款與GEM上市規則第5.48 至第5.67條所規定之交易標準同樣嚴謹。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,全體董事於本年度內已遵守本公司所採納有關董事進行證券交易之所需交易標準及操守守則。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition of the Board

Up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises four executive Directors and five independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board during the Year and up to the date of this annual report was as follows.

#### Executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended)

Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

(appointed on 25 September 2020)

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Li Shui Yan (resigned on 15 October 2020)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman) (appointed on 1 January 2020)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong (appointed on 1 January 2020)

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

(appointed on 25 September 2020)

Except for Mr. Li Shui Yan who resigned during the Year, the biographical details of all Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 67 to 72 of this annual report. To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition against certain Directors, including Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu have been suspended from their duties as Directors with effect from 25 September 2020. Mr. Kan Man Wai has been appointed as the acting Chairman in place of Mr. Cheng Wai Tak with effect from 25 September 2020. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020.

#### 董事會

#### 董事會的組成

截至本年報日期止,董事會由四名執行董事及 五名獨立非執行董事組成。於本年度及截至本 年報日期,董事會的組成如下:

#### 執行董事:

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務)

廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務)

謝家榮先生(已暫停職務)

張桓嘉先生

(於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務)

黃智超先生(已暫停職務)

李瑞恩先生(於二零二零年十月十五日辭任)

簡文偉先生(代理主席)

(於二零二零年一月一日獲委任)

曹志光先生(於二零二零年一月一日獲委任)

徐慧敏女士

(於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任)

除李瑞恩先生於本年度內辭任外,全體董事及 本公司高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本年報第67 至72頁內。就本公司所深知,董事會成員之間 概無任何財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關 關係。

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年九月二十五日的 公告所披露,待向若干董事提出的呈請的 程序得出結果之前,包括鄭偉德先生、廖嘉榮 先生、謝家榮先生、黃翼忠先生及黃智超先生 自二零二零年九月二十五日起暫停彼等作以母 事的職務。簡文偉先生獲委任為代理主席以 替鄭偉德先生,由二零二零年九月二十五日的公告。 月二十五日的公告。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

## FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Company and its subsidiaries; setting objectives and business development plans; monitoring the performance of the senior management; and assuming responsibility for corporate governance. The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans established by the Board and reporting on the Group's operations to the Board on a regular basis to ensure effective performance of the Board's responsibilities.

The management provided all members of the Board with monthly updates in accordance with the code provision C.1.2 of the CG Code.

## DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Company's articles of association. All minutes of the Board meetings were recorded in sufficient detail of the matters considered by the Board and the decisions made.

#### 董事會及管理層職能

董事會之職責為制訂本公司及其附屬公司之策略性方向;訂立目標及業務發展計劃;監督高級管理層之表現及負責企業管治。管理層負責執行由董事會制訂之策略及計劃,及定時就本集團之運作向董事會報告以確保董事會之職責有效地執行。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第C.1.2條,管理層每月向董事會全體成員提供更新資訊。

#### 董事及高級職員的責任

本公司已為董事及高級職員安排適當的責任保險,覆蓋因公司活動而針對董事及高級管理層採取的任何法律行動。保險保障範圍每年檢討 一次。

#### 董事會會議

董事可親身或以本公司組織章程細則所訂明的 其他電子通訊方式出席會議。所有董事會會議 紀錄已詳細記錄董事會考慮之事宜及已達成之 決定。 Four regular board meetings were held during the Year. The attendance of individual Directors at these board 事出席董事會會議之情況如下: meetings were as follows:

董事會於本年度內舉行四次定期會議。個別董

Name 姓名		Number of regular board meetings attended/held 出席/舉行 定期的董事會 會議次數	Continuous professional development — Type of training (Note) 持續專業發展 — 培訓類型 (附註)
Executive Directors:	執行董事:		
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak	鄭偉德先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Liu Ka Wing	廖嘉榮先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Tse Ka Wing	謝家榮先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Chang Huan Chia (appointed on 25 September 2020)	張桓嘉先生(於二零二零年 九月二十五日獲委任)	1/1	А, В
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:		
Mr. Wong Yik Chung John	黃翼忠先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu	黃智超先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Li Shui Yan (resigned on 15 October 2020)	李瑞恩先生(於二零二零年 十月十五日辭任)	3/3	А, В
Mr. Kan Man Wai	簡文偉先生	4/4	A, B
Mr. Cho Chi Kong	曹志光先生	4/4	A, B
Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (appointed on 25 September 2020)	徐慧敏女士(於二零二零年 九月二十五日獲委任)	1/1	А, В

附註: Notes:

- attending training courses, seminars, workshops or in-house A٠ briefings or giving talks
- B: reading materials relating to laws and regulations, corporate governance, and other topics relevant to the Group's strategy and business
- 出席培訓課程、講座、工作坊或內部簡報會或進行演
- B: 閱讀有關法律及法規、企業管治以及其他與本集團策 略及業務相關的主題的資料

#### CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL **DEVELOPMENT**

According to the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all directors shall participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

#### 持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.6.5條,全體 董事將參與持續專業發展,發展及更新彼等的 知識及技能,確保彼等繼續在具備全面資訊及 切合所需的情況下對董事會作出項獻。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Group, together with its legal advisors, continuously update the Directors on the latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. The Company has received the Directors' training records for the Year, and a summary of training participated by the Directors during the Year is set out on page 25 of this annual report.

本集團連同其法律顧問持續更新董事有關GEM 上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新發展,以 確保合規及增強彼等對良好企業管治常規的意 識。本公司已收到董事本年度的培訓記錄,有 關董事於本年度參與培訓的概要載於本年報第 25頁。

## APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years.

In compliance with the code provision A.4.2 of the CG Code, all Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to election by the shareholders at the first general meeting after their appointment. By virtue of article 112 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director but the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In compliance with the code provision in A.4.2 of the CG Code, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Furthermore, pursuant to article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office.

#### 委任及重選董事

各獨立非執行董事與本公司已訂立委任書,為 期三年。

為符合企業管治守則的守則條文第A.4.2條,所有董事須最少每三年輪值退任一次。此外,根據本公司組織章程細則第108(a)條,在每一屆的股東週年大會上,當時三分之一(或倘人數立之一的數目)的董事須輪值退任,惟各董事(包括具特定委任年期的董事)須最少每三年輪值退任一次。退任董事合資格膺選連任。本公司可於董事退任的股東大會上填補臨時空缺。

By virtue of article 108 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

根據本公司組織章程細則第108條,廖嘉榮先生、黃翼忠先生及黃智超先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪席退任,且彼等符合資格並將願意重選連任。

Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen were appointed as an executive Director and an independent non-executive Director respectively with effect from 25 September 2020. In accordance with the article 112 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

張桓嘉先生及徐慧敏女士分別獲委任為執行董事及獨立非執行董事,自二零二零年九月二十五日起生效。根據本公司組織章程細則第112條,張桓嘉先生及徐慧敏女士將於應屆股東週年大會退任,且彼等符合資格並將願意重選連任。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### 獨立非執行董事

In compliance with Rules 5.05(1), 5.05(2) and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed five independent non-executive Directors, representing more than one-third of the Board and with at least one of whom having appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has received annual independence confirmation from each of the existing independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Board considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules for the Year.

為符合GEM上市規則第5.05(1)、第5.05(2)及第5.05A條,本公司已委任五名獨立非執行董事,比例超過董事會成員的三分之一,且彼等當中至少有一名擁有合適的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長。根據GEM上市規則第5.09條之規定,本公司已分別接獲各現任獨立非執行董事之年度獨立確認書。董事會認為根據GEM上市規則所載的獨立指引,所有獨立非執行董事本年度內均屬獨立。

## CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### 主席及行政總裁

According to the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁的職權應該分明,不應由同一人擔任。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the Year, Mr. Cheng Wai Tak ("Mr. Cheng") was the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer up to 24 September 2020. With Mr. Cheng's extensive experience in the industry, the Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person would provide the Company with strong and consistent leadership, allow for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies, and would be beneficial to the business prospects and management of the Group. Although Mr. Cheng performed both the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is clearly established. In general, the Chairman is responsible for supervising the functions and performance of the Board, while the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the management of the business of the Group. The two roles were performed by Mr. Cheng distinctly. The Board also considers that such management structure does not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and the management of the Company given the appropriate delegation of the power of the Board and the effective functions of the independent non-executive Directors. However, it is the long-term objective of the Company to have these two roles performed by separate individuals when suitable candidates are identified.

As disclosed above, with effect from 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Cheng has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Kan Man Wai, an independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as the acting Chairman in place of Mr. Cheng. The function of the Chief Executive Officer is shared among the management staff of the Company and other members of the Board.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established, with written terms of reference, three Board committees, namely audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties. The written terms of reference for each Board committee are in line with the GEM Listing Rules and are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, respectively.

於本年度,鄭偉德先生(「鄭先生」)曾為主席及 行政總裁直至二零二零年九月二十四日。因鄭 先生具有豐富的業內經驗,董事會相信向同一 人委以主席及行政總裁的職責,將可為本公司 提供強而統一的領導,令業務決策及策略在規 劃及實行時更加有效可取,且將對本集團的業 務前景及管理有利。儘管主席及行政總裁的角 色同時由鄭先生擔任,主席及行政總裁之間的 職權分工已清楚確立。總體而言,主席負責監 管董事會職能及表現,而行政總裁則負責管理 本集團業務。兩個職位均由鄭先生分別擔任。 董事會亦認為有關管理架構不會削弱董事會及 本公司管理層的權力及權限制衡,因為董事會 已有適當的權力分配,而且獨立非執行董事亦 能有效發揮職能。然而,在本公司的長遠目標 中,一旦物色到適當人選,兩個職位將會由不 同人士分別擔當。

誠如上文所披露,自二零二零年九月二十五日 起,待呈請的法律程序得出結果之前,鄭先生 已暫停執行董事、主席及行政總裁的職務。獨 立非執行董事簡文偉先生已獲委任為代理主 席,以接替鄭先生。行政總裁之功能由本公司 之管理人員及其他董事會成員分擔。

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個董事會委員會,分別為審核 委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,並定有書 面職責條款,以監管本公司特定方面的事務。 本公司為董事會委員會提供足夠資源以履行其 職務。各董事會委員會的書面職責條款符合 GEM上市規則,並可分別於聯交所及本公司網 站查閱。

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision C.3 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, who has the appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise and serves as the chairperson of the audit committee, Mr. Cho Chi Kong and Mr. Kan Man Wai.

The primary duties of the audit committee are (but without limitation) to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting process and internal control and to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The audit committee held four meetings during the Year. Its composition and attendance of individual members at these audit committee meetings are as follows:

#### Members of the audit committee

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Note 1)

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (Note 2)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (Note 3)

Mr. Li Shui Yan (Note 3)

#### 審核委員會成員

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Mr. Kan Man Wai

Note 1: Appointed as the chairperson and a member of the audit committee on 25 September 2020.

Note 2: Ceased to be the chairman and a member of the audit committee on 25 September 2020.

Note 3: Ceased to be a member of the audit committee on 25 September 2020.

#### 審核委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立審核委 員會,其書面職責條款符合GEM上市規則第 5.28條及企業管治守則的守則條文第C.3條規 定。於本報告日期,審核委員會由三名獨立非 執行董事組成,由具備合適會計及相關財務管 理專長的徐慧敏女士出任審核委員會主席,其 餘成員為曹志光先生及簡文偉先生。

審核委員會的主要職責為(但不限於)協助董事 會,就本公司財務申報過程及內部監控,以及 檢討本公司的風險管理及內部控制系統的有效 程度向其提供獨立意見,並監管審核過程以及 進行董事會委派之其他職責及責任。

審核委員會於本年度內舉行四次會議。其成員 及個別成員於該等審核委員會會議之出席率如 下:

> Number of audit committee meetinas attended/held 出席/舉行的 審核委員會 會議次數

> > 1/1

曹志光先生 4/4 簡文偉先生 4/4 黃翼忠先生(附註2) 3/3

徐慧敏女士(附註1)

黄智超先生(附註3) 3/3 李瑞恩先生(附註3) 3/3

> 附註1:於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任為審核委員會主 席及成員。

> 附註2: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任審核委員會主席及 成員。

附註3: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任審核委員會成員。

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#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the Year, the audit committee reviewed the Company's annual financial statements, annual results announcement, interim and quarterly results announcements and reports; discussed and reviewed the internal control and risk management systems of the Group; reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function; met with the independent external auditors and reviewed report from the independent external auditors regarding their audit on annual financial statements.

於本年度內,審核委員會審閱本公司之年度財務報表、年度業績公告、中期及季度業績公告 及報告;討論及檢討本集團之內部監控及風險 管理系統;檢討本公司的內部審核職能的有效 性;會見獨立外部核數師及審閱獨立外部核數 師關於其審核年度財務報表之報告。

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision B.1 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the remuneration committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Kan Man Wai, who serves as the chairman of the remuneration committee, Mr. Cho Chi Kong and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen.

The primary duties of the remuneration committee include (but without limitation): (i) making recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) determining the terms of the specific remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management; and (iii) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

During the Year, the remuneration committee held six meetings for, inter alia, reviewing the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, assessing performance of executive Directors, approving the terms of executive Directors' service contracts and making recommendations to the Board regarding the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management, as well as the director's fee of the new independent Director. The remuneration committee was satisfied with the existing arrangement and did not make recommendation to the Board on any change of such policy and structure.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立薪酬委員會,其書面職責條款符合企業管治守則的守則條文第B.1條。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,簡文偉先生出任薪酬委員會的主席,其餘成員為曹志光先生及徐慧敏女士。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於):(i)就一切董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及制訂正式及透明的薪酬政策訂立程序,向董事會提供推薦意見:(ii)釐定董事及高級管理層特定薪酬配套之條款:及(iii)按照董事會不時決議的企業目標及方針審閱及批核按表現釐定的薪酬。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了六次會議,以 (其中包括)審閱所有董事及高級管理層的薪酬 政策及架構、評估執行董事的表現、批准執行 董事服務合約的條款、以及就執行董事及高級 管理層的薪酬組合,以及新獨立董事之袍金, 向董事會建議。薪酬委員會信納現有安排及概 無就任何變更該等政策及架構而向董事會提出 推薦建議。

Number of remuneration committee meetings attended/held 出席/舉行的薪酬委員會會議次數

Members of the remuneration committee

薪酬委員會成員

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Note 1)	簡文偉先生(附註1)	6/6
Mr. Cho Chi Kong	曹志光先生	6/6
Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Note 4)	徐慧敏女士(附註4)	2/2
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (Note 2)	黃智超先生(附註2)	4/4
Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (Note 3)	黃翼忠先生(附註3)	4/4
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (Note 3)	鄭偉德先生(附註3)	4/4

- Note 1: Appointed as the chairman of the remuneration committee on M註1:於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任為薪酬委員會主 25 September 2020. 席。
- Note 2: Ceased to be the chairman and a member of the remuneration M註2: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任薪酬委員會主席及 committee on 25 September 2020. 成員。
- Note 3: Ceased to be a member of the remuneration committee on 附註3: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任薪酬委員會成員。 25 September 2020.
- Note 4: Appointed as a member of the remuneration committee on 25 附註4: 於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任為薪酬委員會成 September 2020.

## REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Each of the Directors will receive a fee which is subject to an annual adjustment at a rate to be reviewed by the remuneration committee and be determined at the discretion of the Board. The Company's policy concerning the remuneration of the Directors is that the amount of remuneration is determined by reference to the relevant Director's experience, responsibilities, workload and time devoted to the Group. The Group has adopted incentive bonus schemes and continues to maintain these schemes in order to align the financial well-being of the Group with that of the employees, and to retain the Directors and staff of high caliber.

The executive Directors are also the senior management of the Company. Details of the remuneration of executive Directors for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in Note 32(a) to the audited consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report.

#### 董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策

各董事所收取的費用會作出年度調整,比率由薪酬委員會審閱及董事會酌情決定。本公司的董事薪酬政策,是參考有關董事的經驗、職責、工作量及為本集團付出的時間而釐定薪酬。本集團採用獎勵花紅計劃,且會繼續沿用有關計劃,使本集團在財務上的利益與僱員的利益一致,以及挽留董事及高質素員工。

執行董事亦為本公司高級管理層。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度執行董事薪酬詳情載於本年報內經審核綜合財務報表附註32(a)。

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision A.5 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the nomination committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Cho Chi Kong, who serves as chairman of the nomination committee, Mr. Kan Man Wai and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen.

The primary functions of the nomination committee include making recommendations to the Board to fill vacancies on the same, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors and reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board.

During the Year, the nomination committee held three meetings for, inter alia, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and board diversity policy, discussing matters regarding the retirement and reelection of Directors and succession planning for directors and assessment of the independence of independent nonexecutive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment of new executive Director and independent non-executive Director.

#### 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立提名委 員會,其書面職責條款符合企業管治守則的守 則條文第A.5條。於本報告日期,提名委員會由 三名獨立非執行董事組成,曹志光先生出任提 名委員會的主席,其餘成員為簡文偉先生及徐 慧敏女士。

提名委員會的主要職責包括向董事會推薦人 選,以填補董事會空缺,評估獨立非執行董事 的獨立性及檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成。

於本年度內,提名委員會已舉行三次會議,以 (其中包括)審閱董事會的架構、規模及組成及 董事會成員多元化政策,討論有關董事退任及 重選的事宜及董事的承替計劃及評估獨立非執 行董事之獨立性以及就委任新執行董事及獨立 非執行董事事宜向董事會提出建議。

Members of the nomination committee

nomination committee meetings attended/held 出席/舉行的 提名委員會 會議次數

Number of

#### 提名委員會成員

曹志光先生(附註1) Mr. Cho Chi Kong (Note 1) 3/3 Mr. Kan Man Wai 簡文偉先生 3/3 Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Note 4) 徐慧敏女士(附註4) **—/—** Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (Note 2) 鄭偉德先生(附註2) 3/3 Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (Note 3) 黄翼忠先生(附許3) 3/3 Mr. Li Shui Yan (Note 3) 李瑞恩先生(附註3) 3/3

- Note 1: Appointed as the chairman of the nomination committee on
- 25 September 2020.
- Note 2: Ceased to be the chairman and a member of the nomination committee on 25 September 2020.
- Note 3: Ceased to be a member of the nomination committee on 25 September 2020.
- Note 4: Appointed as a member of the nomination committee on 25 September 2020.
- 附註1:於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任為提名委員會主
- 附註2: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任提名委員會主席及
- 附註3: 於二零二零年九月二十五日卸任提名委員會成員。
- 附註4: 於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任為提名委員會成 ⊟ ∘

## POLICY FOR NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company's policy for the nomination of Directors (the "Nomination Policy") was adopted by the Company pursuant to Board resolutions. The nomination committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy and will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval. The Nomination Policy is set out as follows:

#### 1. Objective

This policy sets out the criteria and procedures to be adopted when considering candidates to be appointed or re-elected as Directors.

#### 2. Nomination Criteria

The nomination committee shall consider the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorship:

- Character and integrity;
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board;
- Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- Requirement for the Board to have independent non-executive directors in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules; and
- Such other perspectives as are appropriate to the Company's business or as suggested by the Board.

#### 董事提名政策

本公司提名董事的政策(「提名政策」)由本公司 根據董事會決議案採納。提名委員會將適時審 閱提名政策,以確保提名政策的有效性並將討 論可能需要的任何修訂,以及向董事會建議任 何該等修訂,供其考慮及審批。提名政策載列 如下:

#### 1. 目的

本政策載列於考慮將委任或重選為董事的 候選人時將採納的準則及步驟。

#### 2. 提名準則

提名委員會於評估及甄選董事候選人時將 考慮下列準則:

- 品格及誠信;
- 有關本公司業務及企業策略的專業 資格、技術、知識及經驗等資格;
- 願意投放充分時間履行作為董事會 成員的職責;
- 就達致董事會多元化所採納的董事 會多元化政策及任何可計量的目標;
- 根據GEM上市規則規定董事會須設 有獨立非執行董事,而候選人的獨 立性將參考GEM上市規則所載獨立 性指引而定;及
- 適用於本公司業務或由董事會建議 的有關其他方面。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### 3. Nomination Process

#### 3.1. Nomination by the nomination committee

- 3.1.1 The nomination committee reviews the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board periodically and makes recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- 3.1.2 When it is necessary to fill a causal vacancy or appoint an additional director, the nomination committee identifies or selects candidates recommended to the committee, with or without assistance from external agencies or the Company, pursuant to the "Nomination Criteria" set out above;
- 3.1.3 If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the nomination committee shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable);
- 3.1.4 The nomination committee makes recommendation to the Board including the terms and conditions of the appointment; and
- 3.1.5 The Board deliberates and decides on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the nomination committee.

#### 3. 提名程序

#### 3.1. 由提名委員會提名

- 3.1.1 提名委員會定期審閱董事會架 構、規模及組成(包括技能、 知識及經驗),並就董事會的 任何建議變動作出推薦建議, 以配合本公司的企業策略;
- 3.1.2 當需要填補臨時空缺或委任新 增董事時,提名委員會根據上 文所載的「提名準則」物色或挑 選委員會獲舉薦的候選人(可 尋求外部代理或本公司協助);
- 3.1.3 倘過程選出一名或以上的理想 候選人,提名委員會將根據本 公司的需要及各候選人的資歷 查核(如適用),按優先次序排 列;
- 3.1.4 提名委員會向董事會作出包括 委聘條款及條件在內的推薦建 議:及
- 3.1.5 董事會根據提名委員會的推薦 建議商議及決定有關委聘。

## 3.2. Re-election of Director at Annual General Meeting

- 3.2.1 In accordance with the Company's articles of association, every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting;
- 3.2.2 The nomination committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director. The nomination committee shall also review the expertise and professional qualifications of the retiring director who offered himself/herself for re-election at the annual general meeting, to determine whether such director continues to meet the "Nomination Criteria" as set out above; and
- 3.2.3 Based on the review made by nomination committee, the Board shall make recommendations to shareholders on candidates standing for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company, and provide the available biographical information of the retiring director in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules to enable shareholders to make informed decisions on the re-election of such candidates at annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 3.3 Nomination by Shareholders

The shareholders of the Company may propose a person for election as a director in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and applicable law. For more details, please refer to the section in Company's website "Investor Relations — Corporate governance — Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as director".

#### 3.2. 於股東週年大會重選董事

- 3.2.1 根據本公司的組織章程細則, 每名董事須至少每三年輪值退 任一次,並有資格於各股東週 年大會上重撰連任:
- 3.2.2 提名委員會將審閱退任董事對本公司作出的整體貢獻及服務。提名委員會亦將審閱願意於股東週年大會重選連任的退任董事的專長及專業資格,以釐定該董事是否繼續符合上文所載的「提名準則」;及
- 3.2.3 董事會將根據提名委員會的審閱,就於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任的候選人向股東作出推薦建議,並根據GEM上市規則提供退任董事的可得履歷資料,以使股東能夠就該等候選人於本公司股東週年大會上重選連任作出知情決定。

#### 3.3 由股東提名

本公司股東可根據本公司組織章程 大綱及細則及適用法律建議人士參 選董事。更多詳情,請參閱本公司 網站「投資者資訊 一 企業管治 一 股東提名人選參選董事的程序」一 節。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Diversity Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Pursuant to the Diversity Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of aspects, including (but not limited to) gender, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and educational background. All appointments of the Board members will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board.

Current Board members have varied educational backgrounds and expertises, diverse perspectives and competencies in areas which are relevant and valuable to the Group, including accounting, corporate finance, strategic planning, business development and management. With the appointment of Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen as an independent non-executive Director during the Year, the Board currently has one female Director, and the Board will take opportunities to increase the proportion of female members over time as and when suitable candidates are identified.

The nomination committee will review the Diversity Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness. The Board will also consider setting measurable objectives to implement the Diversity Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure its appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「多元化政策」),其載有達至董事會成員多元化的方法。本公司深信董事會成員多元化對提升本公司的表現素質裨益良多。根據多元化政策,本公司透過考慮多個範疇,包括(但不限於)性別、地區及行業經驗、技能、知識及教育背景,務求達致董事會成員多元化。全體董事會成員多元化,將按客觀條件考慮候選人。

現時董事會成員有不同教育背景和專業知識, 具備多元視野及於本集團相關及關鍵領域具有 相應的能力,包括會計、企業融資、戰略規劃、 業務發展及管理。徐慧敏女士於本年度獲委任 為獨立非執行董事後,董事會目前有一名女性 董事,而董事會將把握機會,於日後物色到合 適的人選時,增加女性成員的比例。

提名委員會將審閱多元化政策(如適用),以確保其成效。董事會將考慮制定可計量目標,以實行多元化政策,並不時審閱該等目標,確保其合適度及確定達成該等目標的進度。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include (a) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board; (b) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries; (c) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors and its subsidiaries: (e) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosures in the corporate governance report of the Company required to be prepared pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules; and (f) considering, reviewing and deciding any other topics as authorised by the Board.

During the Year, the Board reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of its corporate governance policy.

#### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

## Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements and are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of the external auditors in financial reporting are set out in the independent auditor's report attached to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 in this annual report.

#### 企業管治職能

於本年度內,董事會已審閱及討論本集團的企業管治政策,並信納其企業管治政策的成效。

#### 問責性及審核

#### 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表的責任

所有董事均確認其有責任就每一個財政期間編製本集團綜合財務報表,以真實公平地反映本集團的事務狀況及於該期間的業績及現金流量。董事在編製綜合財務報表時繼續採用持續經營基準,並不知悉任何重大不明朗因素,其涉及可能對本公司的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事件或狀況。

外聘核數師對財務匯報的責任載於獨立核數師報告,其附於本年報內的本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

For the Year, the remuneration paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers in respect of audit and non-audit services provided is set out below:

#### 核數師酬金

本年度,就所提供的審計及非審計服務已付或 應付予羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的酬金載列如 下:

Services rendered 所提供服務

Remuneration paid/payable 已付/應付酬金 HK\$'000

千港元

Audit services Non-audit services - tax compliance services

material misstatement or loss.

審計服務 非審計服務 800

- 税務合規服務

77

Total

總計

877

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL **CONTROL SYSTEMS**

#### The Board acknowledges its responsibility to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems in order to safeguard the Group's assets and investments and the shareholders' interest. The Board oversees the overall risk management of the Group and endeavors to identify, control impact of the identified risks and facilitate implementation of coordinated mitigating measures. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against

#### The Group has established a risk management policy setting out the process of identification, evaluation and management of the principal risks affecting the business. Each division is responsible for identifying, assessing and managing risks within its divisions, identifying and assessing the principal risks on a quarterly basis with mitigation plans to manage those risks. The management is responsible for overseeing the risk management and internal control activities of the Group, attending quarterly meetings with each divisions to ensure principal risks are properly managed and new or changing risks are identified and documented. Lastly, the Board is responsible for reviewing and approving the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

#### 風險管理及內部監控系統

董事會清楚維持有效的風險管理及內部監控系 統的責任,以保障本集團的資產及投資以及股 東利益。董事會監督本集團的整體風險管理, 並力求識別及控制已知風險的影響,促進執行 協調緩解措施。該風險管理及內部監控系統旨 在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而 且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合 理而非絕對的保證。

本集團已建立風險管理政策,列明影響業務的 主要風險之識別、評估及管理程序。各部門負 責 識別、評定及管理內部風險,按季度定期識 別及評定主要風險,並設計減緩風險計劃以控 制有關風險;管理層負責監督本集團的風險管 理及內部監控活動,參加按季度定期與各部門 進行的會議,藉此確保主要風險得到妥善管 理,而新增或變化中的風險已得到識別且記錄 在案。最後,董事會負責審閱及核准本集團風 險管理及內部監控系統的有效性及足夠性。

The risk management framework, coupled with the Group's internal controls, ensures that the risks associated with different divisions are effectively controlled in line with the Group's risk appetite.

The risk management report was submitted to the audit committee and the Board for review.

The Group does not have an internal audit function within itself. Nevertheless the Company engaged an external consultant, CT Partners Consultants Limited ("CT Partners"), to carry out internal audit function and had during the Year conducted review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The review covered, inter alia, the internal control systems over the inventory cycle and the purchase, payment and accounts payable cycle of the Group, and the external consultant made recommendations for improving the Group's internal control systems. The internal control review report was submitted to the audit committee and the Board for review. The audit committee has requested the management to follow up with the recommendations of the external consultant to remedy control issues identified and to further improve the Group's internal control system.

During the Year, the Company has also implemented the following internal control measures:

- (a) The officers of the Group will cross check the counterparty with the list of connected persons updated on a monthly basis to identify potential connected transaction.
- The Company has adopted a new material (b) transactions authorisation policy and procedures (the "Policy") to supplement the Group's internal control policies, which include (i) implementing additional authorisation procedures by setting different thresholds on the amount of all transactions with specific authorisation requirements; (ii) preparing monthly reports with details of the transactions above certain thresholds for the Board and the audit committee's review to identify if there is any irregularity or doubtful transaction; and (iii) providing ad hoc training to the Group employees to ensure they are familiar with the Policy. The Company has engaged CT Partners, an independent internal control consultant, to evaluate the effectiveness and review the implementation and enforcement of the Policy.

風險管理框架,建同本集團的內部監控,確保 與不同部門有關的風險得到有效控制至與本集 團的風險承受能力一致。

風險管理報告已呈交予審核委員會及董事會以 供審閱。

本集團並無內部審核職能部門。然而,本公司聘用外部顧問CT Partners Consultants Limited (「CT Partners」)以進行擬定審核職能,於本年度已對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統成選進行檢討。有關檢討涵蓋(其中包括)本集實過期、採購、付款及應付賬款週期的內部監控系統,而外聘顧問就改善本集團的內部監控系統作出推薦意見。內部監控檢討報告已呈交賣會已要求管理層跟進外部顧問作出的推薦意見,以補救已知的監控問題及進一步改善內部監控系統。

於本年度,本公司亦已實施以下內部監控措施:

- (a) 本集團的高級人員將按每月更新的關連人 士名單,核對交易對手,識別潛在關連交 易。
- (b) 本公司已採納新的重大交易授權政策及程序(「政策」),以補足本集團的內部監控政策,包括(i)就所有有特定授權額外的授權。 金額設定不同的門檻,以實施額於特定程序;(ii)每月編製報告,載有高於特定程序,供董事會及審核委員之時,以確定是否有任何違規或可關,以確定是否有任何違規或可訓,以確定是否有任何違規時別時需以以來主團僱員提供特別時獨立內內。 按顧問CT Partners評估政策的成效及檢討其實施及執行情況。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of accounting and financial reporting functions. After having conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, the Board has reached the conclusion that the Group's risk management and internal control systems were in place, effective and adequate. The Board will review and assess the risk management and internal control systems at least once a year.

董事會對維持充足的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓項目、會計及財務報告職能預算負有全責。對風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行檢討後,董事會已達成結論,本集團已建立有效及足夠的風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會每年至少進行一次風險管理及內部監控系統之評估。

The Company has established a whistle-blowing policy and system for employees of the Group to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and other matters. No significant areas of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance, controls and risk management of the Group have been identified.

本公司已為本集團僱員訂立一項舉報政策及系統以識別有關財務報告、內部監控及其他事宜 之潛在不當行為。概無識別可能影響本集團財 務、營運、合規、監控及風險管理的重要關注 事項。

With respect to the monitoring and disclosure of inside information, the Company has adopted a policy on disclosure of inside information, with an aim to ensure that the insiders abide by the confidentiality requirement and fulfill the disclosure obligation of inside information. The policy describes clearly the decision trees to identify inside information and take necessary actions. Employees and other relevant parties are required to keep inside information in strict confidence. The Group is committed to ensure that information contained in announcements are not false or misleading, or false or misleading through omission of a material fact in view of presenting information in a clear and balanced way, which requires equal disclosure of both positive and negative facts.

有關內幕消息之監視及披露,本公司已採納內幕消息披露政策,旨在確保內部人士遵守保納內事消息披露政策,当在確保內部責任。政策清制息及採取所需採取行動之決策樹。僱員及其他相關方須對內幕消息嚴單不數之之。本集團亦致力確保公告中所載的資料的資際。本集團亦致力確保公告中所載的資料等。個或具誤導性,以清晰和均衡的式披露正反兩面的事實。

## COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

# The Company aims to provide its shareholders and investors with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency. The Board is committed to providing clear and detailed information of the Group to its shareholders in a timely manner and on a regular basis, through the publication of quarterly, interim and annual reports and/or

dispatching circulars, notices, and other announcements.

#### 與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司旨在向其股東及投資者提供高水平的披露及財政透明度。董事會致力透過刊發季度、中期及年度報告及/或寄發通函、通知及其他公告,及時及定期為股東提供清晰詳盡有關本集團的資訊。

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Company's shareholders. The Chairman of the Board and other members of the respective committees are available to answer questions from the shareholders at the general meeting. The Company recognises the importance of maintaining on-going communications with the shareholders and encourages them to attend general meetings to stay informed of the Group's businesses and convey any concerns they may have to the Directors and senior management.

本公司的股東大會為董事會與本公司股東提供 溝通平台。董事會主席及各委員會的其他成員 將出席股東大會以解答股東提問。本公司明白 與股東維持溝通的重要性,並鼓勵股東出席股 東大會,以得到關於本集團業務的資訊,並向 董事及高級管理層提出彼等的關注。

The Company maintains a website at http://www.perfect-optronics.com where extensive information and updates on the Company's financial information, corporate governance practices and other useful information are posted and available for access by the public investors.

本公司設有網站(網址為http://www.perfectoptronics.com),網站內載有大量資訊,亦有關 於本公司財務資料、企業管治常規及其他有用 資料的更新資訊,可供公眾投資者查閱。

#### 2020 General meeting

#### At the annual general meeting held on 7 May 2020, separate resolutions were proposed by the chairman in respect of each separate issue, including the re-election of directors and voted by way of poll. The Company announced the results of the poll in the manner prescribed under the GEM Listing Rules. The then chairman of each of the Board, audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee attended the annual general meeting held in 2020 to ensure effective communication with shareholders of the Company. Except for Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen who were appointed after the annual general meeting for 2020, all Directors attended the annual general meeting held in 2020.

#### 二零二零年股東大會

於二零二零年五月七日舉行之股東週年大會 上,主席就各獨立事項,包括重選董事,提呈 獨立決議案,並以投票方式表決。本公司根據 GEM上市規則規定之方式宣佈投票結果。各時 任董事會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會主席已出席二零二零年舉行的股東週年大 會,確保與本公司股東作出有效溝通。除於二 零二零年股東週年大會後獲委任的張桓嘉先生 及徐慧敏女士外,所有董事均已出席於二零二 零年舉行的股東週年大會。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put forward proposal at general meetings

Pursuant to Article 64 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up

#### 股東權益

#### 股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈建 議的程序

根據本公司組織章程細則第64條,董事會可在 其認為適當的任何時候召開股東特別大會。倘 一名或多名於提交請求日期合共持有不少於本 公司有權於股東大會上投票的繳足資本十分之 一的股東提交請求,亦可召開股東特別大會。 該請求須以書面形式向本公司董事會或本公司

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

capital of the Company with voting rights in the general meetings attached thereto. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

秘書(「公司秘書」)提交,以要求董事會召開股東特別大會,處理該請求所註明的任何事項。該會議須於提交該請求後兩個月內舉行。倘董事會未能於提交該請求後21天內召開該會議,則請求人可自行以同樣方式召開會議,而請求人因董事會未能召開會議而產生的所有合理開支將由本公司向請求人作出補償。

Article 113 of the articles of association of the Company provides that no person other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registered office. The period for lodgment of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days. The written notice must state that person's biographical details as required by Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules. The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as director is posted on the Company's website.

## SHAREHOLDERS' ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary by mail to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong. The Company Secretary forwards communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and complaints, to the executive Directors.

#### 股東向董事會的查詢

股東可向董事會提出彼等的查詢及疑問,方法 為郵寄至本公司的香港主要辦事處,註明收件 人為公司秘書。公司秘書會將與董事會負責之 事宜有關的通訊轉交董事會,而有關日常業務 事宜之通訊(例如建議、查詢及投訴)則會轉交 執行董事。 Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company. 股東亦可於本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查詢。

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

# The Company Secretary, Mr. Tse Ka Wing ("Mr. Tse"), is an employee of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 26 March 2015. He reports to the acting Chairman and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters. The biographical details of Mr. Tse are set out under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

During the Year, Mr. Tse has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there was no change to the Company's constitutional documents.

#### DIVIDEND POLICY

Under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, dividends may be paid out of the profits of the Company, or subject to solvency of the Company, out of sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by Directors.

Declaration and recommendation of payment of dividends of the Company is subject to the approval of the Directors, depending on results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects, and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors may consider relevant from time to time. Any future declaration, recommendation and payment of dividends of the Company may or may not reflect the historical declarations and payments of dividends and will be at the absolute discretion of the Directors. The Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio.

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書謝家榮先生(「謝先生」)為本公司僱員。彼於二零一五年三月二十六日起獲委任為執行董事。彼向代理主席匯報,負責就企業管治事項向董事會提出建議。謝先生的個人資料載列於「董事及高級管理層個人資料」一節。

於本年度內,謝先生按照GEM上市規則第5.15 條進行不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

#### 憲章文件

於本年度內,本公司之憲章文件概無變動。

#### 股息政策

根據開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程大綱及細則,股息可由本公司溢利中撥付,或於本公司有力償還債務的情況下,由本公司股份溢價賬的進賬額撥付。然而,概無股息可超過董事所建議的金額。

宣派及推薦派付本公司股息須得到董事批准,視乎營運業績、營運資金、財務狀況、未來前景及資本要求以及董事不時可能認為相關的任何其他因素。未來宣派、推薦及派付任何本公司股息,未必是過往所宣派及派付的股息的反映,並將由董事全權酌情決定。本公司並無任何預定派息比率。

#### ABOUT THE REPORT

Sustainable development has received increasing attention from our stakeholders. The Group reaffirms its commitment to measure, manage and report its performance on environmental and social aspects in order to bear its share of social responsibility in progressing towards sustainable development. This is the Group's fifth Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report, addressing all relevant material issues and fairly presenting ESG performance of the Group and its environmental impacts.

The report aims to be plain, clear and easy-to-read. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") acknowledges its responsibility to ensure the integrity of the ESG report and confirms that it has reviewed and approved the report.

#### Reporting Guide

This ESG report is prepared in compliance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 20 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The reporting principles of Materiality, Quantitative, Balance, and Consistency underpinned the preparation of this ESG report. Data in this report are checked and analysed to account for year-on-year changes and are presented in a way that allows for meaningful comparison.

#### Reporting Boundary and Period

This report covers all operations of the Group and describes its initiatives and progress in respect of ESG aspects for the year from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020. Additional information pertaining to our sustainability performance, including comprehensive financial information and data, can be found in this annual report.

#### 關於本報告

我們的持份者對可持續發展日益關注。本集團重申其對衡量、管理及報告其環境及社會方面表現的承諾,以承擔應負的社會責任,朝著可持續發展不斷前進。此乃本集團第五份環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告,涵蓋所有相關實質性議題,並公允地呈現本集團的環境、社會及管治表現及其環境影響。

本報告力求平實、清晰及易讀。本公司董事會 (「董事會」)深諳其確保環境、社會及管治報告 真實性的責任,並確認其已審閱及通過本報告。

#### 報告指引

本環境、社會及管治報告乃遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)的GEM證券上市規則附錄二十所載之環境、社會及管治報告指引而編製。本環境、社會及管治報告的編製以重要性、量化、平衡及一致的申報原則為基準。本報告內的數據已作核查及分析,以説明按年變動,並以可有意義的比較方式呈列。

#### 報告範圍及期限

本報告涵蓋本集團所有業務及説明其有關二零 二零年一月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度環境、社會及管治方面的計劃及進展。 有關我們的可持續發展表現的其他資料,包括 全面的財務資料及數據,已載於本年報中。

#### ESG MANAGEMENT APPROACH

The Group is principally engaged in trading, development and sale of display and optics products and related electronic components. The Group also processes some of the products which it sells.

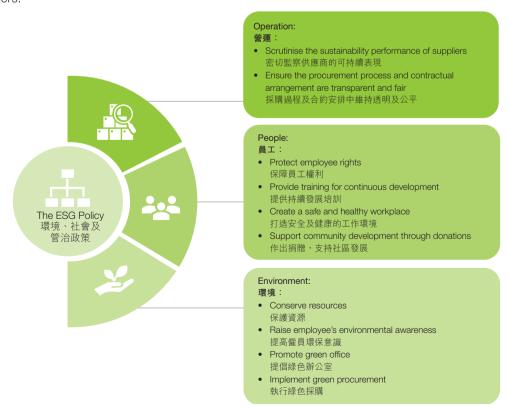
The Group has a well-established governance structure and internal policy and continues to effectively manage its ESG performance. The Group's ESG working group consisting of senior management is the core unit for ESG management. Through regular reporting, the Board is kept fully informed of the Group's ESG-related actions and programmes.

Striving to be a responsible corporate citizen, the Group has incorporated environmental and social considerations into its operations and strategic decision-making process. Our operations are governed by the ESG policy, covering operations, the environment and people related issues. In addition, the Group has been disclosing its ESG performance to the public through the annual ESG report since we published our first ESG report for the year ended 31 December 2016. This report also enables us to regularly review our actions and strive to increase positive impacts and reduce the negative impacts on our stakeholders.

#### 環境、社會及管治管理方法

本集團主要從事顯示及光學產品及相關電子部件的貿易、開發及銷售。本集團亦就若干銷售的產品進行加工。

本集團設有完善的管治架構和內部政策,持續 有效地管理其環境、社會及管治表現。本集團 的環境、社會及管治工作小組由高級管理層組 成,是環境、社會及管治管理的核心單位。董 事會獲得定期報告,充分瞭解本集團與環境、 社會及管治相關的行動和計劃。



#### Stakeholder Engagement

The Group's success hinges on its relationships with key stakeholder groups. We have nurtured close ties with our stakeholders through diversified communication channels to extensively and thoroughly understand their priorities and concerns.

The Group has an extensive network of stakeholders, including shareholders and investors, employees, customers, suppliers and sub-contractors, government and community. The followings are the stakeholder communication channels and topics of their concern.

#### 持份者參與

本集團的成功有賴於與主要持份者的關係。我們以多元化的溝通渠道與持份者建立了密切的聯繫,以廣泛和徹底地瞭解他們視為優先的事項和關注事宜。

本集團擁有廣泛的持份者網絡,包括股東和投資者、僱員、客戶、供應商和分包商、政府和社區。以下是持份者的溝通渠道和彼等關注的議題。

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerned Issues 關注事項	Engagement Channels 溝通渠道	Corresponding Chapters 相關章節
Shareholders and Investors 股東和投資者	<ul> <li>Corporate governance 企業管治</li> <li>Risk management 風險管理</li> <li>Operations and strategy 經營及策略</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual general meeting 股東週年大會</li> <li>Corporate reporting 企業報告</li> </ul>	Annual Report 年報
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Welfare and benefits 福利及利益</li> <li>Training and development 培訓及發展</li> <li>Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reporting channels 報告渠道</li> <li>Meetings 會議</li> <li>Trainings 培訓</li> </ul>	Our People 我們的員工
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Product responsibility 產品責任</li> <li>Data privacy 數據私隱</li> </ul>	• Grievance channels 申訴渠道	Operating Practices 經營常規
Suppliers and Sub-contractors 供應商和分包商	<ul> <li>Product and service quality 產品及服務質素</li> <li>Business ethics 商業道德</li> </ul>	• Regular meetings 定期會議	Operating Practices 經營常規

Stakeholders	Concerned Issues	Engagement Channels	Corresponding Chapters
持份者	關注事項	溝通渠道	相關章節
The Government 政府	<ul> <li>Taxation compliance 税務合規</li> <li>Regulatory compliance 監管合規</li> <li>Business ethics 商業道德</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法律及法規</li> <li>Responses to government policies 響應政府政策</li> </ul>	Operating Practices; Environmental Management 經營常規; 環境管理
Community	<ul> <li>Community investment 社區投資</li> </ul>	• Donations	Our People
社區		捐款	我們的員工

#### **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### Supply Chain Management

The Coronavirus Disease 2019 (the "COVID-19") pandemic has exposed the fragility of global supply chains, posing operational risks to industries. To ensure reliable supply of high-quality products, the Group has maintained stable and long-term relationships with its suppliers as well as processing service providers. Our product quality is guaranteed as we continuously engage with our sub-contractors for processing display components upon procurement.

Suppliers and processing service providers are selected in accordance with our standards and are evaluated regularly. The criteria include price quote, quality, service and reputation. Integrity management of supplier candidates in social and environmental aspects is also taken into consideration.

#### 經營常規

#### 供應鏈管理

2019冠狀病毒病(「2019冠狀病毒病」)疫情揭露 全球供應鏈的脆弱程度,對各行各業均構成經 營風險。為確保優質產品有可靠供應,本集團 與供應商及加工服務供應商保持長期穩定的關 係。我們在採購顯示器零部件後,不斷與分包 商溝通,藉此確保產品質量。

我們根據其標準選擇供應商及加工服務供應 商,並定期進行評估。準則包括報價、質量、服 務和信譽,亦考慮候選供應商在社會和環境方 面的誠信管理。

#### SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT 供應鏈管理 Suppliers · Make supplier agreements based on our requirements on product quality 供應商 and delivery inspection 供應商協議列明產品標準及驗收貨品的規定 Receive product samples and specifications for inspection 獲提供產品樣本及規格以作檢視 Request product replenishment or exchange for any quality problems 就任何質量問題要求補貨或換貨 • Sign process contracts to achieve high yield rates for our products Processing that meet our standards Service Providers 簽立加工合約以確保產品保持高優良率,並符合我們的標準 加工服務供應商 • Evaluate performance of our processing service providers on a regular basis 定期檢討加工服務供應商的表現 Customers • Receive feedback from customers through our grievance resolution 客戶 經申訴解決機制獲得客戶的反饋 Preserve security and confidentiality of customer privacy 保障客戶私隱的安全性及機密性 · Protect customer information against improper disclosure, misuse or unauthorised use, loss, damage or corruption 保護客戶信息,以防出現不正當披露、濫用或盜用、損失、損壞或貪污

The Group encourages its suppliers and processing service providers to share management approaches on product responsibility, human rights and environmental protection. Our major suppliers look forward to achieving long-term development goals regarding social responsibilities of their business operations.

本集團鼓勵其供應商及加工服務供應商分享對 產品責任、人權及環保的管理手法。我們的主 要供應商期望在其業務營運方面達成關於社會 責任的長遠發展目標。

Customer privacy is upheld by adhering to all applicable laws and regulations<sup>1</sup> and we clearly communicate the confidentiality agreement to our employees. During the year, the Group complied with all relevant laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters concerning products and services provided.

本集團嚴格遵守所有適用法律及法規1,保障客戶私隱,而我們亦清楚地向僱員交代保密協議的內容。年內,本集團遵守所有有關提供產品和服務的健康及安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜的相關法律法規。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>1</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### Customer Satisfaction

The Group strives to maintain customer satisfaction through frequent communication. We aim to enhance product quality and customer services by providing technical support and resources promptly to meet their needs.

We have been engaging with our customers regarding their requirements on product quality. Under our grievance resolution mechanism, customers can provide their valued feedback in case of any product quality related issues. Responsible personnel record the matter of concern for further follow-up actions, listing the name, application and quantity of relevant products.

#### 客戶滿意度

本集團與客戶頻密溝通,致力保持客戶的滿意 度。我們及時提供技術支援和資源以滿足客戶 的需求,旨在提升產品質量和客戶服務。

我們就客戶對產品質量的要求,一直與客戶保持聯繫。客戶可藉申訴解決機制,就任何產品質量相關問題提供寶貴的反饋意見。負責人員會記錄所相關事項,以採取一步跟進行動,包括列出相關產品的名稱、用途及數量。



To enhance our product diversity, the Group continuously introduces new products, ranging from display products to disinfectant products. Quality assurance and control procedures are implemented for adhering to product standards and certifications.

This year, the Group has introduced a personal hygiene and disinfectant product branded "K-clean" in light of the epidemic situation. To assure product quality and safety, a range of professional certifications such as chemical and disinfection effectiveness testing has been obtained.

為提升多元化的產品類別,本集團不斷推出新產品,從展示產品到消毒產品。本集團實施質量保證和控制程序,嚴格遵守產品標準和認證。

今年,本集團因應疫情,引入了「K-clean」品牌的個人衛生及消毒產品。為保證產品質量和安全,已取得了化學及消毒效果測試等一系列專業認證。

#### Anti-corruption

Integrity and honesty are the values that underpin the stability of our operations. We strictly prohibit any form of corruption including but not limited to bribery, fraud, blackmail and money laundering in business dealings with our suppliers and partners. To ensure our anti-corruption approach aligns with industry standards and that we are fully compliant with relevant laws and regulations, we have adopted the Anti-Fraud Management System. It serves to prevent all kinds of corruption and any misconduct in a systematic and standardised manner.

Fighting against corruption requires a concerted effort. Spearheaded by the top management, the implementation of anti-corruption work is carried out by various departments of the Company in accordance with the Anti-Fraud Management System.

#### 反貪污

正直和誠實是奠定我們穩定經營的價值觀。我們嚴格禁止任何形式的貪污行為,包括但不限於與供應商和夥伴的業務往來中的賄賂、欺詐、勒索和洗黑錢。為確保我們的反貪污方式符合行業標準,以及我們完全遵守相關法律和法規,我們採用了反欺詐管理制度,藉以用系統化和標準化的方式防止各種貪污和任何不當行為。

打擊貪污需要共同努力。在高級管理層的帶領下,反貪污工作由本公司各部門根據反欺詐管理制度執行。

## Anti-Fraud Governance Structure 反舞弊管治架構

#### Management 管理層

- To establish, improve and effectively implement anti-fraud programmes and controls including fraud risk assessment and fraud prevention 設立、改善及有效落實反舞弊計劃及控制措施,包括舞 弊風險評估及預防舞弊行為
- To conduct self-assessment 進行自我評估

#### Audit Committee 審核委員會

 To guide anti-fraud work 指導反舞弊工作

## Anti-Fraud Department 反欺詐部門

 To organise and implement anti-fraud work across departments 在各部門組織及實行反舞弊工作

#### Business Units 業務單位

 To undertake anti-fraud work in corresponding departments 於有關部門內進行反舞弊工作

#### Code of Conducts

To provide clear guidance to employees in respect of anti-corruption measures, a comprehensive code of 導,我們在《員工操守準則》中規定了一套全面 conduct is stipulated in our Employee Conduct Guideline. The following table outlines some of the key behaviours prohibited that are viewed as corruptive and that should be avoided at all times.

#### 操守準則

為了在反貪污措施方面為員工提供明確的指 的操守準則。下表概述了一些被視為貪污的主 要禁止行為,在任何時候都應避免。

#### Conflict of interest 利益衝突

- Failure to declare any conflict of interest to the Group for approval 沒有向本集團申報任何利益衝突以取得批准
- Staffs or their family members engage in business relationships that are competitive to the Group 員工或其家庭成員從事與本集團有競爭的業務關係

#### Accepting or offering advantages 接納或提供好處

- Accepting gifts of large economic value, in the form of services or discounts 接受以服務或折扣形式提供的具有較大經濟價值的禮品
- Deliberately accepting gifts that put the Group in an embarrassing situation 故意接受禮物,使本集團陷入尷尬境地
- Failure to report the acceptance of a gift to supervisors for approval 未有向上司申報以取得批准接受禮品

#### Unfair competition 不公平競爭

- Damage the goodwill of our competitors through fabricating and disseminating false information 編造和傳播虛假信息,損害競爭對手的商譽
- Infringe competitors' trade or commercial secrets with illegal means 以非法手段侵犯競爭對手的貿易或商業秘密

#### Whistle-blowing

To facilitate efficient reporting of suspicious or known cases of misconduct, we have set up a whistle-blowing channel that includes a hotline and a mailbox. Complainants can choose to file the case to the designated department anonymously. The Group also promises to conduct thorough and fair investigation of all cases and keep relevant investigation information confidential so as to protect the reporting parties.

#### 舉報

為方便大家高效舉報可疑或已知的不當行為個 案,我們設立了舉報渠道,包括熱線電話和郵 箱。投訴人可以選擇向指定部門匿名舉報個 案。本集團亦承諾對所有個案進行徹底而公正 的調查,相關調查資料均為保密處理,以保障 舉報人。

#### Investigation

Employees who are found to have violated the code of conduct are subject to disciplinary actions including termination of employment without the provision of any economic compensation. Serious cases could even be referred to law enforcement authorities. Moreover, any claim that the misconduct was a result of order or instruction from supervisors or top management is not accepted as justification.

#### Anti-corruption training

In 2020, the Group provided trainings based on the Hong Kong Independent Commission Against Corruption online materials. The principal aim is to help raise the employees' awareness against corruption.

During the year, we were not aware of any breach of laws and regulations<sup>2</sup> that had a significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

#### **OUR PEOPLE**

The Group is fully committed to implementing the best practices of good labour relations and creating a collaborative work environment. Externally, we are dedicated to giving back to the community and helping the underprivileged through continuous community involvement.

#### **Employee Composition**

As of 31 December 2020, there were a total of 66 employees, of which 29 were based in mainland China, 32 in Hong Kong and the remaining 5 in Taiwan. Male employees comprise 64% while female employees comprise 36%. Most employees were aged 31–50 years, accounting for approximately 60%.

#### 調查

被發現違反操守準則的僱員將受到紀律處分,包括終止僱傭關係而不獲提供任何經濟賠償。嚴重的個案甚至可以提交執法部門處理。再者,任何聲稱指不當行為是由於依照上司或高級管理層的命令或指示而導致,均不會獲接納為理由。

#### 反貪污培訓

於二零二零年,本集團根據香港廉政公署的網 上資料提供培訓。主要目的是幫助提高僱員的 反貪污意識。

年內,我們並不知悉任何有關賄賂、勒索、舞 弊及洗黑錢且對本集團造成重大影響的違法違 規事件<sup>2</sup>。

#### 我們的員工

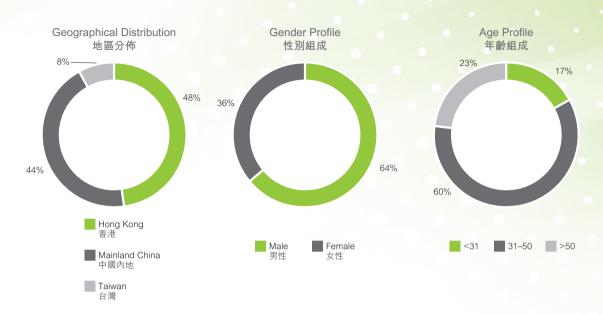
本集團全面致力採取最佳的良好勞工關係實踐 及創造融洽的工作環境。對外,我們持續參與 社區活動,致力回饋社區及幫助弱勢社群。

#### 僱員組成

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,員工總數為 66人,其中29人駐於中國內地、32人駐於香港,餘下5人駐於台灣。男僱員佔64%,女僱員 佔36%。大部分僱員為31至50歲,佔約60%。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>2</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」



As an equal opportunity employer, the Group strives to create a diverse and inclusive working environment for all employees, advocating equal opportunities in all aspects of the employment systems regardless of age, gender, family status, sexual orientation, ethnicity, creed, and religion or any other characteristics. Fundamental to our inclusion efforts is zero-tolerance to any form of harassment and discrimination and therefore we have developed a code of conduct that reinforces employees' awareness in this regard. Any employee who becomes aware of any existing or potential breach of the code is encouraged to report promptly to the designated department through the stipulated reporting channels.

作為平等機會僱主,本集團致力為全體僱員營造一個多元化且具包容性的工作環境,在僱傭制度的所有方面均提倡平等機會,不論年齡、性別、家庭狀況、性取向、種族、信仰及宗教或任何其他特徵。包容性措施的基石是對任任們支的騷擾及歧視採取零容忍態度,因此我們已建立操守準則,以加強僱員在此方面的行為,應透過已設立的舉報渠道及時上報指定部門。

The Group has a well-established Personnel Management System which clearly sets out policies concerning recruitment, promotion, compensation, working hours, rest periods, dismissal, benefits, and welfare measures, strictly complying with the prevailing laws and regulations. While the Group does not have operations in locations where child labour risk is relatively high, we proactively collaborate with our suppliers and processing services providers to prohibit the employment of any child labour or forced labour in their production facilities. During the year, the Group was not aware of any instance of non-compliance with laws and regulations<sup>3</sup> having a significant impact on the Group relating to employment and labour practices. Nor did the Group identify any incidents relating to the use of child or forced labour.

本集團設有完備的員工管理系統,明確列載有關招聘、晉升、補償、工時、休假、離職、待遇及福利的措施,嚴格遵守現有法律法規。。 本集團並無在童工風險較高的地區經營,稅 亦積極與供應商及加工服務供應商合作, 其生產廠房中聘用任何童工或強迫勞工常期 其生產廠房中聘用任何童工或強力工規 關法律及法規。而對本集團造成重大影響的問 況。本集團亦未發現任何與僱用童工或強制勞工相關的事件。

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptscriptstyle 3}$  List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>3</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

In aspects related to talent retention and recruitment, as well as recognising employees' contributions, competitive remuneration packages and welfare benefits are provided, including statutory benefits, caring benefits and incentive benefits. To ensure our remuneration packages meet or exceed the prevailing market standards, they are reviewed once a year for any updates.

為招聘和挽留人才,亦為表彰員工的貢獻,我們提供有競爭力的薪酬待遇和福利,包括法定福利、關懷福利和獎勵福利。為確保我們的薪酬待遇達到或超過現行的市場標準,每年均會對其進行審視,以便作出更新。

## Statutory benefits 法定福利

- Social insurance 社會保險
- Provident funds 公積金
- Housing reserve funds 住房儲備金
- Maternity leave 產假
- Statutory holidays法定假期

#### Caring benefits 關懷福利

- Medical benefits
   醫療福利
- Leave benefits 休假福利
- Team building activities
   專隊培訓活動

#### Incentive benefits 獎勵福利

- Year-end bonus 年終獎金
- Share option scheme 購股權計劃

#### Training and Development

The Group has actively built the human capital needed to fuel business growth, placing strong emphasis upon providing training and promotion opportunities to all employees. Internal training programmes are arranged for employees to master the knowledge and skills required for their respective positions, aiming to enhance their technical understanding of products and sales performance, and keeping them abreast of the latest industry trends. The well-established promotion mechanism and career development path encourage our talented employees to grow with the Group.

#### 培訓及發展

本集團積極建立人力資本,以推動業務增長,並十分重視為所有員工提供培訓及晉升機會。本集團安排內部培訓計劃,以便員工掌握各自崗位所需的知識和技能,旨在提升員工對產品的技術理解和銷售業績,並掌握最新的行業趨勢。完善的晉升機制和事業發展進程,鼓勵優秀員工與本集團共同成長。

#### Occupational Health and Safety

As our operations are office-based, there are no activities that entail a high risk of occupational hazards. Nevertheless, the Group is dedicated to providing a healthy and safe working environment for all employees, and safety measures are implemented in accordance with the ESG policy.

#### 職業健康與安全

由於我們營運以辦公室為主,無涉及職業危害 風險較高的任何活動。儘管如此,本集團仍致 力為全體僱員提供健康安全的工作環境,並已 根據環境、社會及管治政策實行安全措施。



Prohibit smoking and drinking in office and warehouse 禁止於辦公室及倉庫內吸煙及飲酒



Provide training and assistance when needed 於需要時提供培訓及協助



Keep the workplace clean and clear 保持工作場所乾淨整潔



Implement safety emergency plan 實行安全應急計劃

Safety Measures 安全措施

In response to outbreak of the COVID-19, the Group has implemented a number of precautionary hygiene measures to prevent the transmission of infectious diseases and create a safe working environment for its employees. All staff members and visitors are subjected to temperature check before entering the office area, and wearing a face mask is required for all. Nevertheless, sterilization facilities are installed to maintain a disinfected workplace.

為應對2019冠狀病毒疫情,本集團實施了多項預防衛生措施,以防止傳染病傳播,為員工創造安全的工作環境。所有員工和訪客在進入辦公室區域前都要接受體溫檢查,並要求所有員工戴上口罩。再者,亦安裝了消毒設施,以保持已消毒的工作環境。

During the year, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations<sup>4</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group, relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

年內,本集團並無知悉任何有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業危害且對本集團造成重大影響的違反相關法律法規4事件。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>4</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### Community Involvement

We are dedicated to contributing to our neighbourhood through making charitable donations. Since 2017, the Group has been sponsoring Heep Hong Society, an organisation established to support children and youth with special educational needs.

In 2020, the Group donated HK\$50,000 and our new disinfectant product "K-clean" to Heep Hong Society as a means to help the people in need get through the pandemic. Looking ahead, we would continue to engage the diverse community and people in need.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

In the face of global environmental issues such as climate change and rapid depletion of natural resources, we follow the fundamental principles of environmental compliance and place value on conservation of natural resources by adhering to the Company's environmental management policies, including but not limited to the ESG policy.

The characteristics of our business are such that the impacts of the Group's activities on environment and natural resources are insignificant. The Group does not consume large quantities of packaging materials. The generation of carbon emission is indirect, mainly from electricity consumption in office premises and warehouses. During the year, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations<sup>5</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group, relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

#### 社區參與

本集團致力通過慈善捐贈為社區作出貢獻。自 二零一七年以來,本集團一直資助協康會,該 組織旨在支援有特殊教育需要的兒童及青少年。

於二零二零年,本集團捐贈50,000港元及新消毒產品「K-clean」予協康會,藉以協助有需要人渡過疫情。展望將來,我們將繼續參與多元化社區活動及協助有需要人士。

#### 環境管理

面對氣候變化和自然資源急劇枯竭等全球環境 問題,我們遵守本公司環境管理政策,包括但 不限於環境、社會及管治政策,藉此遵循環境 合規的基本原則,重視自然資源的保護。

我們的業務特點為本集團的活動對環境及天然資源的影響並不重大。本集團不消耗大量的包裝材料。碳排放的產生是間接的,主要來自辦公室物業和倉庫的用電。年內,本集團並不知悉任何有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污及產生有害和無害廢棄物且對本集團造成重大影響的違法違規5事件。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

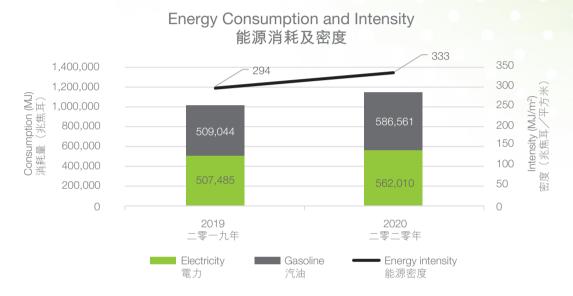
<sup>5</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### **Resources Consumption**

Electricity and gasoline are the main types of energy resources consumed by the Group. In 2020, the Group's office premises consumed 156,114 kWh electricity, and its vehicles consumed 18,404 litres of gasoline, with a total energy consumption of 1,148,571 MJ and the intensity was 333 MJ per m². The energy consumption increased by 13% compared to the preceding year.

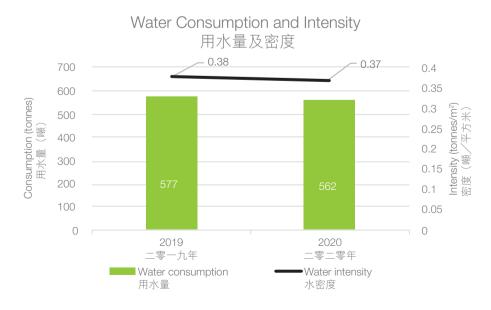
#### 資源消耗

電力及汽油為本集團消耗的主要資源類別。於二零二零年,本集團的辦公室物業消耗156,114千瓦時電力及旗下汽車消耗18,404公升汽油,總能源消耗量為1,148,571兆焦耳及密度為每平方米333兆焦耳。能源消耗較上一年上升約13%。



Water is another resource that we use. In 2020, the Group's total water consumption was 562 tonnes, with water intensity of 0.37 tonnes per  $m^2$ . There was no issue in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose.

水是我們使用的另一項資源。於二零二零年,本集團用水總量為562噸。水密度為每平方米 0.37噸。在購買合適水資源方面並無問題。



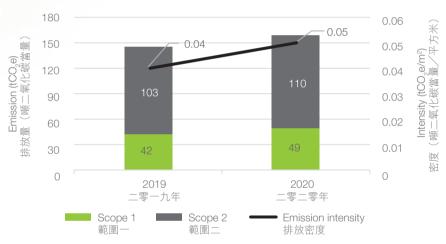
#### Air Emissions and Waste Management

We mitigate our impact on climate change by monitoring greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions. In 2020, the total GHG emissions amounted to approximately 159 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent ("tCO $_2$ e"), of which 49 tCO $_2$ e were direct emissions (Scope 1), attributed to gasoline consumed by our private vehicles. The remaining 110 tCO $_2$ e of indirect carbon emissions (Scope 2) were due to purchased electricity. The emission intensity was 0.05 tCO $_2$ e per m².

#### 廢氣排放及廢棄物管理

我們監察溫室氣體的排放,減緩對氣候變化的影響。於二零二零年,溫室氣體排放總量為約159噸二氧化碳當量,其中49噸二氧化碳當量為直接排放(範圍一),源於我們的私家車消耗的汽油。餘下110噸二氧化碳當量為間接排放(範圍二),源於所購買電力。排放密度為每平方米0.05噸二氧化碳當量。

## GHG Emission and Intensity 溫室氣體排放量及密度

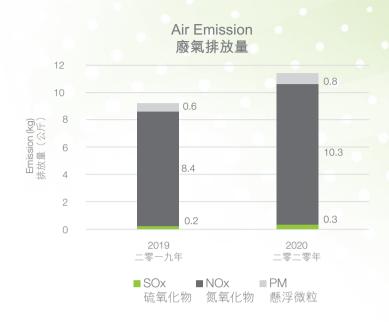


<sup>\*</sup> The 2019 data is revised due to updated emission factors.

\* 二零一九年數據已因更新的排放因子而修訂。

The Group's private vehicle gasoline consumption generates approximately 0.3 kg sulphur oxides ("SOx"), 10.3 kg nitrogen oxides ("NOx") and 0.8 kg particulate matters ("PM").

本集團的私家車消耗汽油,產生約0.3公斤硫氧化物、10.3公斤氮氧化物及0.8公斤懸浮微粒。



As an office-based business, we mainly generate office waste, which is handled by the management of the office building. Our operations do not generate other non-hazardous waste or hazardous waste.

本集團以辦公室營運為主,主要產生辦公室垃圾,由寫字樓的管理處處理。我們的業務不產 生其他無害廢棄物及有害廢棄物。

Implementing Green Office



#### 實施綠色辦公室

The Group promotes energy- and resources-saving and conservation practices. To raise employee awareness about sustainability, the Group has been participating in "Let's GO", which is a green office certification scheme designed by a third-party organisation, since 2017 intending to incorporate environmental habits into the Group's daily operations and cultivate a low-carbon office mindset.

本集團提倡節能節約及環保常規。為提高僱員關於可持續發展的意識,本集團自二零一七年 起參與「綠識空間」,一個由第三方機構設計的 錄色辦公室認證計劃旨在將環保習慣融入本集 團的日常營運中及培養低碳辦公室理念。

Based on specific assessment criteria, "Let's GO" guides the Group's efforts to promote green offices and require employees to commit to contributing to a greener workplace.

根據指定的評估標準,「綠識空間」指引本集團 提倡綠色辦公室,要求員工承諾為綠色辦公環 境作出貢獻。

The Group aims to promote environmentally friendly practices and facilitate behavioural change and environmental footprint reduction within the office space. In 2020, the Group adopted and promoted resource conservation and energy-saving initiatives in its office premises, which include:

本集團力求提倡環保實踐,在辦公場合內促使 行為改變,減少對環境的影響。於二零二零年, 本集團在辦公大樓已經採用和推廣資源保育和 節能措施,其中包括:



#### Energy 能源

- Switch off equipment when not in use 關閉並非使用中的設備
- Use switch-sockets to avoid redundant energy use 使用轉換插頭以避免浪費能源
- Purchase office euqipment with high grades of energy efficiency labels 購買能源效益標籤級別高的辦公設備
- Clean air conditioners periodically 定期清潔空調



#### Paper 紙張

- Use electronic supporting medium to reduce printing 使用電子工具,減少列印
- Assign designated area for paper recycling 指定專門的廢紙回收區域
- Collection tray for waste copy paper used on one side so it is available for printing on the other side 在打印機旁設置回收盤,收集列印一面的 紙張



### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 廢棄電器及電子設備

 Purchase multi-function devices, such as printing, scanning, fax, photocopy 購買多功能設備,例如打印、掃描、 傳真、複印



#### Plastic 塑料

 Provide sufficient reusable tableware to avoid disposable utensils 提供足夠的可循環使用杯具, 避免使用一次性廚房用具



#### Water 水

 Periodically check taps to ensure there is no leakage

定期檢查水龍頭,確保沒有漏水



#### Miscellaneous 雜項

- Design publications with fewer varnishes and coatings 設計需要較少噴漆和塗油的刊物
- Utilise web-conferencing to minimise business trips 使用網絡會議,減少商務旅行
- Reuse stationeries 再用文具

#### Maintaining Green Supply Chain

Our suppliers' environmental performance is closely linked to our own sustainability performance, and we actively work with them to promote sustainability. We follow the Group's environmental policy which includes green procurement commitment, safeguarding selection of suppliers who share our sense of responsibility towards the environment.

Our major suppliers have obtained certifications under ISO 14001 Environmental Management System and ISO 50001 Energy Management System. Environmental protection concept is embedded in the stage of product design, and through technological renovation, energy efficiency of products is constantly improved and GHG emissions at the stage of use are reduced.

The use of environmentally responsible processing service providers has been a longstanding practice at the Group. To ensure compliance, we monitor environmental performance through close communication and internal control measures to assure that the service providers are registered and licensed with the relevant environmental protection authorities under the PRC laws and regulations<sup>6</sup>. In addition, regular site visits are conducted to further guarantee compliance with environmental standards.

#### 維持綠色供應鏈

我們的供應商的環保表現與我們自身的可持續 發展表現密切相關,我們積極與彼等合作以促 進可持續發展。我們遵循本集團的環保政策, 包括綠色採購承諾,確保選擇與我們一樣對環 境有責任感的供應商。

我們的主要供應商已獲得ISO14001環境管理體系及ISO50001能源管理體系認證。環保理念在產品設計階段已嵌入,並通過技術創新,不斷提高產品的能源效益,同時降低產品使用的溫室氣體排放。

本集團長期聘用對環境負責任的加工服務供應商。為確保合規,我們通過密切溝通和內部控制措施監測環保表現,以確保服務供應商已根據中國法律和法規6在相關環保部門註冊及獲得許可。此外,我們會定期進行實地視察,以進一步保證符合環保標準。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>6</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### LAWS AND REGULATIONS

#### 法律及法規

The Group has established and implemented internal 本集團已設立及在所有部門實施內部政策,確 policies in all departments to ensure adequate response to 保對各個環境、社會及管治方面,均作出充足 each ESG aspect and compliance with all applicable laws 回應及遵守所有適用法律及法規。下表列載適 and regulations. The list of applicable laws and 用法律及法規: regulations is as follows:

Aspect 方面	Applicable Laws and Regulations 適用法律及法規	Section/Remarks 章節/附註
Product Responsibility 產品責任	<ul> <li>The Trade Descriptions Ordinance 《商品説明條例》</li> <li>The Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance 《個人資料(私隱)條例》</li> <li>Product Quality Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國產品質量法》</li> </ul>	OPERATING PRACTICES 經營常規
Anti-corruption 反貪污	<ul> <li>Prevention of Bribery Ordinance 《防止賄賂條例》</li> <li>The Competition Ordinance 《競爭條例》</li> <li>Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》</li> <li>The Anti-Corruption Act of Taiwan 台灣的《貪污治罪條例》</li> </ul>	Anti-corruption 反貪污
Employment 僱傭	<ul> <li>Employment Ordinance 《僱傭條例》</li> <li>Minimum Wage Ordinance 《最低工資條例》</li> <li>Labour Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動法》</li> <li>Labour Contract Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》</li> <li>Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC 《中華人民共和國禁止使用童工規定》</li> <li>The Labor Standards Act of Taiwan 台灣的《勞動基準法》</li> </ul>	OUR PEOPLE 我們的員工
Occupational Health and Safe 職業健康及安全	<ul> <li>ty • The Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance 《職業安全及健康條例》</li> <li>• Employees' Compensation Ordinance 《僱員補償條例》</li> <li>• Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》</li> <li>• The Occupational Safety and Health Act of Taiwan 台灣的《職業安全衛生法》</li> </ul>	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康及安全
Environmental Management 環境管理	<ul> <li>Air Pollution Control Ordinance 《空氣污染管制條例》</li> <li>Water Pollution Control Ordinance 《水污染管制條例》</li> <li>Ozone Layer Protection Ordinance 《保護臭氧層條例》</li> <li>Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》</li> <li>Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》</li> <li>The Environmental Protection Law of the PRC</li> </ul>	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理 Maintaining Green Supply Chain 維持綠色供應鍵

《中華人民共和國環境保護法》

#### PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY

#### 數據表現摘要

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
	Total Headcount 員工總數 By Geographical Distribution 按地區劃分	66	74
	Hong Kong 香港	32	25
	Mainland China 中國內地	29	46
Workforce 員工	Taiwan 台灣 By Age 按年齡劃分	5	3
돌때	<31	11	14
×	31–50	40	50
	>50 By Gender 按性別劃分	15	10
	Male 男性	42	49
	Female 女性	24	25
Community 社區	Donation (HK\$) 捐款(港元)	50,000	100,000
Environment 演境 V S im B L D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Total Resources Consumption (MJ) 資源消耗總量(兆焦耳) Electricity (kWh) 電力(千瓦時) Gasoline (litres) 汽油(公升) Tap water (tonnes) 自來水(噸) Energy intensity (MJ/m²) 能源密度(兆焦耳/平方米) Water intensity (tonnes/m²) 水密度(噸/平方米) Emissions 排放量	1,148,571 156,114 18,404 562 333 0.37	1,016,529 140,968 15,972 577 294 0.38
	Sulphur oxides (kg) 硫氧化物(公斤) Nitrogen oxides (kg) 氮氧化物(公斤) Particulate matters (kg) 懸浮微粒(公斤)	0.3 10.3 0.8	0.2 8.4 0.6
	Greenhouse Gases Emissions and Intensity* 溫室氣體排放量及密度* Total GHG emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e) 溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量) Scope 1 (tCO <sub>2</sub> e) 範圍一(噸二氧化碳當量) Scope 2 (tCO <sub>2</sub> e) 範圍二(噸二氧化碳當量)	159 49	145 42
	Scope 2 (tCO <sub>2</sub> e) 東圍二(嶼二氧化峽冨重)	110	103
	Emission intensity (tCO <sub>2</sub> e/m²) 排放量密度(噸二氧化碳當量/平方米)	0.05	0.04

#### Notes:

(1) Calculation standards and methodologies for carbon emissions:

Carbon emissions are calculated using "Greenhouse Gas Protocol" published by the World Resources Institute and World Business Council on Sustainable Development

The sources of published emission factors for the reporting of carbon emissions are:

- (a) 2019 Sustainability Report of CLP
- (b) "Energy Statistics Handbook 2019" published by Bureau of Energy, Ministry of Economic Affairs in Taiwan
- (c) "2019 China Regional Grid Baseline Emission Factor for Emission Reduction Project" published by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China (《2019年度減排項目中國區域電網基準線排放因子》)
- (2) The 2019 data are revised due to updated emission factors.

#### \* 附註:

(1) 碳排放的計算標準及方法:

世界資源研究所和世界企業永續發展委員會出版的《溫室氣體盤查議定書》

關於報告碳排放的已刊發排放因子的來源如下:

- (a) 中電2019年可持續發展報告
- (b) 台灣經濟部能源局刊發之《2019年能源統計手冊》
- (c) 中華人民共和國生態環境部刊發之《2019年度 減排項目中國區域電網基準線排放因子》
- (2) 二零一九年數據已因更新的排放因子而修訂。

#### **ESG CONTENT INDEX**

#### ESG內容索引

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備註

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

Air Emissions and Waste Management

Waste Management

Air Emissions and

Air Emissions and

Waste Management

Implementing Green Office; Maintaining a Green Supply Chain 實施綠色辦公室;維持

Waste Management;

Implementing Green

綠色供應鏈

Waste Management

廢氣排放及廢棄物管理 Air Emissions and

廢氣排放及廢棄物管理

MANAGEMENT 環境管理

A. Environmental A 環境

Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1:排放物

General Disclosure 一般披露

Information on:

有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:

the policies; and a) 政策;及

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

KPI A1.1 The types of emissions and respective emissions data.

關鍵績效指標A1.1 排放物種類及相關排放數據。

**KPI A1.2** Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.2 ·溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 **KPI A1.3** Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g.

per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施 廢氣排放及廢棄物管理 關鍵績效指標A1.3

計算) **KPI A1.4** Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity

(e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.4 ,所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施 廢氣排放及廢棄物管理

**KPI A1.5** Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved.

關鍵績效指標A1.5 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。

**KPI A1.6** Air Emissions and Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction

initiatives and results achieved.

Office 關鍵績效指標A1.6 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產牛量的措施及所得成果。 廢氣排放及廢棄物管 理;實施綠色辦公室

Aspect A2: Use of Resources

層面A2:資源使用

General Disclosure 一般披露

Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策

KPI A2.1 Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in Resources total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). Consumption 關鍵績效指標A2.1 按類型(如電、氣或油)劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及資源消耗

密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。 KPI A2 2 Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per Resources

facility)

關鍵績效指標A2.2 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A2.3 Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved.

關鍵績效指標A2.3 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for the **KPI A2.4** 

purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved.

關鍵績效指標A2.4

描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果。

**KPI A2.5** Total packaging materials used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable,

with reference to per unit produced.

製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 關鍵績效指標A2.5

**ENVIRONMENTAL** MANAGEMENT 環境管理

Consumption 資源消耗

Implementing Green Office

實施綠色辦公室 Resource Consumption; Implementing Green Office

資源消耗;實施綠色辦 公室

**ENVIRONMENTAL** MANAGEMENT 環境管理

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備註

Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources

層面A3:環境及天然資源

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on minimising the issuers' significant impact on the environment and natural resources.

減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。

Implementing Green Office; Maintaining a Green Supply Chain 實施綠色辦公室;維持

KPI A3.1

Description of significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural

resources and the actions taken to manage them.

關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。

綠色供應鏈 Implementing Green Office; Maintaining a Green Supply Chain

實施綠色辦公室;維持 綠色供應鏈

B. Social B. 社會

Aspect B1: Employment

層面B1:僱傭

General Disclosure 一般披露

Information on:

有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:

OUR PEOPLE 我們的員工

a) the policies; and

政策;及

b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal

opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare

Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. Employee Composition 按性別、僱傭類別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。 僱員組成

關鍵績效指標B1.1

and Safety

Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面B2:健康與安全

General Disclosure

Information on:

一般披露

有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:

the policies; and

政策;及

b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

**KPI B2 3** 

Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are Occupational Health

implemented and monitored.

Occupational Health

職業健康與安全

and Safety 職業健康與安全

關鍵績效指標B2.3 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。

Aspect B3: Development and Training

層面B3:發展及培訓

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of Training and

training activities.

有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。

Development 培訓及發展

Aspect B4: Labour Standards

層面B4:勞工準則

General Disclosure 一般披露

Information on:

有關防止童工及強制勞工的:

the policies; and a)

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to preventing of child and forced labour.

**OUR PEOPLE** 我們的員工

#### Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備註

Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management 層面B5: 供應鏈管理

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain

管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。

Supply Chain Management; Maintaining a Green Supply Chain 供應鏈管理;維持綠色

供應鏈

**KPI B5.2** Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers and how they are Supply Chain

implemented and monitored.

Management; Maintaining a Green

Supply Chain 關鍵績效指標B5.2 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。 供應鏈管理;維持綠色

供應鏈

Aspect B6: Product Responsibility

層面B6:產品責任

General Disclosure 一般披露

Information on:

有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:

Customer Satisfaction

客戶滿意度

the policies; and

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services

provided and methods of redress

**KPI B6.4** 關鍵績效指標B6.4 Description of quality assurance process and product recall procedures.

描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。

KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are Supply Chain

implemented and monitored.

關鍵績效指標B6.5 描述消費者資料保護及私穩政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。 Customer Satisfaction

客戶滿意度 Management 供應鏈管理

Anti-corruption

反貪污

Aspect B7: Anti-corruption

層面B7:反貪污

一般披露

General Disclosure Information on:

有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:

the policies; and a)

政策;及

關鍵績效指標B7.2

compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer b)

遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

KPI B7.1 Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Anti-corruption

issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the

關鍵績效指標B7.1 在匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。 反貪污

Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are Anti-corruption **KPI B7.2** 

描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。

implemented and monitored. 反貪污

Aspect B8: Community Investment

層面B8:社區投資

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer Community Involvement

operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。

Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour Community Involvement KPI B8.1

needs, health, culture, sport).

關鍵績效指標B8.1 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。

**KPI B8.2** Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.

關鍵績效指標B8.2 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。

社區參與

社區參與

Community Involvement

社區參與

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, aged 51, was appointed as director of the Company on 13 June 2013. Mr. Cheng is a founder of the Group. He has been in the business of trading TFT-LCD components for over 17 years and has established close relationships with various suppliers. He graduated from Hong Kong Baptist University with a bachelor of science in combined sciences in mathematical science degree. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Cheng has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director, the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer of the Company and the director of Perfect Display Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company, effective from 25 September 2020. He continues to serve the Company as a consultant to bring in businesses and maintain the relationship with business partners. He is also a substantial shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Cheng is also a director of certain of the Group's subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong, the British Virgin Islands, Samoa and Taiwan.

Mr. Liu Ka Wing, aged 48, was appointed as an executive Director on 18 June 2013. He joined the Group in November 2008. Mr. Liu has about 26 years of experience in accounting. Prior to joining the Group, he worked in various certified public accountants firm and corporations, responsible for general accounting functions. He is responsible for the Group's finance and administrative functions. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Liu has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director effective from 25 September 2020 and he continues to serve the Company as the financial controller. Mr. Liu is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

#### 執行董事

#### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

Mr. Tse Ka Wing, aged 45, joined the Group in May 2013 and is the Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 26 March 2015. He is primarily responsible for the financial management, supervision of financial reporting and corporate finance matters, and company secretarial matters of the Group. Mr. Tse graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor of business administration degree. He is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Tse is a professional accountant with over 23 years of experience in accounting and had previously served as a senior manager of an international firm of certified public accountants. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Tse has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director effective from 25 September 2020 and he continues to serve the Company as the chief financial officer and the company secretary.

Mr. Chang Huan Chia, aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director on 25 September 2020. He obtained a bachelor degree in electrical engineering in Yuan Ze University in Taiwan in 2001 and has over 16 years of experience in the technology and electronics industry. Prior to joining the Group in September 2016, Mr. Chang was a field application engineer and served as an assistant manager in HannStar Display Corporation and a project manager in Fitipower Integrated Technology Inc. He is the chief executive officer and a director of Perfect Intelligent Technology Limited, a director of Perinnova Limited and a director of Perfect Display Limited, all of which are subsidiaries of the Company. He is also responsible for supervising the sales teams of the Group and is the responsible person of the Taiwan branch of Perfect Intelligent Technology Limited.

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John, aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 January 2014 and is responsible for providing independent advice on material issues of the Company. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Wong has been suspended from his duties as an independent non-executive Director effective from 25 September 2020. Mr. Wong graduated from the University of Melbourne, Australia with a degree of bachelor of commerce. He was a member of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants and was admitted as an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in April 1997. Mr. Wong has more than 30 years of experience in auditing and corporate finance work. Over the past three years, he served as independent nonexecutive directors for the following companies which are listed on the Stock Exchange, namely Xinjiang Xinxin Mining Industry Co., Ltd. (stock code: 3833), China Apex Group Limited (stock code: 2011) and China International Development Corporation Limited (stock code: 264). He is currently serving as an independent non-executive director for the following companies which are listed on the Stock Exchange, namely EcoGreen International Group Limited (stock code: 2341), LongiTech Smart Energy Holding Limited (stock code: 1281) and Beijing Capital Land Ltd. (stock code: 2868).

#### 獨立非執行董事

黄翼忠先生,54歳,於二零一四年一月二十日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事,負責對本公司重大 事宜提供意見。待呈請的法律程序得出結果之 前,黃先生已暫停其作為獨立非執行董事的職 務,自二零二零年九月二十五日起牛效。黃先 生畢業於澳洲墨爾本大學,持有商學士學位。 彼過往為澳洲執業會計師公會會員,並於 一九九七年四月獲接納為香港會計師公會的會 員。黃先生於核數及企業融資工作有超過30年 經驗。於過去三年,彼於下列聯交所上市公司: 新疆新鑫礦業股份有限公司(股份代號: 3833)、中國恒泰集團有限公司(股份代號: 2011)及中聯發展控股集團有限公司(股份代 號:264)任職獨立非執行董事。彼目前擔任以 下聯交所上市公司之獨立非執行董事,包括中 怡國際集團有限公司(股份代號:2341)、隆基 泰和智慧能源控股有限公司(股份代號:1281) 及首創置業股份有限公司(股份代號:2868)。

#### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu, aged 50, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 January 2014 and is responsible for providing independent advice on material issues of the Company. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Wong has been suspended from his duties as an independent non-executive Director effective from 25 September 2020. Mr. Wong graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a degree of bachelor of engineering in electrical engineering. He further received his master of science in engineering (building services engineering) degree from The University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong was registered as a chartered engineer (CEng) at the Engineering Council in April 1998 and was registered as a registered professional engineer in electrical discipline at the Engineers Registration Board in July 1999. He has been a member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology since February 1998 and the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since May 1998. Mr. Wong has over 28 years of experience in the engineering industry.

黃智超先生,50歲,於二零一四年一月二十日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事,負責對本公司結果的 前,黃先生已暫停其作為獨立非執行董事。 生畢業於香港理工大學,取得工程學授工程 主修電機工程。彼其後獲香港大學頒投工程 宇工程)理學碩士學位。黃先生於一九九年年 月註冊為英國工程師學會(Engineering Council) 的特許工程師CEng),並於一九九九年七月工程 師為工程師註冊管理局的註冊專業電機 師。彼由一九九八年二月起成為工程學程 會的會員,又由一九九八年五月超過28年的經 驗。

Mr. Kan Man Wai, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is the acting chairman of the Board. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Kan obtained a Diploma in Management Studies awarded by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and the Hong Kong Management Association, and subsequently obtained a Master's Degree of Business Administration in International Management from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology in Australia. He has over 30 years of experience in the electronics manufacturing services industry, including over 20 years of experience at management level of sales and business development and 4 years of experience at management level of business operations. Mr. Kan is a Vice President of Business Development for Great China and Korea of Sanmina Corporation, a leading electronics manufacturing services provider in the world that serves original equipment manufacturers in communications, medical, automotive, industrial and defense and aerospace fields which is headquartered in San Jose, California, USA and is listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market. In his current position, he is responsible for managing sales business, exploring new business and introducing mergers and acquisitions.

簡文偉先生,57歲,於二零二零年一月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,負責提供有關本公司 的策略、表現、資源及操守水準的獨立判斷。 彼為董事會的代理主席。彼亦為本公司薪酬委 員會主席以及本公司審核委員會及提名委員會 成員。簡先生曾獲香港理工大學及香港管理專 業協會頒發管理學文憑,及後獲澳洲墨爾本皇 家理工大學頒發國際管理工商管理碩士學位。 彼於電子製造服務業擁有超過30年經驗,包括 於銷售及業務發展管理層面的超過20年經驗, 以及於業務營運管理層面的4年經驗。簡先生為 Sanmina Corporation大中華及韓國業務發展副 總裁(Vice President of Business Development for Great China and Korea),該公司為全球領 先的電子製造服務供應商,在通訊、醫療、汽 車、工業及國防及航空航天方面為原設備製造 商提供服務。其總部位於美國加州聖荷西,並 於納斯達克證券交易所上市。彼現時負責管理 銷售業務、探索新業務及推行併購。

Mr. Cho Chi Kong, aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Cho has extensive experience in corporate law, legal and regulatory compliance and prevention and detection of fraud. Mr. Cho is a Non-practicing Barrister of the Honorable Society of Lincoln's Inn United Kingdom, the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Supreme Court of Australian Capital Territory and the High Court of Australia. He is a Certified Fraud Examiner of the Association of Certified Fraud Examiner and a former President of the Hong Kong Chapter of the Association of Certified Fraud Examiner, and is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Cho has served as adviser and in-house legal consultant on legal and compliance matters for companies in Hong Kong and London. Mr. Cho taught post-graduate courses in corporate governance and regulatory framework as a Professor of Practice (Law) at the School of Accounting and Finance, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University before he retired in July 2020. He has also lectured at universities in Hong Kong and Mainland China on corporate law, securities law and business law. Mr. Cho is an independent non-executive director of Mansion International Holdings Limited, the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8456).

曹志光先生,68歲,於二零二零年一月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,負責提供有關本公司 策略、表現、資源及操守水準的獨立判斷。彼 亦為本公司提名委員會主席以及本公司審核委 員會及薪酬委員會成員。曹先生於公司法、法 律及監管合規以及預防及查核詐騙擁有豐富經 驗。曹先生為英國林肯律師學院、香港特別行 政區高等法院、澳洲首都區最高法院及澳洲高 等法院的非執業大律師。彼為特許詐騙審查師 學會的特許詐騙審查師及特許詐騙審查師學會 香港分會前主席,亦為香港董事學會資深會 員。曹先生擔任香港及倫敦多間公司法律及合 規事務的顧問及內部法律顧問。於二零二零年 七月退休前,曹先生為香港理工大學會計及金 融學院的實務教授(法律),教授企業管治及監 管框架研究生課程。彼亦於香港及中國內地多 間大學講授公司法、證券法及商業法。曹先生 為民信國際控股有限公司的獨立非執行董事, 該公司股份於聯交所GEM上市(股份代號: 8456) •

#### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 September 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. She is the chairperson of the audit committee of the Company. She is also a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Hsu graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor degree in business administration. Ms. Hsu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has more than 20 years' experience in accounting. Ms. Hsu had been working with Ernst & Young for 18 years and was a partner of Ernst & Young before she retired from the firm in February 2011. Ms. Hsu is currently an independent non-executive director of Richly Field China Development Limited (stock code: 313), China Display Optoelectronics Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 334), Perfect Shape Medical Limited (stock code: 1830), Beijing Gas Blue Sky Holdings Limited (stock code: 6828) and Harmonicare Medical Holdings Limited (stock code: 1509), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Ms. Hsu was an independent non-executive director of Branding China Group Limited (currently known as "BC Technology Group Limited") (stock code: 863) from April 2012 to May 2018, which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. She was also an independent non-executive director of Circle International Holdings Limited (stock code: CCH) from September 2017 to May 2020, which is listed on the National Stock Exchange of Australia (NSX).

徐慧敏女士,51歲,於二零二零年九月二十五 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,負責提供有關本 公司策略、表現、資源及操守水準的獨立判斷。 彼為本公司審核委員會主席。彼亦為本公司提 名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。徐女士畢業於香 港中文大學,取得工商管理學士學位。徐女士 為香港會計師公會資深會員及美國註冊會計師 協會會員。彼於會計方面擁有逾20年經驗。徐 女士曾在安永會計師事務所任職18年,於二零 --年二月退任時為安永會計師事務所的合夥 人。徐女士現時為裕田中國發展有限公司(股份 代號:313)、華顯光電技術控股有限公司(股份 代號:334)、必瘦站醫學美容有限公司(股份代 號:1830)、北京燃氣藍天控股有限公司(股份 代號:6828)及和美醫療控股有限公司(股份代 號:1509)的獨立非執行董事,該等公司的股份 於聯交所主板上市。徐女士曾於二零一二年四 月至二零一八年五月擔任品牌中國集團有限公 司(現改名為「BC科技集團有限公司」)(股份代 號:863)的獨立非執行董事,該公司於聯交所 主板上市。彼亦曾於二零一七年九月至二零二 零年五月在世傑國際控股集團(股份代號: CCH)擔任獨立非執行董事,該公司於澳大利 亞國家證券交易所(NSX)上市。

Note: The executive Directors are also the senior management of the Company.

附註: 執行董事亦為本公司高級管理層。

### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year").

董事謹此呈列其截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度(「本年度」)之報告連同經審核財務報 表。

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

# The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 13 June 2013 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the GEM ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 7 February 2014 (the "Listing Date").

#### 企業資料

本公司於二零一三年六月十三日根據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於二零一四年二月七日(「上市日期」)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)(GEM」)上市。

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

# The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

#### 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司的主要業務載列於綜合財務報表附註13。年內,本集團主要業務性質概無重大改變。

Business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 8 to 21 of this annual report which forms part of this directors' report.

《香港公司條例》附表5規定之本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之業務審視,包括本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素的描述,以及本集團相當可能有的未來發展的揭示,載於本年報第8至21頁「管理層討論及分析」內,其構成本董事會報告一部分。

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segment is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

本年度按經營分部分類之本集團業績表現分析 載列於綜合財務報表附註5。

# ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

environmental laws and regulations.

# To help conserve the environment, the Group has implemented policies to encourage its employees for the efficient use of energy and resources. Besides, the Group has internal control measures in place to ensure that its processing service providers comply with the relevant

#### 環保政策及表現

為協助保護環境,本集團已推行政策鼓勵僱員 有效利用能源及資源。此外,本集團設有內部 監控措施,確保其加工服務供應商符合相關環 保法律及法規。

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

In addition, details regarding the Group's environmental policies and performance can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 44 to 66 of this annual report.

此外,關於本集團環境政策及表現之詳情,載於本年報第44至66頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」內。

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately HK\$478,509,000 (2019: HK\$479,044,000).

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$50,000 (2019: HK\$100,000).

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group, as extracted from the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2016, 31 December 2017, 31 December 2018, 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2020, is set out on page 164 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

#### 業績及分派

本年度之本集團業績載列於綜合全面收益表。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)並不建議派付截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之股息(二零一九年:無)。

#### 股本

年內,本公司的股本概無發生變動。

#### 可分派儲備

本公司於二零二零年十二月三十一日的可分派儲備約478,509,000港元(二零一九年:479,044,000港元)。

#### 捐款

年內,本集團作出的慈善及其他捐款之金額為50,000港元(二零一九年:100,000港元)。

#### 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先購買權規定,而開曼群島法律並無有關此方面的權利限制。

#### 財務資料摘要

本集團的公佈業績與資產、負債及非控股權益 載列於本年報第164頁,有關資料乃摘錄自本公 司截至二零一六年十二月三十一日、二零一七 年十二月三十一日、二零一八年十二月三十一 日、二零一九年十二月三十一日及二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表。本摘 要並不構成經審核財務報表的一部分。

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company did not redeem any of its shares, and neither did the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of the Company's shares.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which was approved and adopted pursuant to the written resolutions of the sole Shareholder passed on 20 January 2014 (the "Adoption Date"). The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme. The terms of the Share Option Scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 23 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules").

#### (a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the Participants (as defined below) and for such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time.

#### (b) Participants of the Share Option Scheme

On and subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme and the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board may, at its discretion, invite:

- any director of each member of the Group or of any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity");
- (ii) any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity (the "Employee");
- (iii) any discretionary objects of a discretionary trust established by any Employee or any director of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity;

#### 購買、出售及贖回證券

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無贖回其任何股份,而本公司及其任何 附屬公司亦無購買或出售本公司任何股份。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)已根據本公司唯一股東於二零一四年一月二十日(「採納日期」)通過的書面決議案而獲通過及採納。下文為購股權計劃的主要條款概述。購股權計劃的條款乃按照聯交所的GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)第23章的規定。

#### (a) 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在讓本公司以靈活的方法向 參與者(定義見下文)給予激勵、獎勵、酬 金、報酬及/或福利,以及達致董事會可 能不時批准的其他目的。

#### (b) 購股權計劃的參加者

根據購股權計劃條款及GEM上市規則的規限,董事會可酌情邀請:

- (i) 本集團各成員公司或任何本集團成 員公司持有任何股權之任何實體 (「被投資實體」)的任何董事;
- (ii) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的僱員(不論全職或兼職)(「僱員」);
- (iii) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的任何僱員或任何董事成立的酌情信託的任何酌情受益人;

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

- (iv) a company beneficially owned by any Employee or any director of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity;
- (v) any consultant, professional and other adviser to each member of the Group or any Invested Entity (including their employees or executives or any persons, firms or companies proposed to be appointed for providing such services);
- (vi) any chief executives or substantial shareholders of the Company;
- (vii) any supplier, customer, service provider, business or joint venture partner, contractor, of the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (viii) any person who, at the absolute discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group or any Invested Entity, provided that the Board may at its absolute discretion determine whether or not one falls within the above categories,

(together, the "Participants" and each a "Participant"), to take up share options to subscribe for shares of the Company at a price determined in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

In determining the basis of eligibility of each Participant, the Board would take into account such factors as the Board may at its discretion consider appropriate.

### (c) Duration and the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the Adoption Date and ending on 19 January 2024.

- (iv) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的任何僱員或任何董事實益擁有的公司;
- (v) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體(包括其僱員或行政人員或任何擬獲委任提供有關服務的任何人士、商號或公司)的任何諮詢人、專業人士及其他顧問:
- (vi) 本公司任何主要行政人員或主要股 東;
- (vii) 本集團或任何被投資實體的任何供 應商、客戶、服務供應商、業務或合 營企業夥伴、承包商;及
- (viii) 董事會全權酌情認為對本集團或任何被投資實體作出貢獻或可能作出 貢獻的任何人士,惟董事會可全權 酌情決定該人士是否歸類為上述種 類,

(上述人士均稱為及合稱為「參與者」),接納購股權,並根據購股權條款釐定的價格認購本公司的股份。

於決定每名參與者的資格時,董事會將考慮董事會酌情認為恰當的因素。

#### (c) 購股權計劃的期限及尚餘的有效期

購股權計劃自採納日期起計有效期為十年,至2024年1月19日。

#### (d) Timing for exercising option

The period as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine and specify in relation to any particular option holder in his option agreement during which the option may be exercised (subject to such restriction on exercisability specified therein), which shall be not greater than the period prescribed by the GEM Listing Rules from time to time (which is, as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, a period of 10 years from the date of the granting of the option).

### (e) Acceptance and payment on acceptance of option offer

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within the period from the date on which such offer is made by the Board in accordance with the Share Option Scheme to such date as the Board may determine and specify in the letter where such offer is made to a Participant in such form as the Board may from time to time determine, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee.

#### (f) Subscription Price

The subscription price in respect of each Share issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted hereunder shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a Participant and shall be at least the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer, which must be a business day:
- (ii) a price being the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

#### (d) 行使購股權的時間

就任何特定購股權持有人於其購股權協議內由董事會全權酌情釐定及註明之有關期限,購股權可於此期限內行使(受購股權協議訂明之有關行使限制所限),不得超過GEM上市規則不時規定之期限(於採納購股權計劃當日為授出購股權日期起計10年之期限)。

#### (e) 接納及接納購權股要約所付的款項

授出之購股權可於董事會根據購股權計劃 授出該購股權的日期起至董事會可能釐定 及於提呈函件所訂明的某日期內獲接納, 而董事會可按不時決定的形式向參與者授 出購股權,惟承授人須支付總計1港元之 名義代價。

#### (f) 認購價

根據本文授出的購股權獲行使而發行的每 股股份的認購價將由董事會獨自釐定及知 會參與者,而認購價最低為下列之最高 者:

- (i) 於要約日聯交所每日報價表所列的 股份收市價,該日須為營業日;
- (ii) 緊接要約日前五個營業日聯交所每 日報價表所列的股份平均收市價的 價格;及
- (iii) 一股股份的面值。

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

### (g) Maximum number of Shares available for subscription

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Placing and the Capitalisation Issue (as defined in the prospectus of the Company dated 24 January 2014 (the "Prospectus")) (being 132,000,000 Shares). The Company may renew this limit at any time, subject to shareholders' approval and the issue of a circular and in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules provided that the number of shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report, the Company had 132,000,000 share options available to be granted under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 8.9% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

#### (h) Maximum entitlement of Shares of each Participant

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Participant under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

No share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption.

#### (g) 可認購的股份數目上限

因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃授出的所有購股權可發行的股 份總數,合共不得超過緊隨配售及資本公司日期為二零一四年之招股章程(「招股章程」))) 成後已發行股份總數的10%(即 132,000,000股股份)。本公司可於任何 間在獲股東批准的情況不更新此限根據 質根據GEM上市規則刊發通函,惟根有 類根據GEM上市規則但尚未行使的股份 目,不得超過已發行股份的30%。

於本報告日期,本公司購股權計劃項下的 132,000,000股購股權可予發行,相當於本 公司於該日已發行股份約8.9%。

#### (h) 每名參與者可得的股份上限

於任何十二個月期間因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司其他購股權計劃授予每名參與者的購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)而已發行及將予發行的股份總數,不得超過已發行股份總數的1%。進一步授出任何超過此項限制的購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

向本公司各董事、行政總裁或主要股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士授予購股權須事先取得本公司獨立非執行董事批准。要外,倘若於任何十二個月內,授予之任何股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯繫人士之購股權超出本公司不時已發行股份之0.1%或總值(根據授出購股權公司股份價格計算)超逾5百萬港元,則須事先在股東大會上取得股東批准。

自購股權計劃獲採納起·概無根據購股權計劃 授出購股權。

## DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as the Share Option Scheme, at no time during the year was the Company, its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended)

Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

(appointed on 25 September 2020)

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Li Shui Yan (resigned on 15 October 2020)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman) (appointed on 1 January 2020)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong (appointed on 1 January 2020)

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

(appointed on 25 September 2020)

By virtue of article 108 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu will, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen were appointed as executive Director and independent non-executive Director respectively with effect from 25 September 2020. In accordance with the article 112 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

#### 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除購股權計劃外,於年內任何時間,本公司、 其母公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司均 無訂立任何安排,使董事可透過收購本公司或 任何企業股股份或債權證而取得利益。

#### 董事

本公司於本年度及至本報告日期的董事為:

執行董事:

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務)

廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務)

謝家榮先生(已暫停職務)

張桓嘉先生

(於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事:

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務)

黄智超先生(已暫停職務)

李瑞恩先生(於二零二零年十月十五日辭任)

簡文偉先生(代理主席)

(於二零二零年一月一日獲委任)

曹志光先生(於二零二零年一月一日獲委任)

徐慧敏女士

(於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任)

根據本公司之組織章程細則第108條,廖嘉榮先生、黃翼忠先生及黃智超先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪席退任。廖嘉榮先生、黃翼忠先生及黃智超先生符合資格並願意重選連任。

張桓嘉先生及徐慧敏女士分別獲委任為執行董事及獨立非執行董事,由二零二零年九月二十五日起生效。根據本公司組織章程細則第112條,張桓嘉先生及徐慧敏女士將於應屆股東週年大會上退任,並符合資格將願意重選連任。

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the petition dated 25 September 2019 issued by the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region which was taken out by the Securities and Futures Commission against certain directors of the Company, Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John, Mr. Wong Chi Chiu and Mr. Li Shui Yan have been suspended from their duties as Directors with effect from 25 September 2020.

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年九月二十五日的 公告所披露,待香港特別行政區高等法院於二 零一九年九月二十五日就證券及期貨事務監察 委員會針對本公司若干董事發出的呈請的法律 程序得出結果之前,鄭偉德先生、廖嘉榮先生、 謝家榮先生、黃翼忠先生、黃智超先生及李瑞 恩先生已暫停彼等作為董事的職務,自二零二 零年九月二十五日起生效。

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from all the existing independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Board considers them to be independent.

根據GEM上市規則第5.09條之規定,本公司已接獲所有現任獨立非執行董事每年作出之獨立確認書。於本報告日期,董事會視彼等屬獨立。

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

# Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years, except terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, except terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

In order to attract and retain high quality staff and to enable smooth operation within the Group, the Group offers competitive remuneration packages (with reference to market conditions and individual qualifications and experience) and various in-house training courses. The remuneration packages are subject to review on a regular basis.

#### 董事服務合約

各執行董事均與本公司訂立服務合約為期三年,除非其中一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的事先書面通知予以終止為止。彼等須根據本公司的組織章程細則於本公司的股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事均與本公司訂立為期三年的 委任函件,除非其中一方向另一方發出不少於 三個月的事先書面通知予以終止。彼等須於本 公司的股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事均無 與本公司訂有任何不可於一年內免付補償(法 定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

#### 薪酬政策

為吸引及挽留優秀員工以維持本集團的穩健營運,本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇(參照市場情況及個人資歷及經驗)及多項內部培訓課程。 薪酬計劃亦會定期檢討。 The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the Group's operating results, market competitiveness, individual performance and achievement, to the Board for determination.

本公司薪酬委員會經考慮本集團的經營業績、 市場競爭力及個人績效與表現而向董事會建議 董事的薪酬供董事會釐定。

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals are set out in Note 32 and Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively. 董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士的詳情已分別載 列於綜合財務報表附註32及附註9。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

## 董事於重大交易、安排及合約之權 益

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

於本年度完結時或年內任何時間,本公司董事或其關連實體均無直接或間接於本公司或其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或母公司的有關本集團業務的重要交易、安排及合約中擁有重大權益。

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

#### 獲准彌償條文

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, every director of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company maintains directors and officers liability insurance, which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought against its directors. The level of the coverage is reviewed annually.

根據本公司之組織章程細則,本公司各董事就 其執行職務或與此有關所蒙受或招致之一切損 失或責任,均有權從本公司資產獲得彌償。本 公司已為董事及高級人員購買責任保險,覆蓋 範圍包括對董事採取的任何法律行動。覆蓋範 圍每年審視。

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 67 to 72 of this annual report.

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本年報第67 頁至72頁。

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

During the Year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

本年度內,本集團概無對適用法律及法規有嚴 重違反或不合規情況。

#### **COMPETING INTERESTS**

Based on the information available to the Company and within the knowledge and belief of the Directors, none of the Directors or the controlling shareholders of the Company (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) have any business or interest which competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or have any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group throughout the year ended 31 December 2020.

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2020, interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) held by the Directors and chief executives of the Company which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the standard of dealings by directors set out in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

#### 競爭權益

根據本公司可得資料及就董事所知及所信,於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度內,董 事或本公司控股股東(定義見GEM上市規則)概 無持有與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭 之業務或權益,或任何該等人士亦概無與本集 團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。

# 董事及主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團的股份及相關股份及債券中的權益及/或淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部所規定,須額分部的權益及淡倉(包括被領別的該等條文被當作或被視明集積的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或被視作擁有的權益及淡倉,或根據GEM上市規則第5.46至5.67條所載之董事進行交易之準則所規定,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

#### Long positions in shares of the Company:

#### 於本公司股份的好倉:

		Number of	Percentage of the Company's issued share
Name of Director	Capacity	shares held	capital 本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	所持有股份數目	股本百分比
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak 鄭偉德先生	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	923,427,151 (Note)(附註)	62.24%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,220,000	0.15%
Mr. Kan Man Wai 簡文偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	320,000	0.02%

#### Note:

These 923,427,151 shares are held by Winful Enterprises Limited ("Winful Enterprises"), which in turn is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Cheng Wai Tak. As such, Mr. Cheng Wai Tak is deemed under the SFO to be interested in these 923,427,151 shares held by Winful Enterprises.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the standard of dealings by directors set out in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### 附註:

該等923,427,151股股份由Winful Enterprises Limited (「Winful Enterprises」)持有,而Winful Enterprises由鄭偉德先生全資及實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,鄭偉德先生被視為於Winful Enterprises所持有的該等923,427,151股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部所規根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部所規定,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(被視作擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或視作擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本公司登記冊內的權益或淡倉,或根據GEM上市規則第5.46條至第5.67條所載董事進行交易的標準所規定,而須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

# 主要股東於本公司的股份及相關股份中的權益及/或淡倉

So far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 December 2020, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, the following persons/entities have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

就董事所知,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司主要行政人員外,下列人士/實體於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露或根據證券及期貨條例第336條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本公司登記冊內的權益或淡倉如下:

#### Long position in shares of the Company

#### 於本公司股份的好倉:

			Percentage of
			the Company's
		Number of	issued share
Name	Nature of interests	shares held	capital
			本公司已發行
名稱	權益性質	所持有股份數目	股本百分比
Winful Enterprises	Directly beneficially owned	923,427,151	62.24%
	直接實益擁有	(Note)(附註)	

Note: Mr. Cheng Wai Tak is deemed under the SFO to be interested in these 923,427,151 shares held by Winful Enterprises.

附註: 根據證券及期貨條例·鄭偉德先生被視為擁有Winful Enterprises持有的該等923,427,151股股份中擁有權 益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, no other person had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概無其他人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露或根據證券及期貨條例第336條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本公司登記冊內的任何權益或淡倉。

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

during the Year.

# No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed

#### 管理合約

本年度概無簽訂或出現有關本公司業務的全部 或主要部分的管理及行政合約。

#### MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 50.6% (2019: 42.2%) of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 17.5% (2019: 11.3%). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 89.5% (2019: 87.5%) of the total purchases for the year and purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 66.4% (2019: 69.2%).

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had an interest in these major suppliers or customers.

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The material related party transactions in relation to the key management personnel remuneration as disclosed in Note 30(c) to the consolidated financial statements are connected transactions exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 20.31(6) of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required by the GEM Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

### COMPLIANCE OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

All the independent non-executive Directors were delegated with the authority to review on an annual basis the compliance with the non-competition undertaking given by each of Mr. Cheng Wai Tak and Winful Enterprises, the controlling shareholders of the Company (collectively, the "Covenantors") in favour of the Company dated 20 January 2014 (the "Non-Competition Deed"). The Covenantors have provided to the Company all information necessary for the annual review by the independent non-executive Directors and the Covenantors have confirmed to the Company that each of the Covenantors and his/its associates has not breached the terms of the undertakings contained in the Non-Competition Deed. All independent non-executive Directors confirmed that they are not aware of any noncompliance with the Non-Competition Deed by the Covenantors during the Year.

#### 主要供應商及客戶

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向其五大客戶作出的銷售佔年度總銷售額約50.6%(二零一九年:42.2%),其中向最大客戶作出的銷售佔年度總銷售額約17.5%(二零一九年:11.3%)。本集團向五大供應商的採購約佔年度總採購額約89.5%(二零一九年:87.5%),其中向最大供應商的採購佔年度總採購額約66.4%(二零一九年:69.2%)。

概無董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份數目5%以上者)於該等主要供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

#### 關連交易

誠如綜合財務報表附註30(c)中所披露,有關主要管理人員薪酬的重大關連方交易屬根據GEM 上市規則第20.31(6)條獲豁免遵守申報、公告及 獨立股東批准規定的關連交易。

#### 足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及就董事所知, 於本報告日期,本公司保持GEM上市規則所指 定之公眾持股量。

#### 不競爭承諾的遵守情況

全體獨立非執行董事獲授權每年審閱由鄭偉德 先生及本公司的控股股東Winful Enterprises (統 稱「契諾人」)各自於二零一四年一月二十日以 不競爭承諾(「不競爭人 據」)之遵守情況。契諾人已向本公司提供討 所需資料供獨立非執行董事進行年度檢討 與諾人已向本公司確認各契諾人及其各自 契諾人已向本公司確認各契諾人及其各自 契諾人之非執行董事確認依等並 繫人並無違反不競爭契據所不 數 獨立非執行董事確認被等並的事宜。

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Details of the Non-Competition Deed have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus.

不競爭契據的詳情已載列於招股章程「與控股 股東的關係」一節。

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

# Save for the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

#### 權益掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃外,概無權益掛鈎協議於年內訂 立或於年末仍然生效。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

#### Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 43 of this annual report.

#### 企業管治

本公司所採納之企業管治常規詳情,載於本年報第22至43頁之企業管治報告內。

#### **AUDITOR**

# The consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire at the forth coming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company.

#### 核數師

綜合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審 核,其將於應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資 格提呈續任。一項決議案會於本公司應屆股東 週年大會上提呈,以續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所為本公司之核數師。

On behalf of the Board
Perfect Optronics Limited

代表董事會 **圓美光電有限公司** 

Kan Man Wai Acting Chairman Hong Kong, 19 March 2021

#### 簡文偉

*代理主席* 香港,二零二一年三月十九日

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



#### 羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of Perfect Optronics Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 94 to 163, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020:
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended: and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致圓美光電有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

#### 我們已審計的內容

圓美光電有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第94至163頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表:
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

#### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Inventory provision
- Valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 存貨撥備
- 重估按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Inventory provision 存貨估值及撥備

Refer to Note 2.12, Note 4.1(a) and Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.12、附註4.1(a)及附註20。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group held inventories of HK\$31,904,000. As described in the accounting policies in Note 2.12 to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團持有存貨 31,904,000港元。誠如綜合財務報表附註2.12會計政策所述,存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。

The Group operates in a market where new product releases are regular. There is a risk that inventories held will be sold below cost or become obsolete in light of technological advancement and changing market conditions. There is inherent judgement in the levels of sales and the selling price the directors forecast when assessing the net realisable value ("NRV").

貴集團經營的市場定期有新產品推出。因此所持存貨將面對以低於成本的價格出售或因科技發展及市況變動而過時的風險。於評估可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」)時,董事對銷售水平及售價的預測存在固有判斷。

Management calculates the NRV at each period end based on the estimated selling price less cost to sell, which requires significant judgements and assumptions to be made to determine the estimated selling price of individual products of similar nature and expectation of future sales based on current market conditions and available information. The estimations are also subject to uncertainty as a result of future changes of market trends, customer demands and technology development.

demands and technology development. 於各個期間末,管理層根據估計售價減銷售成本計算可變現淨值,釐定同類個別產品估計售價時,需要作出重大判斷及假設,而未來銷售預測則根據現行市況及可得資料釐定。估計亦受因市場趨勢、客戶需求及科技發展的未來變動而產生的不確定因素所限制。

We focused on this area because the estimation of NRV is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of inventory is considered significant due to subjectivity of significant assumptions used and significant judgements involved in selecting data.

involved in selecting data. 由於估計可變現淨值具有高度的估計不確定性,故我們專注於此領域。由於選擇數據時所使用的重大假設及重大判斷具有主觀性,存貨減值評估的固有風險被認為屬重大。 We understood, evaluated and tested relevant controls over management's estimation of NRV and periodic reviews of inventory obsolescence and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectively, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud; 我們瞭解、評估及測試管理層對可變現淨值的估計及存貨

我們瞭解、評估及測試管理層對可變現淨值的估計及存貨 陳舊度定期檢討的相關監控措施,並考慮估計的不確定性 及他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性、變動機管理偏差或 欺詐的可能性)的水準,以評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險。

We performed retrospective review by comparing previous estimates to actual outcome. We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of inventory provision to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;

我們通過比較先前估計及實際結果進行了回顧性審查。我們評估上一期間存貨撥備的估計結果,以評估管理層估計過程的有效性;

In relation to the types of products which had material balances as at year end, we challenged the assumptions applied by management on using the historical sales data which reflected the expected life cycle of similar products as the basis to estimate their future sales. We reconsidered these assumptions appropriate based on the Group's historical sales pattern.

就於年末有重大結餘的產品類型而言,我們已審視管理層 就於年末有重大結餘的產品類型而言,我們已審視管理層 所應用的假設,該等假設使用反映同類產品預計週期的過 往銷售數據作為估計其未來銷售的基準。根據 貴集團過 往的銷售模式,我們仍認為該等假設實屬適當。

We further discussed with management to understand the additional factors that were considered relevant based on the current market conditions that may require adjustments to the historical sales pattern for both the price and the quantity of the selected products and obtained evidence for these explanations. We independently evaluated the relevance of these factors and evidence supporting the estimation of the NRV by using our industry knowledge and external market analysis and found them to be reasonable. We further tested, on a sample basis, by comparing the estimated selling price and sales quantity with post yearend sales data of the selected products and found the estimated selling price and sales quantity in the NRV assessment to be within reasonable ranges.

assessment to be within reasonable ranges. 我們與管理層進一步討論,以了解管理層基於現時市況所考慮的其他相關因素,而可能需要對所選擇產品價格及數量的過往銷售趨勢作出調整,以及就該等解釋取得證據。我們以我們的行業知識及外部市場分析獨立評估該等因素的相關程度及支持可變現淨值估計的證據,並認為其屬合理。我們進一步運用抽樣測試,以估計售價及銷量與抽樣評估中的估計售價及銷量屬合理範圍。

Based on the work performed, we considered that the inventory provision provided was in line with the Group's policy and was supportable by historical market trends, customer demands, technology development as well as management's expectations for future sales and inventory management plans.

基於我們已執行的工作,我們認為所計提的存貨撥備符合 貴集團的政策,並由過往市場趨勢、客戶需求、科技發 展以及管理層對未來銷售的預期及存貨管理計劃所支持。

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

#### 重估按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

Refer to Note 3.3, Note 4.1(b) and Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註3.3、附註4.1(b)及附註19。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has an unlisted investment of HK\$59,547,000 measured at fair value through profit or loss, using market information and significant unobservable inputs.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,利用市場資料及重要不可觀察輸入數據,貴集團擁有按公允價值計入損益的非上市投資59,547,000港元。

The Group has engaged an external appraiser to assess the fair value of such unlisted investment. The appraised value is based on valuation models. Because of the limited comparable transactions in the market, it is challenging to validate the appraisal value and therefore inherent risks in the appraised value remain.

貴集團已聘用外部評估師評估該等非上市投資之公允價值。 評估價值乃以估值模型為基準。由於市場上可比較的交易 有限,核實評估價值甚為困難,因此評估價值存在固有風 险。

We focused on this area because the estimation of the fair value is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is considered significant due to subjectivity of significant assumptions

由於公允價值的估計存在高度的估計不確定性,故我們專注於此領域。由於所使用重要假設具有主觀性,按公允價值計入損益之金融資產的固有風險被認為屬重大。

We understood, evaluated and tested the operating effectiveness of related controls to determine that appropriate oversight from directors had been exercised within the valuations process and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.

我們了解、評估及測試相關監控的運作效果,以確定董事 已於估值過程中作出適當的監督,並考慮估計的不確定性 及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性變動及管理偏差或 欺詐的可能性)的水平,以評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險。

As the valuation of the unlisted investment required significant estimates and reliance on external valuation, we assessed the objectivity, independence and expertise of the external appraiser.

由於非上市投資之估值需要重大估算及依賴外部估值,我們已評定外部評估師的客觀性、獨立性及專業性。

In addition, we also assessed both the methodologies and assumptions used by management in the calculation of the year end fair value by the following procedures:

此外,我們亦評定管理層計算年末公允價值所用的方法及假設,程序如下:

- Evaluated the methodologies and key assumptions used in valuation models by comparing the assumptions used against appropriate benchmarks and investigated significant differences, challenging the appropriateness of the pricing multiples available from comparable companies and assessing sensitivities to assumptions. 評估估值模型使用之方法及主要假設,方法為將所使 用的假設與適當指標比較及調查重大差異,對可比較 公司的定價倍數是否恰當提出質疑及評估假設的敏感 度。
- Tested the data integrity for the valuation models. 對估值模型的數據完整程序進行測試。
- Used our valuation expert to perform independent assessment.

利用我們的估值專家進行獨立評估。

Based on the work performed, we considered the assumptions used above all fell within an acceptable range. 基於已執行的工作,我們認為上述全部使用的假設均屬於可接受範圍。

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Ka Ho.

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是吳 家豪。

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 19 March 2021

**羅兵咸永道會計師事務所** 執業會計師

香港,二零二一年三月十九日

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	<b>收入</b> 銷售成本	5, 6 8	206,973 (189,869)	166,607 (166,902)
Gross profit/(loss) Other gains, net Distribution and selling expenses General and administrative	毛利/(毛損) 其他收益淨額 分銷及銷售開支 一般及行政開支	7 8	17,104 3,256 (10,119)	(295) 3,069 (8,680)
expenses Research and development expenses	研究及開發開支	8	(26,747) (1,394)	(26,916) (1,972)
Operating loss Finance income Finance costs	<b>經營虧損</b> 財務收入 財務費用		(17,900) 31 (678)	(34,794) 170 (1,165)
Finance costs, net	財務費用淨額	10	(647)	(995)
Loss before income tax Income tax credit	<b>除所得税前虧損</b> 所得税抵免	11	(18,547) 17	(35,789) 141
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(18,530)	(35,648)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss): Item that may be subsequently reclassified to income	其他全面收益/(虧損): 隨後可重新分類至收益 表之項目			
statement Currency translation differences	外幣折算差額		86	23
Item that will not be subsequently reclassified to income statement Change in value of financial asset	<i>益表之項目</i> 按公允價值計入其他全			
at fair value through other comprehensive income	面收益之金融資產價 值變動		(797)	21
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額		(19,241)	(35,604)
Loss for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>年度虧損歸屬於</b> : 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(16,883) (1,647)	(34,078) (1,570)
			(18,530)	(35,648)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	年度全面虧損總額歸屬 於: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(17,586) (1,655)	(34,050) (1,554)
			(19,241)	(35,604)
Basic and diluted loss per share	每股基本及攤薄虧損	12	HK(1.14) cents (1.14)港仙	HK(2.30) cents (2.30)港仙

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合全面收益表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	835	1,732
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	9,867	12,292
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	5,322	5,322
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税項資產	25	171	155
Financial asset at fair value	按公允價值計入其他			
through other comprehensive	全面收益之金融			
income	資產	18	1,876	2,673
Financial asset at fair value	按公允價值計入損益			
through profit or loss	之金融資產	19	59,547	57,538
			77,618	79,712
	<b>计</b> 毛 次 <del>立</del>			
Current assets	流動資產	00	04.004	00.445
Inventories	存貨	20	31,904	32,445
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應	04	04.007	01 100
Cash and cash equivalents	收款 現金及現金等價物	21 22	34,007 76,403	21,198 70,308
Casif and Casif equivalents	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22	70,403	70,306
			142,314	123,951
Total assets	資產總額		219,932	203,663
			- ,	,
Equity and liabilities	權益及負債			
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔			
holders of the Company	權益			
Share capital	股本	23	14,837	14,837
Reserves	儲備		116,361	117,064
Retained earnings	留存收益		20,163	37,046
			151,361	168,947
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(245)	1,410
Total equity	權益總額		151,116	170,357

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Liabilities	負債			
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債	15	7,191	8,692
			7,191	8,692
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付			
Trade and other payables	款	24	57,253	19,514
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	4,372	5,098
Current income tax liabilities	當期所得税負債		<u> </u>	2
			61,625	24,614
Total liabilities	負債總額		68,816	33,306
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		219,932	203,663

The consolidated financial statements on pages 94 to 163 第94至163頁的綜合財務報表已於二零二一年三 were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 March 月十九日由董事會批准,並代表董事會簽署。 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

Chang Huan Chia 張桓嘉 Director 董事

Hsu Wai Man Helen 徐慧敏 Director 董事

The above consolidated statement of financial position 以上綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔權益									
				(Note 1) (附註1)		(Note 2) (附註2)					
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	m reserves 價 其他儲備 00 HK\$'000	Merger reserve 合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation reserve 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 留存收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2020	二零二零年一月一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	67	(415)	37,046	168,947	1,410	170,357
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	_	-	(16,883)	(16,883)	(1,647)	(18,530)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) Currency translation differences Change in value of financial asset at fair value	其他全面收益/(虧損) 外幣折算差額 按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金	-	-	-	-	-	94	-	94	(8)	86
through other comprehensive income	融資產價值變動	_	_	_	_	(797)	_	_	(797)	_	(797)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)總額	_	_	_	_	(797)	94	_	(703)	(8)	(711)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收益/(虧損)總額	_	_	_	-	(797)	94	(16,883)	(17,586)	(1,655)	(19,241)
Balance at 31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	(730)	(321)	20,163	151,361	(245)	151,116
Balance at 1 January 2019	二零一九年一月一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	46	(422)	71,124	202,997	-	202,997
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(34,078)	(34,078)	(1,570)	(35,648)
Other comprehensive income Currency translation differences Change in value of financial asset at fair value	<b>其他全面收益</b> 外幣折算差額 按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	16	23
through other comprehensive income	融資產價值變動	_	_	_	_	21		_	21	_	21
Total other comprehensive income	其他全面收益總額	-	_	-		21	7	-	28	16	44
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收益/(虧損)總額		_	_	_	21	7	(34,078)	(34,050)	(1,554)	(35,604)
Contributions from non-controlling interests (Note 13(a))	非控股權益注資(附註13(a))	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	2,964	2,964
Balance at 31 December 2019	二零一九年十二月三十一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	67	(415)	37,046	168,947	1,410	170,357

#### Notes:

- Other reserves include: (1) the difference between the share capital issued by the Company for acquisition of the subsidiaries pursuant to a reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") for the listing of the Company and the aggregate capital of the subsidiaries being acquired at the time of the Reorganisation; and (2) the amount of the loan waived by the controlling shareholder upon completion of a common control combination.
- 2 Revaluation reserve represents fair value reserve for financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### 附註:

- 其他儲備包括:(1)根據本公司上市進行的重組(「重組」),本公司就收購附屬公司已發行的股本及於重組時被收購的附屬公司之總資本的差額:及(2)完成共同控制合併時控股股東豁免之貸款金額。
- 2 重估儲備乃指按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資 產的公允價值儲備。

以上綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating	經營活動的現金流量			
activities Cash generated from operations Income tax recovered Interest paid	經營所得現金 收回所得税 已付利息	27	12,106 4 —	2,899 313 (275)
Payments of interest element of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債利息部分	15, 27	(678)	(890)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生淨現金		11,432	2,047
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Addition of intangible assets	購買物業、廠房及設備添置無形資產	14	(33)	(185) (2,200)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 已收利息		_ 31	10 170
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用淨現金		(2)	(2,205)
Cash flows from financing	融資活動的現金流量			
activities Repayments of bank borrowings Decrease in restricted bank deposits	償還銀行借貸 減少受限制銀行存款	27	_	(8,979) 10,335
Payments of principal element of lease liabilities		15, 27	(5,465)	(4,963)
Capital contribution from non- controlling interests	非控股權益注資	13(a)	_	2,964
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用淨現金		(5,465)	(643)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加 /(減少)淨額		5,965	(801)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物		70,308	71,153
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物匯兑 差額		130	(44)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等價物	22	76,403	70,308

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 13 June 2013, as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (as Revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The Company's shares are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in trading, development and sale of display and optics products and related electronic components. The Group also processes some of the products which it sells.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated.

## 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of Perfect Optronics Limited and its subsidiaries.

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and financial asset at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which have been measured at fair value.

#### 1 一般資料

圓美光電有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一三年六月十三日根據開曼群島公司法(修訂本)在開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處位於Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,而其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要經營顯示及光學產品及相關電子部件之貿易、開發及銷售。本集團亦為其銷售的部分產品進行加工。

除另有指明外,此等財務報表乃以港元 (「港元」)呈列,且所有數值均約整至最近 千位(「千港元」)。

#### 2 主要會計政策概要

本附註列載編製此等綜合財務報表時採用 的主要會計政策。除另有註明外,此等政 策在所有年度貫徹適用。綜合財務報表乃 為由圓美光電有限公司及其附屬公司組成 之本集團編製。

#### 2.1 編製基準

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

### (a) Amended standards adopted by the Group:

The Group has applied the following amended standards for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing on 1 January 2020:

- Definition of Material amendments to Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 1 and HKAS 8
- Definition of a Business amendments to HKFRS 3
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 1 — amendments to HKERS 9, HKAS 39 and HKERS 7
- Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估計。這亦需要管理層在應用本集團的會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度的判斷或高度複雜性的範疇,或涉及對財務報表作出重大假設和估計的範疇,在附註4中披露。

#### (a) 本集團採納之經修訂準則:

本集團於二零二零年一月一日 開始的年度報告期間首次採用 以下經修訂準則:

- 重要性的定義 香港會計 準則(「香港會計準則」)第1號及香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)
- 業務的定義 香港財務 報告準則第3號(修訂本)
- 利率基準改革一第一階段 一香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)
- 財務報告之經修訂概念 框架

上文列出的修訂對過往期間確認的金額概無任何影響,並預期不會對當前或未來期間產生重大影響。

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) New and amended standards issued but not yet adopted by the Group:

Certain new and amended standards have been published that are not mandatory for this reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of adoption of these new and amended standards to the Group but is not yet in a position to state whether any substantial change to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will result.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採納的新 訂及經修訂準則:

> 若干已頒佈的新訂及經修訂準 則並非於報告期間強制生效, 而本集團亦無提前採納。

> 本集團已開始評估採納該等新 訂及經修訂準則對本集團的影響,但尚未能説明是否會對本 集團的會計政策及財務報表的 呈列方式造成任何重大改變。

#### 2.2 綜合賬目原則

附屬公司乃指本集團對其有控制權的所有實體(包括結構性實體)。 事集團具有承擔或享有險與權權等 體所得之可變回報的風險動動。 並能透過其主導該實體活動對該轉團 影響該等回報,即本集團對討權實 具有控制權。附屬公司由控制權 至本集團之日起全數綜合計算, 制權終止之日停止綜合計算。

對本集團的業務合併進行會計處理 時使用收購會計法。

附屬公司業績及權益中的非控股權 益分別於綜合全面收益表、綜合權 益變動表及綜合財務狀況表中單獨 呈列。

#### 2.3 Business combinations

Except for the Reorganisation and business combinations under common control, the Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred,
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.3 業務合併

除重組及共同控制下的業務合併以外,本集團採用收購法為業務合併入賬。收購附屬公司的轉讓代價包 括:

- 已轉讓資產的公允價值
- 被收購業務原擁有人所承擔負債
- 本集團發行的股本權益
- 因或然代價安排而產生的任何 資產或負債的公允價值,及
- 於附屬公司任何先前已存在股權的公允價值

收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

#### 當:

- 所轉讓代價,
- 被收購實體的任何非控股權益 金額,及
- 於被收購實體先前的任何股本權益於收購日期的公允價值

#### 2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.3 業務合併(續)

超出所收購可識別資產淨值的公允價值時,其差額以商譽列賬。倘該等款項低於所收購業務的可識別資產淨值的公允價值,則差額將直接於綜合全面收益表中確認為議價購買。

倘業務合併分階段進行,則收購方 先前持有的被收購方股本權益於收 購日期的賬面值於收購日期重新 公允價值計量。任何因該項重新計 量產生的收益或虧損於綜合全面收 益表中確認。

#### 2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本扣除減值 入賬。成本亦包括投資之直接歸屬 成本。附屬公司之業績在本公司賬 目內按已收及應收股息入賬。

倘自附屬公司收取之股息超過宣派股息期間該附屬公司之綜合以總合,或倘在獨立財務報表之投投投面值超出綜合財務報表所受改被賬資面值之資產淨值(包括商譽)之股惠時質於收取該等投資進行減值則該等附屬公司之投資進行減值測試。

#### 2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the directors, who make strategic decisions.

#### 2.6 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains, net".

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.5 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向首席經營 決策者呈報內部報告的方式一致。 首席經營決策者負責分配資源和評 核各經營分部的表現,並確定為作 策略性決定的董事。

#### 2.6 外幣折算

#### (a) 功能及列報貨幣

本集團每個實體的財務資料所列項目均以該實體經營所在的主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以港元列報,港元為本公司的功能貨幣及本集團的列報貨幣。

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易當日或項 重新計量的估值日期的算為功能貨幣。由結值的 實為功能貨幣。計值的有關 屬產生及將外幣計值的貨產和負債以年終匯率折合 產和負債以年終匯本結合 於進元,其他收益淨額」內確 認。

#### 2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (b) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position,
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions), and
- all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 外幣折算(續)

#### (b) 交易及結餘(續)

#### (c) 集團公司

所有集團實體(全部均非採用 高通脹經濟體系的貨幣)的功 能貨幣倘有別於列報貨幣,其 業績及財務狀況須按如下方式 折算為列報貨幣:

- 每份列報的財務狀況表內的資產和負債按該財務狀況表日期的收市匯率折算;
- 每份收益表內的收益和費用按平均匯率折算(除非此平均匯率並不計費)等
   一次易合理約數:在此影響的合理約數:在此影響的內與直見於交別期折算);及
- 所有由此產生的外幣折 算差異在其他全面收益 中確認。

#### 2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### (c) Group companies (Continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### (d) Disposal of foreign operation

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 外幣折算(續)

#### (c) 集團公司(續)

收購境外實體時產生的商譽及 公允價值調整乃作為該境外實 體的資產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。

#### (d) 出售外國業務

#### 2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold Over the shorter of improvements the term of the

leases or 5 years

Moulds and machinery 2-5 years Furniture and office 3-5 years

equipment

Motor vehicles 4-5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains, net".

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃以歷史成本減 累計折舊及累計減值虧損後列賬。 歷史成本包括與收購該等項目直接 應佔的開支。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊採用以下 的估計可使用年期將其成本按直線 法分攤至剩餘價值計算:

租賃樓宇裝修 租期或5年,

取較短者

模具及機器 2至5年 傢俱及辦公室設備 3至5年

汽車 4至5年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每個報告期末進行檢討,及在適當時 調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回 價值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回 金額。

出售的收益和損失按所得款與賬面 值的差額釐定,並在綜合全面收益 表中「其他收益淨額」內確認。

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

#### Club memberships

Club memberships with indefinite useful life are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

#### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### 2.10 Investments and other financial assets

#### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 無形資產

#### 會所會籍

無期限的會所會籍乃按成本值減任 何減值虧損列賬。

#### 2.9 非金融資產減值

可使用年期為無期限的無形資產不 作攤銷,並會每年評估有否出現減 值,或倘有事件或情況變動顯示可 能出現減值會更頻繁進行評估。當 出現若干事件或情況有所改變而導 致未必能收回賬面值時,會就其他 資產進行測試,以確定有否出現減 值。當資產賬面值超過可收回金 額,則有關差額確認為減值虧損, 而可收回金額指資產公允價值減銷 售成本與使用價值兩者的較高者。 就評估減值而言,資產按獨立可識 別現金流量(大部分獨立於其他資產 或資本組別所得現金流入)(現金產 出單元)的最低水平歸類。已減值之 非金融資產(商譽除外)於各報告期 末檢討是否可能撥回減值。

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產

#### (a) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為以 下計量類別:

- 其後按公允價值計量(不 論計入其他全面收益或 損益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (a) Classification (Continued)

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (a) 分類(續)

分類視乎該實體管理金融資產 之業務模式及現金流量之合約 年期。

就按公允價值計量之資產而言,收益及虧損將計入損益與 其他全面收益。就並非持作閱 賣之股本工具投資而言,將視 乎本集團是否已於初步確認時 作出不可撤回選擇將股本面 按公允價值計入其他全面收 益。

本集團只限於其管理該等資產 之業務模式改變時方會將債務 投資重新分類。

#### (b) 確認及取消確認

常規購買及出售的金融資產在 交易日確認 一交易日指產 要承諾購買或出產收取售 資產。當從金到期或已有 量的權利已實質上將所有 量數和 有風險和報調 有風險和確認。

#### (c) 計量

於初步計量時,本集團按金融資產之公允價值另加(倘金融資產並非按公允價值計應計算之分,與購金融資產直接應的收購金融資產直接應。按多別成本計量金融資產。按查之份價值計入損益之金面收益表交易成本於綜合全面收益表支銷。

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement (Continued)

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt investments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and presented in "other gains, net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量(續)

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融資產的現金流量是否僅支付本金和利息時,需從金融資產的整體進行考慮。

#### 債務投資

債務工具的後續計量取決於本 集團管理該項資產時商業模式 和該項資產的現金流量特點。 本集團按照以下三種計量方式 對債務工具進行分類:

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) Measurement (Continued)

#### (c) 計量(續)

#### Debt investments (Continued)

### 債務投資(續)

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains, net. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains, net and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

按公允價值計入其他全 面收益:以收取合約現 金流量及出售該金融資 產為目的而持有,且其 現金流量僅支付本金和 利息的資產,以按公允 價值計入其他全面收益 之方式計量。除確認減 值虧損、利息收入及匯 兑損益計入綜合全面收 益表外,賬面價值變動 計入其他全面收益。當 金融資產終止確認時, 以前在計入其他全面收 益的累計收益或虧損從 權 益 重 分 類 至 損 益 中, 並在其他收益淨額中確 認。該等金融資產的利 息收入用實際利率法計 算,計入財務收入。匯 兑收益及虧損在其他收 益淨額中呈列,而減值 開支則於綜合全面收益 表內作為獨立項目呈列。

 FVTPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and presented within "other gains, net" in the period in which it arises. 

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement (Continued)

#### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in other gains, net in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### (d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量(續)

### 權益工具

按公允價值計入損益的金融資產的公允價值變動在綜合是 收益表之其他收益/(虧損)。 額內確認(如適用)。按公允完 值計入其他全面收益的權益投資的減值虧損(及減值虧損級 回)與其他公允價值變動未分 開列示。

#### (d) 減值

對於以攤銷成本計量和按公允 價值計入其他全面收益的債務 工具,本集團就預期信貸虧損 做出前瞻性評估。應用之減值 方法取決於信貸風險是否顯著 增加。

對於應收賬款,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號應用簡化方式,其規定預期全期虧損自應收賬款之初步確認中確認。

#### 2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials and other direct costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets. Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

#### 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.11 抵銷金融工具

金融資產及負債於擁有可依法強制 執行權利抵銷已確認金額及於擬按 淨額基準結付或同時變現資產及結 付負債時予以抵銷:有關淨額則於 綜合財務狀況表內列報。

#### 2.12 存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者之 較低者列賬。成本乃按加權平均法 釐定。製成品及在製品的成本包括 原料及其他直接成本。可變現淨值 為於日常業務過程中的估計售價減 估計完成成本及估計作出銷售所需 成本。

#### 2.13 應收賬款及其他應收款

#### 2.14 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表的呈列而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存款及流動性高且原有到期日在三個月或以下之其他短期投資(可隨時轉換為已知金額的現金及價值變動的風險很低)。

#### 2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 2.16 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.15 股本

普通股分類為權益。

與發行新股份或購股權直接有關的 增量成本,均列入權益作為所得款 項的減少(扣除稅項)。

#### 2.16 應付賬款及其他應付款

#### 2.17 借貸

#### 2.17 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.18 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.17 借貸(續)

當合約訂明的責任解除、取消或屆滿時,借款自綜合財務狀況表剔除。已消除或轉讓予另一方的金融負債的賬面值與已支付代價(包括任何已轉讓的非現金資產或所承擔的負債)之間的差額,在綜合全面收益表中確認為財務費用。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的 結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個 月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

#### 2.18 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產的 支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收入, 應自合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣 除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的綜 合全面收益表中支銷。

#### 2.19 當期及遞延所得税

期內所得税費用或抵免指基於各司法權區適用所得税率計算的當期應課税收入應繳税項,並就暫時性差額及未動用税項虧損所產生的遞延所得稅資產及負債變動作出調整。

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 當期及遞延所得税(續)

#### (a) 當期所得税

當期所得稅費用根據本集團經營及產生應課稅收入或實管及產生應課稅稅稅可或實管實務狀況表日已頒佈計算。的預稅務法例解釋所的稅務法例解釋所稅稅,定期評估報稅表數預的情況定期評估報稅表數預的情況定適用情況的稅款設定稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

#### (b) 遞延所得税

遞延所得税利用負債法就資產 和負債的税基與資產和負債在 綜合財務報表的賬面值的差額 而產生的暫時性差異悉數計提 撥備。然而,倘遞延所得税負 債產生自商譽的初始確認,則 不會確認遞延所得稅負債。倘 遞延所得税來自在交易(不包 括業務合併)中對資產或負債 的初始確認,而在交易時不影 響會計損益或應課稅利潤或損 失,亦不作記賬。 遞延所得税 採用在報告期末前已頒佈或實 質 上已頒佈, 並在有關的遞延 所得税資產實現或遞延所得税 負債結算時預期將會適用的稅 率(及法例)而釐定。

僅當可能有未來應課稅金額用 於動用該等暫時性差額及虧損 時,方會確認遞延所得稅資 產。

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### (b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred income tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 2.20 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group pays contributions to defined contribution plans in Hong Kong. The schemes are generally funded through payments to separate trustee-administered funds, determined by periodic calculations.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 當期及遞延所得税(續)

#### (b) 遞延所得税(續)

倘本公司有能力控制暫時性差額的撥回時機及差額可能不會 在可見未來撥回的情況下,不 會就外國業務投資的賬面值與 税基之間的暫時性差額確認遞 延所得稅資產及負債。

當期及遞延所得稅乃於綜合全面收益表內確認,惟倘其涉及於其他全面收益內確認或其直別於權益內確認的項目,則作別論。在此情況下,亦亦分別於權益面收益或直接於權益確認稅項。

#### 2.20 僱員福利

#### (a) 退休金責任

本集團向香港的定額供款計劃 供款。有關計劃資金一般來自 對獨立受託管理基金的付款, 有關付款按定期進行的計算釐 定。

定額供款計劃為一項退休金計劃,本集團根據該計劃為方計劃的獨立計劃,本集團根據該。尚國主任,國立無足夠資產支付所。所有僱的資產,所有僱的不明問及過往期間,本定員所以與一步供款的法定或推定責任。

#### 2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

### (a) Pension obligations (Continued)

The Group pays contributions to administered pension plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

The Group has also participated in the defined contribution plans administered by the relevant authorities in the PRC and Taiwan for its employees. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant authorities. The relevant authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds managed by the relevant authorities. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

#### (b) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments wholly due within 12 months after the balance sheet date are recognised as a liability where the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 僱員福利(續)

#### (a) 退休金責任(續)

#### (b) 獎金計劃

當本集團因為僱員已提供的服務而產生現有法律或推定責任,而責任金額能可靠估計時,則在資產負債表日後12個月內全數到期的獎金預計成本確認為負債。

#### 2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Provision for an onerous contract is recognised when the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling the contract and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil the contract.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to anyone item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expenses.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 僱員福利(續)

#### (c) 僱員應享假期

僱員享有的年假於歸屬於僱員 時確認。已就僱員至財務狀況 表日提供服務所享年假的估計 負債作出撥備。

僱員享有的病假及產假直至放 假時確認。

#### 2.21 撥備

如有多項類似責任,於釐定其需流 出資源以結清責任的可能性時,會 整體考慮該責任類別。即使在同一 責任類別所包含的任何一個項目相 關的資源流出的可能性極低,仍須 確認撥備。

撥備乃按預期需用作清償責任開支 以税前比率計算的現值衡量,其反 映當時市場對金錢的時間值及該責 任的特定風險評估。因時間的流逝 而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

#### 2.22 Revenue recognition

#### (a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has accepted the products, the collection of the related consideration is probable and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### (b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a timeproportion basis using the effective interest method.

### 2.23 Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.22 收入確認

#### (a) 產品銷售

貨品銷售於產品控制權轉移, 即當產品交付客戶、客戶接納 產品、可收取相關代價且概無 可能影響客戶接納產品之未履 行責任時予以確認。

應收款項於交付貨品時確認, 原因為付款到期前僅須待時間 過去,故代價於此時間點為無 條件。

#### (b) 利息收入

利息收入根據時間比例以實際 利息法確認。

#### 2.23 每股盈利

#### (a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃按以下方式計 算:

- 本公司擁有人應佔溢利 (不包括普通股以外的任 何服務權益成本)除以
- 財政年度內未發行普通股加權平均數(已就年內已發行普通股紅利因素作出調整及撇除庫存股份)。

#### 2.23 Earnings per share (Continued)

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 2.24 Dividend income

Dividends are received from financial assets measured at FVTPL and at FVOCI. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of an investment. In this case, the dividend is recognised in other comprehensive income if it relates to an investment measured at FVOCI. However, the investment may need to be tested for impairment as a consequence.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.23 每股盈利(續)

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整釐定每股基本盈利所用的數字,經計及:

- 潛在攤薄普通股相關利息及其他融資成本的除 所得稅後影響;及
- 假設所有潛在攤薄普通 股獲兑換而尚未發行的 額外普通股的加權平均 數。

#### 2.24 股息收入

#### 2.25 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership were not transferred to the Group as lessee were classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) were charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

From 1 January 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.25 租賃

大部分擁有權的風險和回報並無轉入本集團(以承租人身份)的租賃,已分類為經營租賃。根據經營租賃支付的款項(扣除已收出租人的任何優惠)於租期內以直線法於損益扣除。

自二零一九年一月一日起,租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日確認 為使用權資產及相關負債。

租賃所產生的資產及負債初始按現值基準計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款) 減任何應收租賃優惠
- 基於指數或利率並於開始日期 按指數或利率初步計量的可變 租賃付款
- 剩餘價值擔保下的本集團預期 應付款項
- 購買選擇權的行使價(倘本集團合理確定行使該選擇權);及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租期 反映本集團行使權利終止租 約)。

根據合理確定延長選擇權作出的租賃付款亦計入負債的計量。

#### 2.25 Leases (Continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group, where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.25 租賃(續)

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以貼現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(本集團的租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承租人增量借款利率,即個別承租人在類似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條件借入獲得與使用權資產價值類似的資產所需資金必須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團在可能情況下,使用個別承租人最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點作出調整,以反映自獲得第三方融資以來融資條件的變動

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作出分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損益扣除,藉以令各期間負債餘額的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各項:

- 初始計量租賃負債的金額
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任何 租賃付款減任何已收租賃優惠
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 復原成本。

#### 2.25 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

#### 2.26 Government subsidies

Subsidies from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the subsidies will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government subsidies relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.25 租賃(續)

使用權資產一般於資產的可使用年期及租賃期(以較短者為準)內按直線法予以折舊。倘本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權,則使用權資產於相關資產的可使用年期內予以折舊。

與短期租賃以及所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款,於租期內按直線法於損益確認為開支。短期租賃指租賃期為12個月或以下的租賃。

#### 2.26 政府補貼

倘有合理保證本集團將會自政府收 到補貼,且將符合所有附帶條件, 該補貼會按公允價值確認。

與成本相關的政府補貼會被遞延, 並在與其擬補償成本相配的所需期 間內損益確認。

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and price risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by the senior management of the Group.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is primarily exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from United States dollars ("USD"), Renminbi ("RMB") and New Taiwan dollars ("TWD").

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. Management periodically reviews assets and liabilities held in currencies other than the entity's functional currency to ensure that net exposure is kept at an acceptable level. The Group does not enter into any arrangement to hedge its foreign exchange rate risk.

The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates. In the opinion of the directors, HK\$ are reasonably stable against the USD under the Linked Exchange Rate System, and accordingly, no sensitivity analysis with respect to the USD against HK\$ is performed.

### 3 財務風險管理

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

#### (a) 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團主要承受美元 (「美元」)、人民幣(「人 民幣」)及新台幣(「新台 幣」)的外匯風險。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (a) Market risk (Continued)
    - (i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the impact on exchange differences for TWD and RMB are immaterial as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 due to the low volume of transactions and minimal amount of balances, and accordingly no sensitivity analysis is performed.

# (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank balances. Other than bank balances, the Group does not have significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities.

At 31 December 2020, if interest rates on bank balances had been 100 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the pre-tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$764,000 (2019: HK\$703,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from bank balances.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (i) 外匯風險(續)

### (ii) 現金流量及公允價值利 率風險

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

#### (iii) Price risk

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the consolidated statement of financial position either as FVOCI or at FVTPL.

At 31 December 2020, if the fair values of the investments classified as financial assets at FVTPL and FVOCI had been 10% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's pre-tax loss and other components of equity would have been approximately HK\$5,955,000 lower/higher (2019: HK\$5,754,000 lower/higher) and approximately HK\$188,000 higher/ lower (2019: HK\$267,000 higher/ lower) respectively. Pre-tax loss for the year would decrease/increase as a result of gains/losses on financial asset classified as at FVTPL. Other components of equity would increase/decrease as a result of gains/losses on financial asset classified as FVOCI.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from trade and other receivables, restricted bank deposits and bank balances. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. The credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the financial position of the debtors, past experience and other factors.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories and the Group performs regular credit evaluations of its major customers.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) 市場風險(續)

#### (iii) 價格風險

本集團承擔的價格風險,乃源於本集團所擔本集團所 險,乃源於本集團持 資於綜合財務公財區 中分類為以按公益。 計入其他全計 公允價值計 分損益。

於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,倘分類為按 公允價值計入損益及按 公允價值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產之投資 的公允價值上升/下降 10%,而所有其他變數維持不變,本集團之除 税前金融資產虧損及其 他部分權益將分別減少 /增加約5,955,000港元 (二零一九年:減少/增 加 約5,754,000港 元)及 增加/減少188,000港元(二零一九年:增加/減 少267,000港 元)。年 內 除税前利潤將因分類為 按公允價值計入損益的 金融資產之收益/虧損增加/減少。其他股本部分將因分類為按公允 價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產之收益/虧 損增加/減少。

#### (b) 信貸風險

本集團實施相關政策,確保其 產品銷售乃向具有合適信貸紀 錄的客戶作出,本集團亦會對 其主要客戶進行定期信貸評 估。

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group applies the lifetime expected loss provision, as permitted under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments, for all trade and bills receivables.

The Group considers the credit risk characteristics of the trade and bills receivables to measure the expected credit loss ("ECL"). For the trade and bills receivables, the Group has assessed the ECL by considering historical default rates, existing market conditions and forward-looking information. Based on the Group's assessment, ECL rate of trade and bills receivables is close to zero. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these trade and bills receivables balances was not material.

Restricted bank deposits and bank balances are deposited in reputable banks. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to settle the payables of the Group.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

本集團根據香港財務報告準則 第9號財務工具、的規定,對 全部應收賬款及票據應用全期 預期虧損撥備。

受限制銀行存款及銀行存款均 存於具信譽的銀行,銀行結餘 存放於具信譽的銀行。管理層 預期不會因此等銀行不履行付 款責任而產生任何虧損。

#### (c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包括 確保持有足夠現金及有價證 券、有充足的已承諾信貸融 資,及有能力償還本集團的應 付款。

下表列示本集團的金融負債根據由財務狀況表日至合約期間按照相關到期的分析。在表內披露的別進行的分析。在表內披露的現金額為合約未貼現的現金流量。由於折現影響並不重與其數的12個月內到期的結餘相等。

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

		Less than 1 year 一年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 5 years 一至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年			
Trada navahlaa	<b>十二月三十一日</b> 應付賬款	44 QQE		44 00E
Trade payables		44,885	_	44,885
Other payables	其他應付款	9,403	7.504	9,403
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,905	7,591	12,496
		59,193	7,591	66,784
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日			
Trade payables	應付賬款	14,467	_	14,467
Other payables	其他應付款	4,008	_	4,008
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,735	9,453	15,188
		24,210	9,453	33,663

#### 3.2 Capital management

# The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-asset ratio. The ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total assets. Total debt is calculated as interest-bearing borrowings. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares and sell assets to reduce debt.

#### 3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資金的目標是保障本集 團持續經營的能力,以為股東帶來 回報,同時兼顧其他利益相關者的 利益,並維持最佳的資本結構以減 低資金成本。

本集團根據負債資產比率監察資本。該比率按負債總額除以資產總額計算。負債總額按計息借貸資額,為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能會調整支付予股東的股東發還資金、發行新股或出售資產以減低債務。

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

Financial instruments carried at fair value are analysed by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, and trade, bills and other receivables; and the Group's financial liabilities, including bank borrowings, trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

The nominal values less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計

按公允價值入賬的金融工具按估值 方法分析。不同層級界定如下:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場的報價(未經調整)(第1層)。
- 除了第1層所包括的報價外, 該資產和負債的可觀察的其他 輸入,可為直接(即例如價格) 或間接(即源自價格)(第2層)。
- 資產和負債並非依據可觀察市場數據的輸入(即非可觀察輸入)(第3層)。

本集團金融資產之公允價值,包括 現金及現金等價物、應收賬款、應 收票據及其他應收款;以及本集團 之金融負債,包括銀行借貸、應付 賬款及其他應付款,由於其到期時 間較短,其賬面值與公允價值相若。

就到期日少於一年之金融資產及負債而言,面值減任何估計信貸調整乃假設與其公允價值相若。就被值的而言,金融負債之公允價值的本集團就類似金融工具可獲得之現行市場利率將未來合約現金流頻稅估計。

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the consolidated statement of financial position across the three levels.

下表列報三個級別於綜合財務狀況 表按公允價值計量之金融工具賬面 值。

		W —	エーハー・		
		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第3層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
		1 /6 /6	1 /8 /0	1 /8 /0	1 /8 /6
Recurring fair value	經常性公允價值				
measurements	計量				
Financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入				
<ul> <li>Unlisted preferred</li> </ul>	損益之金融資產 一 非上市優先股				
shares	<b>乔工印度儿</b> 放	_	_	59,547	59,547
Financial asset at FVOCI	按公允價值計入			33,3	33,31.
	其他全面收益之				
	金融資產				
<ul><li>Unlisted equity securities</li></ul>	一 非上市股權 證券	_	_	1,876	1,876
360diffies				1,070	1,070
		_	_	61,423	61,423
			measurement as		
		於一参一儿: Level 1	年十二月三十 Level 2	-一日之公方 Level 3	頂阻計里 Total
		第1層	第2層	第3層	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	/= N/				
Recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允價值 計量				
	<u> </u>				
FINANCIAL ASSEL AL EVIEL	按公允價值計入				
Financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入 損益之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Unlisted preferred</li> </ul>					
<ul><li>Unlisted preferred shares</li></ul>	損益之金融資產 一 非上市優先股	_	-	57,538	57,538
<ul> <li>Unlisted preferred</li> </ul>	損益之金融資產 一 非上市優先股 按公允價值計入	-	-	57,538	57,538
<ul><li>Unlisted preferred shares</li></ul>	損益之金融資產 一 非上市優先股 按公允價值計入 其他全面收益之	-	_	57,538	57,538
<ul><li>Unlisted preferred shares</li></ul>	損益之金融資產 一 非上市優先股 按公允價值計入	_	_	57,538	57,538

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year (2019: Nil).

年內第1層、第2層與第3層之間並無轉撥(二零一九年:無)。

60,211

60,211

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允 價值計量(第3層)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019:

下表呈報截至二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度第3層工具之變動:

		Unlisted preferred	Unlisted equity	
		· shares 非上市	securities 非上市	Total
		<b>優先股</b> HK\$'000 千港元	を <b>股權證券</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
Opening balance 1 January 2019 Fair value gain on revaluation recognised	於二零一九年一月一日之 年初結餘 於其他全面收益確認之 重估公允價值收益	54,988	2,652	57,640
in other comprehensive income Fair value gain on	於其他收益淨額確認之	_	21	21
revaluation recognised in other gains, net	重估公允價值收益	2,550		2,550
Closing balance 31 December 2019 Fair value loss on revaluation recognised	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日之年末結餘 於其他全面收益確認之 重估公允價值虧損	57,538	2,673	60,211
in other comprehensive income Fair value gain on revaluation recognised	於其他收益淨額確認之 重估公允價值收益	_	(797)	(797)
in other gains, net		2,009		2,009
Closing balance 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日之年末結餘	59,547	1,876	61,423

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

# Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (Continued)

# 使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允價值計量(第3層)(續)

The following table summarises the valuation techniques used and the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements:

下表概述於第3層公允價值計量所用 估值技巧及所用重大不可觀察輸入 數據的定量資料:

Relationship of unobservable inputs

Des 説明	scription 明	Valuation technique 估值技術	inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據		to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的關係
(a)	Preferred shares issued by a private entity	2020: Market comparable companies and equity value allocation with option-pricing method	Volatility	53.21% (2019: 54.19%)	10% increase/(decrease) in the volatility would result in (decrease)/increase in fair value by approximately (HK\$344,000)/ HK\$157,000 (2019: (HK\$175,000)/ HK\$367,000)
	一間私營企業發行之 優先股	二零二零年:市場可比較公司及使用 期權定價法分配股權價值	波幅	53.21% (二零一九年: 54.19%)	波幅增加/(減少)10%,將令公允價值(減少)/增加約(344,000港元)/157,000港元(二零一九年:(175,000港元)/367,000港元)
		2019: Market comparable companies and equity value allocation with option-pricing method 二零一九年:市場可比較公司及使用期權定價法分配股權價值			
(b)	Ordinary shares issued by a private entity	Discounted cash flow method (2019: same)	WACC	15.42% (2019: 13.61%)	10% increase/(decrease) in WACC would result in (decrease)/increase in fair value by approximately (HK\$224,000)/ HK\$280,000 (2019: (HK\$260,000)/ HK\$364,000)
	一間私營企業發行之 普通股	贴現現金流方法(二零一九年:相同)	加權平均資本成本	15.42% (二零一九年: 13.61%)	加權平均資本成本增加/(減少)10%,將令 公允價值(減少)/增加約(224,000港元) /280,000港元(二零一九年:(260,000港元)/364,000港元)

Significant unobservable

Valuations of the above financial assets held by the Group as at the end of the reporting period were performed by independent valuers. 本集團於報告期末所持的以上金融 資產的估值由獨立估值師進行。

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4 AND JUDGEMENTS

# IMATES 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

編製財務報表須進行會計估計,顧名思義,有關估計很少相等於實際結果。管理層亦需在應用本集團的會計政策時作出判斷。

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

估計及判斷乃持續評估。有關估計及判斷 乃基於過往經驗及其他因素作出,包括可 能對實體產生財務影響及根據情況認為合 理的未來事件預期。

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates

#### (a) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in consumer preferences and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management reassesses these estimations by each date of the statement of financial position to ensure inventories are shown at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

# (b) Estimation of the fair value of certain financial assets

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

#### 4.2 Critical accounting judgements

#### (a) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

# 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 4.1 關鍵會計估計

#### (a) 存貨的可變現淨值

#### (b) 若干金融資產的公允價值估計

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工 具的公允價值利用估值技術釐 定。本集團利用判斷選取多種 方法,並主要根據每個報告期 末當時的市場情況作出假設。

#### 4.2 關鍵會計判斷

#### (a) 金融資產減值

金融資產虧損撥備乃基於有關 違約風險及預期虧損比率的假 設作出。本集團在作出該等假 設及選擇減值計算的輸入數據 時,根據於各報告期末的本集 團過往歷史、現有市況及前瞻 性估計作出判斷。

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4.2 Critical accounting judgements (Continued)

#### (b) Determination of the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision-maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment focuses on the revenue analysis by products.

Previously, the Group had disclosed two reportable operating segments, including the display products segment and the optics products segment. Due to the recent decline in contribution from optics products segment to the Group, no other discrete financial information is provided for the assessment of different business activities, other than the Group's results and financial position as a whole since 2020. Accordingly, only entity-wide disclosures, major customers and geographic information are presented.

# 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 4.2 關鍵會計判斷(續)

#### (b) 釐定租期

釐定租期時,管理層考慮形成 行使延長選擇權或不行使終 選擇權的經濟誘因的所有事定 及狀況。倘租賃可合理確長 會延長(或不會終止),延長 擇權(或終止選擇權後期間)方 計入租期之內。

### 5 分部資料

向本公司董事(即首席經營決策者)呈報以 進行資源分配及評估的資料聚焦於按產品 劃分的收入分析。

本集團之前披露了兩個可報告經營分部, 包括顯示產品分部及光學產品分部。由於 近期光學產品分部對本集團的貢獻下跌, 自二零二零年起,除了本集團的整體業績 及財務狀況外,並無提供其他獨立財務 料用作評估各項不同業務活動。因此,僅 呈列實體整體披露、主要客戶及地理資 料。

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 5 分部資料(續)

- (a) The Group's revenues from its major products for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:
- (a) 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團來自其 主要產品之收入載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Thin film transistor liquid	薄膜電晶體液晶體顯示		
crystal display ("TFT-LCD")	(「TFT-LCD」)面板及模		
panels and modules	組	138,466	135,040
Polarisers	偏光板	35,794	4,721
Electronic signage	電子廣告板	11,774	7,749
Optics products	光學產品	6,353	2,458
Light guide plates	導 光 板	1,440	2,332
Integrated circuits	集成電路	1,196	5,325
Others	其他	11,950	8,982
		206,973	166,607

(b) Segment revenue by customers' geographical location

(b) 按客戶地理位置劃分的分部收入

The amount of the Group's revenue from external customers by locations where the Group's products are delivered to its customers is shown in the table below.

本集團按其向客戶交付產品的地點 劃分的外部客戶所產生收入金額於 下表列示。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong The People's Republic of	香港 中華人民共和國(「中國」)	157,261	126,768
China (the "PRC")	1 + / (24)/ (15 円 (1 1 円 1)	42,764	31,350
Taiwan	台灣	6,948	8,489
		206,973	166,607

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 5 分部資料(續)

- (c) Revenues from major customers who have individually contributed 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 are disclosed as follows:
- (c) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,來自主要客戶(各佔本集團總收入10%或以上)的收入披露如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A Customer B	客戶A 客戶B	36,130 31,589	4,360 8,489
		67,719	12,849

- (d) An analysis of the Group's non-current assets (other than financial assets and deferred income tax assets) by location of assets is as follows:
- (d) 按資產位置,本集團之非流動資產 (不包括金融資產及遞延所得税項資 產)分析如下:

		Hong Kong 香港	The PRC 中國	Taiwan 台灣	Total 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2020: Non-current assets	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日: 非流動資產				
Property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備	0.4	0.1.1	440	005
equipment	<b>血</b>	81	644	110	835
Intangible assets	無形資產	4,200	1,122	_	5,322
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,806	6,932	129	9,867
		7,087	8,698	239	16,024
As at 31 December 2019: Non-current assets Property, plant and	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日: 非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備				
equipment	70 未 顺乃及以旧	253	1,386	93	1,732
Intangible assets	無形資產	4,200	1,122	_	5,322
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	3,402	8,698	192	12,292
		7,855	11,206	285	19,346

#### 6 REVENUE

### 3 收入

Revenue represents the sales of display products, optics products and related electronic components, and other products to external parties.

收入指銷售顯示產品、光學產品及相關電子部件和其他產品予外界人士所得收入。

# 7 OTHER GAINS, NET

# 7 其他收益淨額

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value changes in financial asset	按公允價值計入捐益之金		
at FVTPL	融資產公允價值變動	2.009	2.550
Government subsidies	政府補貼	1,349	231
Net exchange (losses)/gains	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨值	(110)	261
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Written-off of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之 收益 搬銷物業、廠房及設備	_	10
equipment	加奶米、顺厉及以佣	_	(58)
Others	其他	8	75
		3,256	3,069

### 8 EXPENSES BY NATURE

# 8 按性質劃分的費用

Cost of sales, distribution and selling expenses, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenses are analysed as follows:

銷售成本、分銷及銷售開支、一般及行政開支及研究及開發開支分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold (Note 20)	銷售存貨成本(附註20)	198,138	188,306
Processing and sub-contracting	加工及外包費用	100,100	100,000
expenses	»—»(),1	1,595	1,076
Transportation expenses	運輸費用	1,370	1,178
Write back of provision for obsolete	陳舊存貨撥備撥回		
inventories (Note 20)	(附註20)	(14,832)	(26,849)
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
<ul><li>Audit services</li></ul>	- 審計服務	800	800
<ul> <li>Non-audit services</li> </ul>	- 非審計服務	77	95
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)		23,911	21,533
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 14)	(附註14)	979	1,403
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註15)		
(Note 15)		5,565	5,464
Operating lease rentals in respect	樓宇經營租賃租金		
of buildings (Note 15)	(附註15)	426	855

### 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

### 9 僱員福利開支

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits (Note)		23,383	20,271
Post-employment benefits  — defined contribution plans	僱員退休福利 一 定額供款計劃	528	1,262
Total employee benefit expenses, including directors' remuneration	僱員福利開支總額, 包括董事酬金	23,911	21,533

Note: For the year ended 31 December 2020, short-term employee benefits include salary, wages, bonus paid to employees, and insurance premium for staff insurance schemes, but excluding depreciation and finance cost associated with the lease of the staff quarter, amounting to HK\$568,000 (2019: HK\$974,000) and HK\$11,000 (2019: HK\$63,000) respectively.

(a) Post-employment benefits — defined contribution plans

No forfeited contributions for the Group is available to reduce the contribution payment in the future years. Contributions to schemes vest immediately.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose remuneration were the highest in the Group for the year include three directors (2019: three) whose remuneration are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 32. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2019: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

附註:截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,短期僱員福利包括支付予僱員薪金、工資、獎金及員工保險計劃的保費,惟不包括與員工宿舍有關的折舊及財務費用分別為數568,000港元(二零一九年:974,000港元)及11,000港元(二零一九年:63,000港元)。

#### (a) 僱員退休福利 - 定額供款計劃

本集團概無被沒收的供款用以削減未來年度 的供款。對計劃的供款立刻歸屬。

#### (b) 五名最高薪人士

年內本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括三名董事 (二零一九年:三名)·其薪酬反映於附註32所 載的分析當中。年內應付餘下兩名(二零一九 年:兩名)人士之酬金如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries, staff quarter expenses, other allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonuses Contribution to pension scheme	基本工資、員工宿舍開支、 其他津貼及實物福利 酌情花紅 退休計劃供款	2,064 144 36	1,920 23 32
		2,244	1,975

# 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (Continued)

### 9 僱員福利開支(續)

Note: (Continued)

附註:(續)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

(b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

The number of highest paid non-director individuals whose remunerations for the year fell within the following bands:

本年度薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事最高薪酬 人士的人數如下:

		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Emolument bands:	酬金範圍:		
HK\$nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1

For the year ended 31 December 2020, no remuneration (2019: Nil) was paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office, and no arrangement under which a director or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any of the remuneration.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團未向董事或五名最高薪酬人士支付任何薪酬,作為其加入本集團的獎勵或離職賠償,亦無任何董事或五名最高薪酬人士放棄或同意放棄薪酬的安排(二零一九年:無)。

### 10 FINANCE COSTS, NET

### 10 財務費用淨額

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance income Interest income on bank deposits	財務收入 銀行存款之利息收入	31	170
		31	170
Finance costs Interest expenses on: Bank loans Lease liabilities	財務費用 以下各項應佔利息開支: 銀行貸款 租賃負債	_ (678)	(275) (890)
		(678)	(1,165)
Finance costs, net	財務費用淨額	(647)	(995)

### 11 INCOME TAX CREDIT

Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the applicable rates of taxation prevailing in the countries/places in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

The amount of income tax credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

### 11 所得税抵免

年內溢利之税項已按估計應課税溢利以本 集團營運所在的國家/地區現行適用的稅 率,基於現有稅務法例、詮釋及慣例來計 算。

於綜合全面收益表計入的所得稅金額指:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current income tax:  — Outside Hong Kong  — Adjustments in respect of prior	當期所得税: 一 香港境外  一 對禍往年度的調整	_	4
years	2,227,000	(6)	(51)
Total current income tax	當期所得税總額	(6)	(47)
Deferred income tax — Origination and reversal of temporary differences (Note 25)	遞延所得税 — 產生及 撥回暫時差異(附註25)	(11)	(94)
		( )	(- /
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(17)	(141)

### 11 INCOME TAX CREDIT (Continued)

# The income tax on the Group's loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to the Group as follows:

### 11 所得税抵免(續)

本集團就除所得稅前虧損的所得稅與使用 本集團適用的稅率產生的理論金額有所差 異,具體如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(18,547)	(35,789)
Tax calculated at Hong Kong tax rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) Tax effects of:  — Different taxation rate in	按香港税率16.5%計算的税 項(二零一九年:16.5%) 以下各項的税務影響: 一 其他司法管轄區不同	(3,060)	(5,905)
other jurisdictions  — Income not subject to tax  — Expenses not deductible for	税率 一 毋須繳税的收入 一 不可作扣税用途的	233 (552)	119 (531)
tax purposes  — Utilisation of previously	費用 一使用先前並無確認的	7	293
unrecognised tax losses  — Tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset	税項虧損 一 並無確認遞延所得税 資產的税項虧損	(912)	(15)
was recognised Adjustments in respect of prior	對過往年度的調整	4,273	5,949
years		(6)	(51)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(17)	(141)

# 12 BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

# Basic loss per share for the year is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

# 12 每股基本及攤薄虧損

年內的每股基本虧損乃按本公司權益持有 人應佔虧損除於年內的已發行普通股之加 權平均數計算。

	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年
Loss attributable to equity holders of 本公司權益持有人應佔虧 the Company (HK\$'000) 損(千港元)	(16,883)	(34,078)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)  已發行普通股之加權平均 數(千股)	1,483,687	1,483,687
Basic and diluted loss per share (HK 每股基本及攤薄虧損(每股 cents per share) 港仙)	(1.14)	(2.30)

For the purpose of determining the diluted loss per share amount, no adjustment has been made to the basic loss per share amount for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during these years.

就釐定每股攤薄虧損而言,由於本集團於 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度並無任何已發行潛在攤薄 普通股,故並無就該等年度呈列的每股基 本虧損作出調整。

# 13 SUBSIDIARIES

# 13 附屬公司

The following is a list of subsidiaries at 31 December 2020 and 2019:

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日的附屬公司載列如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及經營地點	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital 已發行股份/ 實繳股本詳情	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%) 2019 二零一九年
Rightone Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability	Investment holding	10,000 ordinary shares at no par value	100	100	100	100
Rightone Resources Limited	company 英屬處女群島(「英屬處女 群島」有限公司	投資控股	10,000股無面值普通股				
Shinwa Technology Limited	BVI, limited liability	Holding of patents	1 ordinary share at no par	-	100	-	100
新華科技有限公司	company 英屬處女群島有限公司	持有專利	value 1股無面值普通股				
Sinosky Resources Limited	BVI, limited liability	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at no par	-	100	-	100
Sinosky Resources Limited	company 英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	value 1股無面值普通股				
Dexing Investment Limited	BVI, limited liability	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at no par value	-	100	-	100
Dexing Investment Limited	company 英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	1股無面值普通股				
Yuan Tai Investment Limited	Samoa, limited liability	Investment holding	100 ordinary shares of USD1 each	-	100	-	100
圓台投資有限公司	company 薩摩亞有限公司	投資控股	100股每股面值1美元普通股				
Perfect Display Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of display panels and related electronic components in Hong Kong	38,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100
圓美顯示有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港銷售顯示面板及相 關電子部件	38,000,000股普通股				
Perfect Sky Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Electronic product application development in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100
圓天科技有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港進行電子產品應用 開發	1股普通股				
K-clean Limited (formerly known as Dexing Technology Development	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Dormant	1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100
Limited) K-clean Limited(前稱德昇科技發展有限公司)	香港有限公司	暫無業務	1股普通股				
Yuan Mei Xin Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Wholesaling, import and export of display panels and related electronic components and	USD1,000,000	-	100	-	100
		provision of technical support and related					
圓美鑫科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	services in the PRC 於中國從事顯示面板及相	1,000,000美元				
四八葉目从(州州) 背队公司	I M L M A A	關電子部件的批發、進	1,000,0000,70				
		口及出口,以及提供技					

術支援及相關服務

### 13 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 13 附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及經營地點	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital 已發行股份/實鐵股本詳情	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%) 2020 二零二零年	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%) 2019 二零一九年
Yuan Tian Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Research and development, provision of technical support and related services in the	USD100,000	-	100	-	100
圓天科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	PRC 於中國研發及提供技術支 援及相關服務	100,000美元				
Yuan Tai Electronics Company Limited 圓台電子股份有限公司	Taiwan, limited liability company 台灣有限公司	Not yet commenced business 未開展業務	500,000 ordinary shares of TWD10 each 500,000股每股面值新台幣 10元的普通股	-	100	-	100
Perfect Shiny Technology Limited 圓尚科技有限公司	Samoa, limited liability company 薩摩亞有限公司	Investment holding 投資控股	500,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 500,000股每股面值1美元 之普通股	-	100	-	100
Perfect Shiny Technology (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of applied optics-related products in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100
圓尚科技(香港)有限公司	香港有限公司	在香港設計、開發及銷售 應用光學產品	1股普通股				
Perfect Shiny Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Sales, research and development of optics-related products in the PRC	RMB1,000,000	-	100	-	100
圓尚科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	於中國銷售及研發光學相 關產品	人民幣1,000,000元				
Skyteam Resources Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at no par value	-	100	-	100
Skyteam Resources Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	1股無面值普通股				
Naruto Technology Limited 鳴門科技有限公司	Hong Kong, limited liability company 香港有限公司	Not yet commenced business 未開展業務	10,000,000 ordinary shares 10,000,000股普通股	-	100	-	100
Perinnova Limited ("Perinnova")	BVI, limited liability	Investment holding	10,000 ordinary share at no	-	62	-	62
Perinnova Limited (「Perinnova」)	company 英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	par value 10,000股無面值普通股				

### 13 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 13 附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及經營地點	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital 已發行股份/ 實缴股本詳情	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之 普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之普通股比例 (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接持有之普通股比例 (%) 2019	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group 本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%) 2019 二零一九年
Perfect Intelligent Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of digital information signage and	10,000 ordinary shares	_	62	-	62
圓美智能科技有限公司		electronic shelf display products in Hong Kong 於香港設計、開發及銷售 數碼告示板及電子貨架 顯示器產品	10,000股普通股				
Fayeking Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of environmental-friendly products in	10,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100
飛勁科技有限公司	香港有限公司	Hong Kong 於香港設計、開發及銷售 環保產品	10,000股普通股				

### (a) Capital contributions from non-controlling interests

In March 2019, the Group entered into a subscription and shareholders' agreement with two independent third parties (the "Investors") for investments in shares of Perinnova, a subsidiary of the Group. The subscription was completed in April 2019 and each of the Investors invested USD190,000 (approximately HK\$2,964,000 in aggregate) and each holds 19% equity interest, with the Group holding the remaining 62% equity interest, in Perinnova.

### (a) 非控股權益注資

於二零一九年三月,本集團與兩名獨立第三方(「投資者」)訂立認購及股東協議,以投資本集團附屬公司家時期的股份。認購事項於二零一九年四月完成,各投資者投資190,000美元(合計約2,964,000港元),各自持有Perinnova 19%股權,而本集團則持有餘下的62%股權。

### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Moulds and machinery	Furniture and office equipment 傢俱及	Motor vehicles	Total
		<b>租賃樓宇裝修</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>模具及機器</b> HK\$'000 千港元	辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>汽車</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日					
Cost	成本	3,143	1,888	2,229	4,651	11,911
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,710)	(1,580)	(1,673)	(3,917)	(8,880)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,433	308	556	734	3,031
Year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Opening net book amount Currency translation	年初賬面淨值 外幣折算差額	1,433	308	556	734	3,031
differences		(14)	(3)	(6)	_	(23)
Additions	增加	50	_	135	_	185
Disposals	出售	(58)	_	_	_	(58)
Depreciation charge	折舊支出	(563)	(150)	(208)	(482)	(1,403)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	848	155	477	252	1,732
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日					
Cost	成本	3,055	1,854	2,335	4,583	11,827
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(2,207)	(1,699)	(1,858)	(4,331)	(10,095)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	848	155	477	252	1,732
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Opening net book amount Currency translation	年初賬面淨值 外幣折算差額	848	155	477	252	1,732
differences		24	7	18	_	49
Additions	增加	_	_	33	_	33
Depreciation charge	折舊支出	(536)	(65)	(206)	(172)	(979)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	336	97	322	80	835
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日					
Cost	成本	3,165	1,971	2.478	4.622	12.236
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(2,829)	(1,874)	(2,156)	(4,542)	(11,401)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	336	97	322	80	835

### 15 LEASES

### 15 租賃

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

此附註提供本集團為承租人的租賃資料。

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

### (a) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的金額

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Right-of-use assets — Properties	使用權資產 一 物業		
As at 1 January Additions Depreciation expense Exchange realignment	<b>於一月一日</b> 添置 折舊開支 匯率調整	12,292 2,709 (5,565) 431	14,943 2,968 (5,464) (155)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,867	12,292
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
As at 1 January Additions Interest expense Payments of principal element Payments of interest element Exchange realignment	於一月一日添置利息開支支付本金部分支付利息部分匯率調整	13,790 2,709 678 (5,465) (678) 529	15,966 2,968 890 (4,963) (890) (181)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	11,563	13,790
Current Non-current	流動 非流動	4,372 7,191	5,098 8,692
		11,563	13,790

### 15 LEASES (Continued)

### 15 租賃(續)

### (b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

### (b) 於綜合全面收益表確認的金額

綜合全面收益表展示以下與租賃相 關金額:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right- of-use assets — Properties	使用權資產 - 物業之折舊 支出(附註8)		
(Note 8)		5,565	5,464
,	利息開支(附註10) 短期租賃相關開支(附註8)	678	890
1	未於上文展示為短期租賃	224	657
low-value assets that are not shown above as short-term	的低價值資產租賃相關 開支(附註8)	FO	10
leases (Note 8)  Expense relating to variable lease payments not included	並無計入租賃負債的可變 租賃付款相關開支	52	12
in lease liabilities (Note 8)	(附註8)	150	186

The payments of principal and interest element of leases liabilities during the year ended 31 December 2020 were HK\$5,465,000 (2019: HK\$4,963,000) and HK\$678,000 (2019: HK\$890,000), respectively.

Payments for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets were not shown separately, but included in the line of "loss before income tax" in respect of the net cash generated from operations.

### (c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, warehouses and a staff quarter. The leases run for periods up to 6 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,支付租賃負債的本金及利息部分分別為5,465,000港元(二零一九年:4,963,000港元)及678,000港元(二零一九年:890,000港元)。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的付款 未單獨列出,惟包含於經營所得現 金淨額中「除所得税前虧損」一項。

#### (c) 本集團的租賃活動及其入賬方式

本集團租賃各種辦公室、倉庫及一所員工宿舍。租賃期最長為6年。租賃條款根據個別情況協商而定,其中包含各種不同條款及條件。租賃協議並無施加任何契諾,惟租賃資產不可用作借款之抵押品。

### 15 LEASES (Continued)

### (d) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

### 15 租賃(續)

### (d) 續租及終止選擇權

本集團訂立的若干物業租賃載有續租及終止選擇權。其用於在管理本集團營運所用資產方面盡量提升營運的靈活度。所持大部分續租及終止選擇權僅可由本集團(而非各自出租人)行使。

Club

memberships

### 16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

### 16 無形資產

		會所會籍 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019 Cost Accumulated amortisation	<b>於二零一九年一月一日</b> 成本 累計攤銷	3,122 —
Net book amount	賬面淨值	3,122
Year ended 31 December 2019 Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation charge	<b>截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度</b> 期初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷支出	3,122 2,200 —
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	5,322
At 31 December 2019 Cost Accumulated amortisation	<b>於二零一九年十二月三十一日</b> 成本 累計攤銷	5,322 —
Net book amount	賬面淨值	5,322
Year ended 31 December 2020 Opening net book amount Amortisation charge	<b>截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度</b> 期初賬面淨值 攤銷支出	5,322 —
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	5,322
At 31 December 2020 Cost Accumulated amortisation	<b>於二零二零年十二月三十一日</b> 成本 累計攤銷	5,322 —
Net book amount	賬面淨值	5,322

The Group's intangible assets as at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 comprise membership rights and are stated at cost less any impairment losses in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日及二 零一九年十二月三十一日的無形資產包括 會籍權利,根據本集團的會計政策按成本 減任何減值虧損列賬。

### 17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

17 按類別劃分的金融工具

The Group holds the following financial instruments at 31 December 2020 and 2019:

本集團於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日持有下列金融工具:

0010

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產:		
Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at FVOCI	應收賬款及其他應收款 現金及現金等價物 按公允價值計入其他全面	32,606 76,403	20,254 70,308
Financial assets at FVTPL	收益之金融資產 按公允價值計入損益之金	1,876	2,673
	融資產	59,547	57,538
		170,432	150,773
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Liabilities at amortised cost: Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	按攤銷成本列賬的負債: 應付賬款及其他應付款 租賃負債	54,288 11,563	18,475 13,790
		65,851	32,265

# 18 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Group's financial asset at FVOCI comprises the Group's equity investment in certain ordinary shares issued by a private company principally engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sale of separator which is a key component in lithium battery, representing an approximately 2.22% (2019: 3.03%) shareholding of such company. The balance is denominated in TWD.

### 18 按公允價值計入其他全面收益 之金融資產

本集團按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產包括本集團於一間私人公司所發行若干普通股的股權投資,佔該公司約2.22%股權(二零一九年:3.03%),該私人公司主要從事研發、製造及銷售隔離膜(為鋰電池的主要部分)。結餘以新台幣計值。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January Fair value (loss)/gain on revaluation recognised in other	於一月一日之結餘 於其他全面收益內確認之 重估公允價值(虧損)/	2,673	2,652
comprehensive income	收益	(797)	21
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	1,876	2,673

### 19 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The Group's financial asset at FVTPL comprises the holding of certain preferred shares in Mobvoi Inc. ("Mobvoi"), a private company principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search artificial intelligent systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. The balance is denominated in USD. There have been no addition to or disposal of such investment since the Group made the investment in January 2015. No dividend has been received by the Group from Mobvoi. During the year ended 31 December 2020, Mobyoi acquired two companies by the issues of new ordinary shares of Mobvoi as consideration. In addition, Mobvoi reserved additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its employee stock ownership plan ("ESOP"). Upon completion of the aforesaid issues of ordinary shares of Mobvoi and the reservation of additional ordinary shares of Mobvoi for its ESOP, the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi (on a fully diluted and as converted basis) is reduced from approximately 1.50% to approximately 1.23%.

### 19 按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產

本集團按公允價值計入損益之金融資產包 括持有Mobvoi Inc.(「Mobvoi」)若干優先 股, Mobvoi為主要從事開發及提供手機、 智能佩戴式設備、汽車及其他設備之語音 搜索人工智能系統業務的私人公司。該結 餘以美元計值。自本集團於二零一五年一 月作出該投資以來,有關投資並無添置或 出售。本集團未曾自Mobvoi收取過股息。 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度, Mobvoi以發行新Mobvoi普通股為代價 收購兩間公司。此外,Mobyoi為其員工持 股計劃(「員工持股計劃」)保留起額外的 Mobvoi普通股。完成上述Mobvoi普通股發 行及為員工持股計劃保留額外Mobvoi普通 股後,本集團於Mobvoi的持股比例(按全 面攤薄及已轉換基準計算)由約1.50%降 至約1.23%。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January Fair value gain on revaluation	<b>於一月一日之結餘</b> 於其他收益淨額中確認的	57,538	54,988
recognised in other gains, net	重估公允價值收益	2,009	2,550
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	59,547	57,538

### 20 INVENTORIES

### 20 存貨

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Work in progress	在製品	556	609
Finished goods Less: Provision for obsolete	完成品 減:陳舊存貨撥備	43,253	58,193
inventories	/%、「外昏け臭」以旧	(11,905)	(26,357)
		31,904	32,445

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to HK\$198,138,000 (2019: HK\$188,306,000) for the year (Note 8).

A write back of provision for obsolete inventories of HK\$14,832,000 (2019: HK\$26,849,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in respect of the net amount of the (write back of provision)/provision for obsolete inventories, loss on obsolete inventories, utilisation of provision for obsolete inventories and write-down of inventories to their net realisable value for the year. These amounts have been included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

本年度確認為開支並計入「銷售成本」的存 貨成本為198,138,000港元(二零一九年: 188,306,000港元)(附註8)。

本集團就年內有關(陳舊存貨撥回淨額)/ 陳舊存貨撥備、陳舊存貨虧損,動用陳舊 存貨撥備及撇減存貨至其可變現淨值而於 綜合全面收益表確認陳舊存貨撥備撥回 14,832,000港元(二零一九年: 26,849,000港元)。該等款項已計入綜合全 面收益表的「銷售成本」項下。

### 21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 21 應收賬款及其他應收款

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note (a)) Bills receivables (Note (a))	應收賬款(附註(a)) 應收票據(附註(a))	24,680 6,144	17,460 298
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款、按金及其他應收	30,824	17,758
receivables	款	3,183	3,440
		34,007	21,198

# 21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

### 21 應收賬款及其他應收款(續)

Notes:

附註:

(a) The Group generally grants credit periods of 30 to 90 days. The ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables based on invoice date is as follows: (a) 本集團一般授出30至90天的信貸期。根據發票 日期計算的應收賬款及票據的賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0-30天	20,997	6,810
31-60 days	31-60天	9,738	7,286
61-90 days	61-90天	53	3,371
Over 90 days	90天以上	36	291
		30.824	17 758

(b) As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trade receivables of HK\$442,000 (2019: HK\$8,407,000) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of trade receivables that were past due but not impaired is as follows: (b) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團已逾期 但未減值的應收賬款為442,000港元(二零一九 年:8,407,000港元)。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts past due	逾期款項		
1-30 days	1-30天	376	4,217
31-60 days	31-60天	30	3,115
61-90 days	61-90天	36	784
Over 90 days	90天以上	_	291
		442	8.407

For these past due trade receivables, the Group has assessed the expected credit losses by considering historical default rates, existing market conditions and forward-looking information. Based on the assessment, ECL rate of trade receivables is close to zero. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these trade receivables balances was not material.

就該等已逾期應收賬款,本集團已透過考慮過往拖欠率、當前市況及前瞻性資料,評估預期信貸虧損。根據有關評估,應收賬款的預期信貸虧損率接近零。因此就該等應收賬款結餘作出的虧損撥備並不重大。

(c) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

(c) 本集團應收賬款及其他應收款之賬面值按以 下貨幣計值:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	1,889	1,640
USD	美元	28,052	12,611
RMB	人民幣	3,916	6,926
TWD	新台幣	150	21
		34,007	21,198

(d) The fair values of trade and other receivables approximate their carrying amounts. (d) 應收賬款及其他應收款之公允價值與其賬面 值相若。

### 22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

### 22 現金及現金等價物

2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元

Bank deposits, bank balances and cash

銀行存款、銀行結餘及

76,403

70,308

50,000

The carrying amounts of the Group's total bank deposits, bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金之賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	7,478	6,986
USD	美元	59,560	57,491
RMB	人民幣	8,805	4,777
TWD	新台幣	560	1,054
		76,403	70,308

### 23 SHARE CAPITAL

### 23 股本

31 December 2020 and
31 December 2019
二零二零年十二月三十一日及
二零一九年十二月三十一日
Number of
shares Amount
股份數目 金額
(thousands) HK\$'000

Authorised: 法定:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each 每股普通股0.01港元 5,000,000

### 23 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

### 23 股本(續)

Number of Ordinary shares shares of HK\$0.01 each

每股普通股

股份數目

0.01港元 HK\$'000

千港元

Issued and fully paid:

At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020 已發行及繳足:

於二零一九年一月一日、 二零一九年十二月 三十一日、二零二零年 一月一日及二零二零年

十二月三十一日

1,483,687,151

14,837

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year (2019: Nil).

年內,本公司股本概無任何變動(二零 一九年:無)。

### 24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 24 應付賬款及其他應付款

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables (Note (a)) Deposits received from customers Accruals and other payables	應付賬款(附註(a)) 收取客戶按金 應計款項及其他應付款	44,885 7,163 5,205	14,467 1,872 3,175
		57,253	19,514
Natas	R/+ ≥→		

Notes:

附註:

(a) The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

(a) 根據發票日期計算的應付賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0-30天	35,957	8,349
31-60 days	31-60天	8,905	3,653
61-90 days	61-90天	23	2,465
		44,885	14,467

# 24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

### 24 應付賬款及其他應付款(續)

- (b) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:
- (b) 本集團的貿易應收款項及其他應付款項以下 列貨幣計值:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	3,447	2,296
USD	美元	50,952	14,600
RMB	人民幣	2,487	2,540
TWD	新台幣	367	78
		57,253	19,514

- (c) The carrying amounts of trade and other payables approximate their fair values.
- (c) 應付賬款及其他應付款之賬面值與其公允價值相若。

### 25 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

### 25 遞延所得税資產

The movements in deferred income tax assets in respect of accelerated tax depreciation during the year are as follows:

與於年內的加速税項折舊有關的遞延所得 税資產變動如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Beginning of the year Credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive	年初 計入綜合全面收益表 (附註11)	155	63
income (Note 11)		11	94
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	5	(2)
End of the year	年末	171	155

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$34,411,000 (2019: HK\$31,297,000) in respect of tax losses of certain PRC subsidiaries of HK\$3,429,000 (2019: HK\$1,072,000), which will expire in five years, and tax loss of certain Hong Kong subsidiaries of HK\$207,511,000 (2019: HK\$189,355,000) which will not expire under current tax legislation.

遞延所得税資產乃就税項虧損結轉而確認,惟限於相關税項利益可因未來應課税利潤變現屬可能者。於二零二經經十二月三十一日,本集團並無確認過一年:31,297,000港元),涉及若干中國附屬公司的税項虧損3,429,000港元(二零一九年:1,072,000港元)(將於五五稅失效),以及若干香港附屬公司的税項虧損207,511,000港元(二零一九年:189,355,000港元)(根據目前税法不會失效)。

### 26 DIVIDENDS

### 26 股息

The Board did not declare any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

董事會並無宣派截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的任何股息(二零一九年:無)。

### 27 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### 27 現金流量資料

(a) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash used in operations

(a) 除所得税前虧損與經營所用現金之 對賬

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax Adjustments for:  — Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	除所得税前虧損 就以下各項調整: 一物業、廠房及 設備折舊(附註14)	(18,547)	(35,789)
(Note 14)  — Depreciation of right-of-use of assets	一 使用權資產折舊 (附註8)	979	1,403
(Note 8)  — Write back of provision for obsolete inventories	- 陳舊存貨撥備撥回 (附註8)	5,565	5,464
(Note 8)  - Finance income (Note 10)  - Finance costs (Note 10)  - Fair value gain on financial asset at FVTPL (Note 7)	- 財務收入(附註10) - 財務費用(附註10) - 按公允價值計入損益 的金融資產之 公允價值收益	(14,832) (31) 678	(26,849) (170) 1,165
<ul> <li>Written-off of property,</li> <li>plant and equipment</li> </ul>	(附註7) - 撇銷物業、廠房及 設備(附註7)	(2,009)	(2,550)
(Note 7)  — Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	- 出售物業、廠房及 設備的收益 (附註7)		(10)
Operating loss before changes in working capital Changes in working capital	營運資金變動前經營虧損 營運資金變動	(28,197)	(57,278)
<ul><li>Inventories</li></ul>	- 存貨	15,373	76,294
<ul><li>Trade and other receivables</li><li>Trade and other payables</li></ul>	<ul><li>應收賬款及其他應</li><li>收款</li><li>應付賬款及其他應</li></ul>	(12,809)	(7,624)
	付款	37,739	(8,493)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	12,106	2,899

# 27 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

### 27 現金流量資料(續)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

### (b) 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

		Bank loans due within		T
		1 year 1年內到期	Lease	Total
		的銀行貸款	租賃	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	8,979	15,966	24,945
Cash flows	現金流	2,010	,	_ :,: ::
<ul> <li>Repayments of bank</li> </ul>	- 償還銀行借貸			
borrowings	L / L 7D / T / D / T - A	(8,979)	_	(8,979)
<ul> <li>Payments of principal element of lease</li> </ul>	- 支付租賃負債本金 部份			
liabilities	十八旬年五月1日	_	(4,963)	(4,963)
<ul> <li>Payments of interest element of lease</li> </ul>	- 支付租賃負債利息 部份			
liabilities	다 177	_	(890)	(890)
Other non-cash	其他非現金變動		(000)	(000)
movements				
<ul> <li>Addition of lease</li> </ul>	- 增添租賃負債			
liabilities	和佳色佳奶利白問士	_	2,968	2,968
<ul> <li>Interest expenses on lease liabilities</li> </ul>	- 租賃負債的利息開支	_	890	890
<ul> <li>Exchange realignment</li> </ul>	- 匯兑調整	_	(181)	(181)
			. , ,	
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年			
and 1 January 2020	十二月三十一日及		40.700	40.700
Cash flows	<b>二零二零年一月一日</b> 現金流	_	13,790	13,790
<ul><li>Payments of principal</li></ul>				
element of lease	部份			
liabilities		_	(5,465)	(5,465)
<ul> <li>Payments of interest</li> </ul>	- 支付租賃負債利息			
element of lease	部份		(670)	(670)
liabilities Other non-cash	其他非現金變動	_	(678)	(678)
movements				
<ul> <li>Addition of lease</li> </ul>	- 增添租賃負債			
liabilities		_	2,709	2,709
<ul> <li>Interest expenses on</li> </ul>	- 租賃負債的利息開支		070	070
lease liabilities  — Exchange realignment	- 匯兑調整	_	678 529	678 529
LAGITATING TEATINGTHINETTE			J23	JZ3
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年			
	十二月三十一日	_	11,563	11,563

### 28 COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2020, the Group has no significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities (2019: Nil).

### 29 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has no material contingent liabilities (2019: Nil).

### 30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Parent entity

The Company's immediate and ultimate holding company is Winful Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, and ultimately controlled by Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, a director of the Company.

#### (b) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 13

#### (c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

### 28 承擔

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團於報告期末並無已訂約但尚未確認為負債的重大資本開銷(二零一九年:無)。

### 29 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無重大或然負債(二零一九年:無)。

### 30 關連方交易

#### (a) 母公司實體

本公司的直接及最終控股公司為 Winful Enterprises Limited,其為一 家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司 及由本公司董事鄭偉德先生最終控 制。

#### (b) 附屬公司

於附屬公司之權益載於附註13。

#### (c) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括董事及高級管理 層。就僱員的服務已付或應付主要 管理人員的薪酬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits	短期僱員福利(附註)		
(Note)	)	8,819	7,668
Post-employment benefits	僱員退休福利		
<ul> <li>defined contribution plans</li> </ul>	一 定額供款計劃	81	54
		8,900	7,722

Note: Include lease payments of HK\$688,000 for staff quarter (2019: HK\$1,032,000).

附註:包括員工宿舍的租金688,000港元(二零 一九年:1,032,000港元)。

# 31 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

# 31 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動

- (a) Statement of financial position of the Company
- (a) 本公司的財務狀況表

As	at 3	1 De	ecem	ber
於	+ -	日 =	+-	н

			於十二月二十	於十二月二十一日	
		Note 附註	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Acceta	資產				
Assets Non-current assets	<sub>貝 圧</sub> 非流動資產				
Investments in subsidiaries	對附屬公司的投資		525,657	525,657	
			505.057	505.057	
			525,657	525,657	
Current assets	流動資產				
Other receivables	其他應收款		287	306	
Amounts due from	應收附屬公司款項				
subsidiaries			99,290	99,912	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		5,181	5,185	
			104,758	105,403	
			104,730	100,400	
Total assets	資產總額		630,415	631,060	
	# \				
Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to equity	權益及負債 本公司權益持有人應				
holders of the Company	在				
Share capital	股本		14,837	14,837	
Reserves	儲備	(b)	614,591	615,126	
	H- 1/ /4 27				
Total equity	權益總額 		629,428	629,963	
Liabilities	負債				
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Other payables	其他應付款		987	1,097	
Total liabilities	負債總額		987	1,097	
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		630,415	631,060	
, ,				- ,	
The statement of financia	al position of the		本公司的財務狀況表	表已於二零二 <b>-</b>	

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 19 March 2021 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司的財務狀況表已於二零二一 年三月十九日由董事會批准,並代 表董事會簽署。

Chang Huan Chia 張桓嘉 *Director* 董事 Hsu Wai Man Helen 徐慧敏 *Director* 董事

# 31 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

### 31 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

(b) Reserves movement of the Company

#### (b) 本公司的儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Retained earnings 留存收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2019 Loss for the year	於二零一九年一月一日 年度虧損	465,738 —	136,082 —	14,319 (1,013)	616,139 (1,013)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 一月一日	465.738	136,082	13,306	615,126
Loss for the year	年度虧損	400,700	130,062	(535)	(535)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	465,738	136,082	12,771	614,591

Note: Contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the excess of the nominal value of the Company's shares issued and the aggregate net asset value of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a reorganisation for the listing of the Company.

附註:本公司之繳入盈餘代表本公司已發行 股份面值與根據為本公司上市而進行 之重組而收購之附屬公司之資產淨值 總計之超出差額。

### 32 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

### 32 董事之福利及權益

### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

(a) 董事及行政總裁之酬金

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive is set out below:

各董事及行政總裁之薪酬如下:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物福利 HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to retirement benefit schemes 僱主對退休福利計劃供款	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
For the year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Executive directors: Mr. Cheng Wai Tak Mr. Liu Ka Wing Mr. Tse Ka Wing Mr. Chang Huan Chia (Note 1)	執行董事: 鄭摩德先生 廖嘉榮先生 謝家桑榮先生 張桓嘉先生(附註1)	_ _ _ 152	4,888 636 1,440 259	350 53 120 42	18 18 18	5,256 707 1,578 480
Independent non-executive directors:  Mr. Wong Yik Chung John Mr. Wong Chi Chiu Mr. Li Shui Yan (Note 2) Mr. Kan Man Wai (Note 3) Mr. Cho Chi Kong (Note 3) Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Note 1)	獨立非執行董事: 黃翼忠先生 黃智超先生(附註2) 簡志於住(附註3) 曹法集敏女士(附註1)	120 120 95 240 240	_ _ _ _	- - - -		120 120 95 240 240
		1,031	7,223	565	81	8,900
For the year ended 31 December 2019	截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Executive directors: Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (Chief Executive) Mr. Liu Ka Wing Mr. Tse Ka Wing	執行董事: 鄭倬德先生 (行政總裁) 廖孫先生 謝家榮先生	_ _ _	5,232 636 1,440	=	18 18 18	5,250 654 1,458
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
directors: Mr. Wong Yik Chung John Mr. Wong Chi Chiu Mr. Li Shui Yan	黃翼忠先生 黃智超先生 李瑞恩先生	120 120 120	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	120 120 120
		360	7,308	_	54	7,722

Note 1: Appointed on 25 September 2020

Note 2: Resigned on 15 October 2020

Note 3: Appointed on 1 January 2020

No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2019: Nil).

附註1:於二零二零年九月二十五日獲委任

附註2:於二零二零年十月十五日辭任

附註3:於二零二零年一月一日獲委任

概無董事於年內放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零一九年:無)。

# 32 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors of the Company received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company does not pay consideration to third parties for making available directors' service (2019: Nil).

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entitles with such directors

As at 31 December 2020, there are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors (2019: Nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years.

### 32 董事之福利及權益(續)

(b) 董事退休福利及終止僱傭福利

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,概無本公司董事收取或將 收取任何退休福利或終止僱傭福利 (二零一九年:無)。

(c) 就提供董事服務向第三方提供之代 價

> 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司並無就提供董事服 務支付代價予第三方(二零一九年: 無)。

(d) 有關以董事、受董事控制之法團及 與董事的關聯實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

> 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,概 無有利於董事、受董事控制之法團 及與該等董事的關聯實體為受益人 之貸款、準貸款及其他交易安排(二 零一九年:無)。

(e) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權 益

於年末或年內任何時間,概無關於本集團業務之重大交易、安排及合約以本公司為一名訂約方及本公司董事擁有重大權益(不論直接或間接)。

### Financial Summary 財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and 本集團於過去五個財政 non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five 情以及非控股權益概 financial years, as extracted from the published audited 財務報表)列載如下: financial statements, is set out below.

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績及資產、負債以及非控股權益概要(摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表)列載如下:

For the	year	ended	31	December
截至	+=	月三十	— F	l 止年度

				/3 —   — —			
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Results	業績						
Revenue	收入	206,973	166,607	254,072	371,518	1,149,998	
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:	年度(虧損)/ 利潤歸 屬於:						
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益 持有人 非控股權益	(16,883) (1,647)	(34,078) (1,570)	(55,780) —	(98,329) —	90,729 (2,394)	
		(18,530)	(35,648)	(55,780)	(98,329)	88,335	
		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日					
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests	資產、負債及 非控股權益						
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling interests	資產總額 負債總額 非控股權益	219,932 (68,816) 245	203,663 (33,306) (1,410)	240,795 (36,830) —	298,353 (38,317) —	502,122 (152,163)	
		151,361	168,947	203,965	260,036	349,959	



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