

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 8311

2022年報 ANNUAL REPORT

## CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Stock Exchange take no responsibility for the contents of this report, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this report.

This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

#### 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所 |) GEM (「GEM |) 的特色

GEM的定位,乃為中小型公司提供一個上市的市場,此等公司相比起其他在聯交所主板上市的公司帶有較高投資風險。有意投資的人士應了解投資於該等公司的潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳的考慮後方作出投資決定。

由於GEM上市公司普遍為中小型公司,在GEM買賣的證券可能會較於聯交所主板買賣之證券承受較大的市場波動風險,同時無法保證在GEM買賣的證券會有高流通量的市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告之內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發 表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本報告全部或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引 致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

本報告的資料乃遵照《香港聯合交易所有限公司的GEM證券上市規則》(「GEM上市規則」)而刊載, 旨在提供有關圓美光電有限公司(「本公司」)的資料;本公司董事(「董事」)願就本報告的資料共 同及個別地承擔全部責任。各董事在作出一切合理查詢後,確認就其所知及所信,本報告所 載資料在各重要方面均屬準確完備,沒有誤導或欺詐成分,且並無遺漏任何事項,足以令致 本報告或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

## Contents 目錄

3	公司資料
5	Chairman's Statement 主席報告
8	Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析
22	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
40	Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告
73	Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料
77	Report of the Directors 董事會報告
90	Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告
99	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表
00	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
02	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
04	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
05	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註
176	Financial Summary 財務摘要

# Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended)

Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen (Chairperson)

Mr. Kan Man Wai

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

#### Remuneration Committee

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### Nomination Committee

Mr. Cho Chi Kong (Chairman)

Mr. Kan Man Wai

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Tse Ka Wing

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Tse Ka Wing

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

22/F, Prince's Building

Central

Hong Kong

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務)

廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務)

謝家榮先生(已暫停職務)

張桓嘉先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務)

黃智超先生(已暫停職務)

簡文偉先生(代理主席)

曹志光先生

徐慧敏女士

#### 董事會委員會

#### 審核委員會

徐慧敏女士(主席)

簡文偉先生

曹志光先生

#### 薪酬委員會

簡文偉先生(主席)

曹志光先生

徐慧敏女士

#### 提名委員會

曹志光先生(主席)

簡文偉先生

徐慧敏女十

#### 公司秘書

謝家榮先生

#### 監察主任

張桓嘉先生

#### 授權代表

謝家榮先生

張桓嘉先生

#### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

註冊公眾利益實體核數師

香港

中環

太子大廈22樓

### Corporate Information

公司資料

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat 903, 9/F New Lee Wah Centre No. 88 Tokwawan Road Tokwawan, Kowloon Hong Kong

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited
Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd.

#### STOCK CODE

8311

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.perfect-optronics.com

#### 註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍土瓜灣 土瓜灣道88號 新利華中心 9樓903室

#### 股份過戶登記總處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 台新國際商業銀行股份有限公司

#### 股份代號

8311

#### 公司網站

www.perfect-optronics.com

### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I present the annual results of Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Year") to all of its shareholders.

本人謹此代表董事會(「董事會」)向各股東提呈 圓美光電有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度(「本年度」)的全年業績。

#### REVIEW OF OPERATIONAL RESULTS

#### In 2022, display panels market was more volatile due to the global economy downturn, high inflation, reduced consumer demand and inventories pile-up. Market prices of display panels were generally falling during the Year. The Group's display products business was thus adversely affected, resulting in a significant decrease in the Group's revenue during the Year as compared to 2021. Nevertheless, the Group actively adopted a diversified business strategy, in which the sales of healthrelated products contributed a strong revenue growth to the Group, leading to a turnaround in the results from loss to profit making for the Year. Despite the Group recorded a decrease of revenue from approximately HK\$528.4 million in 2021 to approximately HK\$301.3 million in 2022, which represented a 43% decrease, the Group still record a consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$4.0 million as compared to a consolidated loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$43.9 million in 2021.

During the Year, medium-to-large sized display products, including display panels and modules for computer notebooks, monitors and televisions, continued to be the key revenue driver of the Group but the sales amount dropped significantly during the Year as compared to 2021. Sales of the Group's thin film transistor liquid crystal display ("TFT-LCD") panels and modules amounted to approximately HK\$155.9 million during the Year, which reduced by 64% as compared with 2021. Sales of polarisers amounted to approximately HK\$36.6 million, representing a decrease of 19% as compared with 2021. Apart from that, sales of integrated circuits and optics products also remained weak during the Year and recorded a significant decline as compared with 2021.

Although the Group recorded a drop in the revenue from the aforementioned major products, thanks to the increase in contribution from Taiwan market, the Group's sales of electronic signage products amounted to approximately HK\$16.4 million during the Year, which showed a 7% increase as compared with 2021.

#### 經營業績回顧

本年度,中至大尺寸顯示產品(包括手提電腦、顯示器及電視機的顯示面板及模組)的銷售售較續為本集團的主要收入動力,但本年度銷售較品豐顯示(「TFT-LCD」)面板及模組於本年度的销售約為155.9百萬港元,較二零二一年減少64%。偏光板的銷售約為36.6百萬港元,較二零二一年下跌19%。除此之外,本年度集成電路及光學產品的銷售亦持續疲弱,與二零二一年相比錄得重大跌幅。

雖然本集團的上述主要產品錄得收入下跌,但由於台灣市場的貢獻增加,本集團於本年度銷售電子廣告板產品達約16.4百萬港元,較二零二一年增加7%。

#### Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Besides, the fifth wave of COVID-19 pandemic occurred in Hong Kong at the beginning of the Year boosted the demand for the Group's health-related products. In addition to the well-recognised "K-clean" brand personal hygiene and disinfectant products which were introduced by the Group to the Hong Kong market since 2020, benefited from the Group's flexible business strategy and strong business network, the Group also swiftly introduced rapid antigen test kits for COVID-19 during the Year to cope with the strong market demand. Sales of the Group's health-related products increased significantly from approximately HK\$19.2 million in 2021 to approximately HK\$87.9 million during the Year and became the Group's another key revenue driver. Healthrelated products alleviated the adverse effect brought by the significant decrease in revenue from the Group's other major products and was the major factor for the Group's results turnaround during the Year.

As for the Group's investment in preferred shares of Mobvoi Inc. ("Mobvoi"), which was classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. Mobvoi and certain of its subsidiaries entered into a series of transactions with affiliates of Volkswagen AG (collectively, "VW Group"), inter alia, the repurchase of all the preferred shares and ordinary shares held by VW Group, which amounted to an exit by VW Group of its investment in and a termination of its joint venture arrangement with Mobvoi. The Company understands from Mobvoi that the aforementioned transactions will provide effective support to the continuing operations of Mobvoi and favourable basis and prospects to Mobvoi to embrace opportunities of business developments with other automotive enterprises. On the other hand, Mobvoi disposed part of/ all of the shares in two subsidiaries ("Education Companies") engaging in education business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") to reduce the negative impacts led by the Education Companies on Mobvoi. Such disposals involved the repurchase by Mobvoi, certain ordinary shares of Mobvoi previously issued for the acquisitions of the Education Companies. The aforementioned repurchases of shares involving VW Group and the Education Companies would increase the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi. However, due to (among others) the deterioration of the capital market conditions during the Year, fair value of the Group's investment in Mobvoi dropped to approximately HK\$25.2 million as at 31 December 2022 and a fair value loss of approximately HK\$13.3 million was recognised during the Year.

對於本集團在Mobyoi Inc.(「Mobyoi」)優先股的 投資,其分類為按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產, Mobvoi及其若干附屬公司與Volkswagen AG的聯屬公司(統稱[VW集團])訂立一系列交 易,其中包括回購由WW集團持有的所有優先股 及普通股,該等交易相當於VW集團退出其於 Mobvoi的投資及終止其與Mobvoi的合營安排。 本公司從Mobvoi知悉上述交易將為Mobvoi的持 續營運提供有效支持,並為Mobvoi取得與其他 汽車企業進行業務發展的機會提供有利基礎及 前景。另一方面,Mobvoi出售兩間在中華人民 共和國(「中國」)從事教育業務的附屬公司(「教 育公司」)的部分/全部股份,以減少教育公司 對Mobvoi造成的負面影響。該等出售涉及 Mobvoi回購之前為收購教育公司而發行的若干 普通股。上述涉及VW集團及教育公司的股份回 購會增加本集團於Mobvoi的股權比例。然而, 於本年度,由於(其中包括)資本市場狀況惡 化,本集團在Mobvoi的投資的公允價值下跌至 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的約25.2百萬港 元,且本年度確認約13.3百萬港元的公允價值 虧損。

Entering 2023, the global economy is still full of uncertainties and the business environment is complex and volatile. Display panels market is expected to remain challenging. Meanwhile, the Group's existing healthrelated products are expected to be adversely affected by the recent Hong Kong's returning to normalcy from antiepidemic measures. Nevertheless, the Group will keep abreast of the market trends to broaden product diversity. In addition to promote the existing personal hygiene and disinfection products, the Group will introduce more health care products to meet today's consumers' pursuit of health, which will help further expanding the Group's health-related products business. The Group will continue to leverage its own advantages and diversify its business to actively explore potential opportunities in various markets so as to enhance the Group's competitiveness and create greater value for the Company and its shareholders.

#### **APPRECIATION**

I, on behalf of the Board, would like to present my sincere gratitude to our shareholders, business partners and customers for their support and trust over the years. I also highly appreciate the contribution and dedication of our management and staff.

#### 致謝

本人謹此代表董事會衷心感謝股東、業務夥伴 及客戶多年來的支持及信賴。本人亦非常感激 我們管理層和全體員工所作的貢獻和付出。

Kan Man Wai

Acting Chairman

Perfect Optronics Limited

Hong Kong 21 March 2023 簡文偉 代理主席 圓美光電有限公司

香港 二零二三年三月二十一日

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PROSPECTS**

#### **Business Review**

The Group is principally engaged in the trading, development and sales of display and optics products and other related electronic components, as well as trading of health-related products and other products. The Group also processes some of the products that it sells.

In 2022, the display panels market remained sluggish. Continuous international conflicts, high inflation, decrease in consumer demand, together with an oversupply in the market led to a significant decrease in the sales of the Group's display products during the Year as compared with 2021. The Group's revenue for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$301,318,000, representing a decrease of approximately 43% as compared with approximately HK\$528.350,000 in 2021. However, thanks to its vast product diversity and flexible business strategy, including the introduction of health-related products in recent years, the Group is still able to record a turnaround of its results from loss to profit for the Year. Profit attribute to equity holders of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$4,038,000 as compared to a loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$43,857,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Sales of medium-to-large sized display products, including display panels and modules for computer notebooks. monitors and televisions, continued to be the key revenue driver of the Group during the Year. However, the anticipation of a global recession, ongoing inflation and rising interest rates have superseding consumers' motivation to buy. In addition, since the COVID-19 pandemic has gradually come under control, people's lives began to return to normal. With the gradual fade-out of the trend of distance learning and remote work, as well as the fulfillment of initial demand for devices including laptops, PC monitors and tablets, these have led to a drop in demand for display products, causing a significant drop on demand for display panels and related display components, and thus resulting in the excess inventory in the market, as well as drop in market price. The Group's sales of TFT-LCD panels and modules decreased by approximately 64% from approximately HK\$431,770,000 in 2021 to approximately HK\$155,896,000 during the Year. The Group's sales of polarisers amounted to approximately HK\$36,554,000 during the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 19% as compared with approximately HK\$44,865,000 in 2021. The decrease was mainly due to the fact that the polarisers sold by the Group were mainly used on mobile phones and China's domestic mobile phone shipments in

#### 業務回顧及前景

#### 業務回顧

本集團主要從事顯示及光學產品及其他相關電子部件的貿易、開發及銷售,以及健康相關產品及其他產品的貿易。本集團亦為其銷售的部分產品進行加工。

於二零二二年,顯示面板市場依舊低迷。國際衝突持續、通脹高企、消費需求品於內下海人 場供過於求,導致本集團不降。本集上度 的收入約為301,318,000港元,較二零十年 528,350,000港元減少約43%。然而五年 528,350,000港元減少約43%。然后種類豐富及業務策略靈活,包錄得引出 康相關產品,本集團於本年度仍錄應所 時盈。本年度,本公司權益持有人應佔虧約 為4,038,000港元,而截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度本公司權益持有人應佔虧損約 為43,857,000港元。

本年度,中至大尺寸顯示產品(包括手提電腦、 顯示器及電視機的顯示面板及模組)的銷售繼 續為本集團的主要收入動力。然而,對全球經 濟衰退的預期、持續的通貨膨脹及利率上升已 減弱消費者的消費動機。此外,由於2019冠狀 病毒病疫情已逐步受控,民眾生活開始恢復正 常。隨著遠程學習及遠程工作趨勢的逐漸淡 出,以及筆記本電腦、電腦顯示器、平板電腦 等設備的初期需求得到滿足,導致顯示產品需 求下降,致使顯示面板及相關顯示部件需求大 幅下跌, 進而導致市場上庫存過剩, 市價下跌。 本集團的TFT-LCD面板及模組銷售由二零二一 年 約431,770,000港 元 下 跌 約64%至 本 年 度 約 155.896.000港元。本年度,本集團的偏光板銷 售 約 為36,554,000港 元,較 二零二一年 約 44.865,000港元減少約19%。減少主要由於本集 團銷售的偏光板主要用於手機,而二零二二年 中國國內手機出貨量較二零二一年有所下降。 本年度,本集團集成電路及光學產品的銷售持 續疲弱。本年度集成電路銷售約為1,883,000港 2022 decreased as compared to 2021. The Group's sales of integrated circuits and optics products remained weak during the Year. Sales of integrated circuits amounted to approximately HK\$1,883,000 during the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 75% as compared with approximately HK\$7,428,000 in 2021. Sales of optics products amounted to approximately HK\$590,000 during the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 81% as compared with approximately HK\$3.171,000 in 2021.

元,較二零二一年約7,428,000港元減少約75%。本年度,光學產品銷售約為590,000港元,較二零二一年約3,171,000港元減少約81%。

The Group's electronic signage products, which include digital information signages, electronic shelf displays and electronic white boards, etc., recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$16,396,000 during the Year, representing an increase of approximately 7% as compared with approximately HK\$15,266,000 in 2021. The increase was mainly due to the increase in the relevant revenue generated from Taiwan. More retail outlets in Taiwan, including chained drugstores, have installed the Group's electronic signage products. With the rise in popularity of digital information signages, and a continual increase in application in retail outlets and shopping malls, a strengthened demand for electronic signage products is expected in the near future.

本集團的電子廣告板產品(包括數碼資訊告示板、電子貨架顯示器及電子白板等)於本年度錄得收入約16,396,000港元,較二零二一年的約15,266,000港元增加約7%。增加主要由於來自台灣的相關收入增加。台灣更多零售店(包括連鎖藥妝店)已安裝本集團的電子廣告板產品。隨著數碼資訊廣告板的普及,於零售店及商場的應用持續增加,預計在不久未來,對電子廣告板產品的需求將增加。

During the Year, the Group's health-related products business continued to develop and became another key revenue driver of the Group. In response to the increasing public health awareness and strong demand for disinfection products under the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, the Group acted swiftly to introduce the Taiwanese brand "K-clean" personal hygiene and disinfection products to Hong Kong in 2020. With the Group's effort in producing effective promotion strategies through various marketing initiatives over the past two years, K-clean has successfully penetrated the market, with a wide customer base and strong brand reputation for its high product performance. At the beginning of 2022, the fifth wave of COVID-19 pandemic in Hong Kong had further boosted the demand for the Group's healthrelated products. In addition to K-clean, the Group also actively seized the opportunities for the sale of rapid antigen test kits for COVID-19 ("RAT") during the Year through its diversified business networks. Sales of the Group's health-related products amounted to approximately HK\$87,876,000 during the Year, representing an increase of approximately HK\$68,714,000 as compared with approximately HK\$19,162,000 in 2021. Health-related products propelled the improvement of the Group's overall gross profit margin and was a major factor of the Group's results turnaround from loss to profit for the Year as compared with 2021, which also demonstrated the success of the Group's flexible strategies.

於本年度,本集團的健康相關產品業務繼續發 展,成為本集團另一主要收入動力。為應對在 2019冠狀病毒病疫情下公眾健康意識提高及對 消毒產品的強勁需求,本集團迅速採取行動, 於二零二零年將台灣品牌「K-clean」的個人衞生 及消毒產品引入香港。過去兩年,本集團致力 制定有效的推廣策略,透過各項營銷舉措, K-clean成功打入市場,並憑藉其卓越的產品表 現, 坐擁廣泛的客戶基礎及良好的品牌聲譽。 二零二二年初,香港第五波2019冠狀病毒病疫 情推動了對本集團健康相關產品的需求。除 K-clean外,本集團亦通過其多元化的業務網 絡,於本年度抓住銷售2019冠狀病毒病快速抗 原測試包(「快測包」)的機會。本年度,本集團 的健康相關產品的銷售達約87,876,000港元,較 二零二一年的約19,162,000港元增加約 68.714.000港元。健康相關產品推動了本集團整 體毛利率的提升,為本集團於本年度較二零 二一年的業績轉虧為盈的一個主要因素,亦展 示出本集團的靈活策略行之有效。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

The Group holds certain preferred shares of Mobvoi. Mobvoi through its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Mobvoi Group") is principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search artificial intelligence ("Al") systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. Such investment is classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. Mobvoi had informed the Company that it underwent several corporate transactions. Mobvoi Group entered into various agreements with affiliates of Volkswagen AG (collectively, the "VW Group") (a then substantial shareholder of Mobvoi which held certain preferred shares and ordinary shares of Mobvoi through its affiliate), which include: (i) the assignment of one half of various intellectual property rights related to automotive speech dialogue system for certain vehicle projects of VW Group (the "IP Rights") to VW Group such that Mobvoi Group and VW Group will co-own the IP Rights (the "IP Assignment") and, among other things, provision of technical support and training by the Mobvoi Group to VW Group on some of the IP Rights; (ii) the disposal of the half share of equity interest in a 50:50 joint venture in the PRC to VW Group (the "JV Equity Disposal"); and (iii) the repurchase of all the preferred shares and ordinary shares held by VW Group (the "Share Repurchase"). Such transactions amounted to an exit by VW Group of its investment in and a termination of its joint venture arrangement with Mobvoi Group. As of 31 December 2022, the JV Equity Disposal and the Share Repurchase had been completed, while the IP Assignment was in the course of completion. The Company understands from Mobvoi that the aforementioned transactions will provide effective support to the continuing operations of the Mobvoi Group. Furthermore, the Mobvoi Group also has the discretion to use or grant to other third parties non-exclusive licences to use the IP Rights, and the grant of such non-exclusive licences to other third parties will enable export of its technical capabilities and become an effective business model that will continually contribute value for the Mobvoi Group, thus providing favourable basis and prospects to the Mobvoi Group to embrace opportunities of business developments with other automotive enterprises. Mobvoi Group will continue to be a long-term technology supplier to VW Group after the Share Repurchase. On the other hand, to reduce the negative impacts led by the recently introduced education systems policies in the PRC, Mobvoi informed the Company that it had disposed part of/all of the shares in two subsidiaries during the Year, which were acquired in 2020 through the issue of Mobvoi's ordinary shares and engaged in providing education and training services to students (including children) in the PRC, in exchange for the repurchase by Mobvoi of certain of its ordinary shares. Such ordinary shares repurchased were treated as treasury shares ("Treasury Shares") as at 31 December 2022 to be cancelled. The aforementioned Share Repurchase from VW Group led to the increase in

本集團持有Mobvoi的若干優先股。Mobvoi透過 其附屬公司(統稱「Mobvoi集團」)主要從事開發 及提供應用於手機、智能佩戴式設備、汽車及 其他設備的語音搜索人工智能(「人工智能」)系 統業務。有關投資分類為按公允價值計入損益 之金融資產。Mobvoi已告知本公司其進行數宗 企業交易。Mobvoi集團與Volkswagen AG的聯 屬公司(統稱「VW集團」)(為Mobvoi的當時主要 股東,透過其聯屬公司持有Mobvoi的若干優先 股及普通股)就以下事項訂立多份協議,當中包 括:(i)將VW集團若干汽車項目中與汽車語音對 話系統相關的多項知識產權(「該等知識產權」) 的一半轉讓給VW集團,從而使得Mobvoi集團和 VW集團將會共同擁有該等知識產權(「知識產權 轉讓」),以及(其中包括)由Mobvoi集團向WW集 團就部分知識產權提供技術支援及培訓;(ii)向 VW集團出售一間合資公司(按50:50的比例於 中國成立)的一半股權(「合資公司股權出售」); 及(iii)回購由VW集團持有的所有優先股及普通股 (「股份回購」)。該等交易相當於VW集團退出其 於Mobvoi集團的投資及終止其與Mobvoi集團的 合營安排。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日, 合資公司股權出售及股份回購已經完成,而知 識產權轉讓正於完成過程中。本公司從Mobvoi 知悉上述交易為Mobvoi集團的持續營運提供有 效支持。此外,Mobvoi集團亦擁有酌情使用或 向其他第三方授予非排他授權以使用該等知識 產權的權利,且向其他第三方授予該等非排他 授權將可使其技術能力輸出並成為為Mobvoi集 團持續貢獻價值的有效業務模式,因此為 Mobvoi集團取得與其他汽車企業進行業務發展 的機會提供有利基礎及前景。於股份回購後, Mobvoi集團將繼續為VW集團的長期技術供應 商。另一方面,為了減輕中國近來推出的教育 體制政策所帶來的負面影響,Mobvoi告知本公 司,其已於本年度出售於兩間附屬公司(其通過 於二零二零年發行Mobvoi普通股而收購,該等 公司從事為中國學生(包括兒童)提供教育及培 訓服務)的部分/全部股份,以換取Mobvoi所回 購的若干其普通股。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,該等被回購的普通股被視為將予註 銷的庫存股份(「庫存股份」)。上述向VW集團回 購股份導致本集團在Mobvoi的股權比例增加。 再者,於註銷庫存股份後,本集團於Mobvoi的 股權比例將增加至約1.57%(按全面攤薄及已轉 換基準)(二零二一年十二月三十一日: 1.24%)。然而,於本年度,由於(其中包括)資 本市場狀況惡化,本集團在Mobvoi的投資的公 允價值由二零二一年十二月三十一日的約 38,461,000港元下跌至於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的約25,201,000港元。本年度確認約

the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi. In addition, following the cancellation of the Treasury Shares. the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi will be increased to approximately 1.57% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis) (31 December 2021: 1.24%). However, due to (among others) the deterioration of the capital market conditions during the Year, fair value of the Group's investment in Mobvoi dropped to approximately HK\$25,201,000 as at 31 December 2022, as compared to approximately HK\$38,461,000 as at 31 December 2021. Fair value loss of approximately HK\$13,260,000 was recognised during the Year (2021: HK\$21,086,000). Nevertheless, the Company understands that Mobvoi will continue to make use of its voices AI technology to develop new products, to explore more opportunities and to widen its revenue base in order to enhance its value.

13,260,000港元的公允價值虧損(二零二一年: 21,086,000港元)。本公司得悉Mobvoi將繼續利 用其語音人工智能技術,開發新產品、探索更 多機會並擴大其收入基礎以提高其價值。

Another investment of the Group was classified as financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, being the Group's investment in a Taiwan private company that engages in the separator (a key component in lithium batteries) business. The fair value of such investment decreased to approximately HK\$1,300,000 as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: HK\$1,652,000). The Group's shareholding in such company remained unchanged at 2% throughout the Year, while additional shares were allotted by the company subsequent to 31 December 2022 and diluted the Group's shareholding to approximately 1.53%.

本集團的另一項投資分類為按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資產,即本集團對一間從事隔離膜(為鋰電池的主要部件)業務的台灣私人公司的投資。上述投資於二零二二年十二月三十一日的公允價值下降至約1,300,000港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:1,652,000港元)。本集團於該公司的持股於本年度維持於2%,而該公司於二零二二年十二月三十一日後配發額外股份,並將本集團的持股攤薄至約1.53%。

#### **Prospects**

#### Looking ahead, global economy will continue to be affected by geopolitical conflicts, fluctuating interest rates and high inflation. It is expected that display panels market will remain challenging. Furthermore, as COVID-19 pandemic in Hong Kong has been on a moderate trend and Hong Kong citizens are resuming their normal daily lives gradually after the relaxation of government's antiepidemic measures, sales of certain of the Group's health-related products, such as RAT, are expected to be adversely affected. Nevertheless, the Group will continue to deploy the health-related products market through widening its product diversity to minimize the adverse impact arising from any individual product. Meanwhile, the Group will continue to keep abreast of the market dynamics by exploring more opportunities with new suppliers and customers from various areas or industries to create greater value for the Company and its shareholders.

#### 前景

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### Global economic condition

A slowdown in the global economy, including the economic climate in the PRC, which has been one of the major markets for display products, would affect the results of the Group. A decrease in market demand may put significant downward pressure on the average selling prices. Reduced corporate and commercial activities also have a negative impact on the demand for and prices of the Group's products. If the economy continues to grow at a slow rate, or experiences a prolonged recession, the Group's business and results of operations will continue to be adversely affected.

#### Inventory risk

The Group places orders with its suppliers based on the Group's forecast of future procurement, customers' intentions and indicated orders, customers' recent purchase orders and the Group's inventory levels. Any unanticipated drop in sales could cause the Group's inventories to accumulate. As technology evolves quickly, the Group's inventories may become obsolete and may adversely affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

#### Prices fluctuation risk

Product trends, industry trends and other factors beyond the Group's control may cause fluctuations in selling prices and raw material prices, which could have a drastic and adverse effect on the Group's gross profit and net profit.

#### Financial risks

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Details of such risks are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements and its notes, which are included in this report.

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

#### 全球經濟狀況

全球經濟放緩(包括中國的經濟環境,此乃其中一個顯示產品主要市場)將影響本集團業績。市場需求下跌可能令平均售價受到巨大下行壓力。企業及商業活動減少亦對本集團產品的需求及價格造成不利影響。倘經濟增長率繼續緩慢或持續蕭條,本集團的業務及經營業績將繼續受到不利影響。

#### 存貨風險

本集團根據本集團的未來採購預測、客戶意向及指示訂單、客戶近期採購訂單及本集團的現有存貨水平而向供應商下達訂單。任何超出預期的銷售下跌可導致本集團的存貨可能會過時及可 科技瞬息萬變,本集團的存貨可能會過時及可能會對本集團的財務狀況和經營業績構成不利 影響。

#### 價格波動風險

產品趨勢、行業趨勢及其他本集團無法控制的 因素可以導致銷售價格及原材料價格波動,繼 而可能會對本集團的毛利及淨利潤造成嚴重及 不利的影響。

#### 財務風險

本集團的業務承受各種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險、現金流量及公允價值利率風險、價格風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。有關風險詳情載於綜合財務報表附註3。

#### 財務回顧

以下討論應與載於本報告的本集團綜合財務報 表及其附註一併閱讀。

#### Revenue

The fifth wave of COVID-19 pandemic in Hong Kong occurred since the beginning of 2022 had driven huge demand and led to a significant increase in sales of the Group's health-related products. However, the significant decrease in revenue from the sales of the Group's other major products, including TFT-LCD panels and modules, polarisers, integrated circuits and optics products during the Year had offset the contribution from health-related products. Total revenue of the Group for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$301,318,000, representing a decrease of approximately 43% as compared with approximately HK\$528,350,000 in 2021.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales of the Group mainly consisted of purchase costs, staff costs, provision for obsolete inventories and other direct costs. Mainly due to the decrease in sales of display products, purchase costs decreased and thus cost of sales decreased during the Year as compared with 2021. Total cost of sales of the Group for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$231,649,000 which decreased by approximately 55% as compared to approximately HK\$510,795,000 in 2021.

#### Gross profit

Gross profit of the Group during the Year amounted to approximately HK\$69,669,000, representing an increase of approximately HK\$52,114,000 as compared to approximately HK\$17,555,000 in 2021. The significant increase in gross profit was mainly due to the increase in revenue from the Group's health-related products, which have higher gross profit margins as compared with the Group's other major products, during the Year.

#### Other losses, net

Net other losses of approximately HK\$12,862,000 was recorded for the Year, representing a decrease in loss of approximately HK\$6,624,000 as compared to approximately HK\$19,486,000 in 2021. The balance mainly included the fair value loss of approximately HK\$13,260,000 (2021: HK\$21,086,000) recognised for the Group's financial asset at fair value through profit or loss in respect of its investment in Mobvoi during the Year. The decrease in net other losses was mainly due to the decrease in the aforementioned fair value loss.

#### 收入

自二零二二年年初,香港發生第五波2019冠狀病毒病疫情,推動了對本集團健康相關產品的龐大需求,其銷售亦因此大幅增長。然而办本集團的其他主要產品,包括TFT-LCD面板及模組、偏光板、集成電路及光學產品於本年度的銷售收入大幅下跌,抵銷了健康相關產品的貢獻。本年度,本集團的總收入約為301,318,000港元,較二零二一年的約528,350,000港元減少約43%。

#### 銷售成本

本集團的銷售成本主要包括採購成本、員工成本、陳舊存貨撥備及其他直接成本,主要由於顯示產品銷售下降,採購成本下降,因此本年度銷售成本較二零二一年下降。本年度本集團的總銷售成本約為231,649,000港元,較二零二一年的約510,795,000港元減少約55%。

#### 毛利

本年度,本集團的毛利約為69,669,000港元,較二零二一年約17,555,000港元增加約52,114,000港元。毛利重大增加乃主要由於本集團健康相關產品的收入於本年度有所增長,而該等產品相比本集團其他主要產品具有較高的毛利率。

#### 其他虧損淨額

本年度錄得其他虧損淨額約12,862,000港元,較二零二一年約19,486,000港元減少虧損約6,624,000港元。結餘主要包括本集團按公允價值計入損益之金融資產(即其於Mobvoi的投資)於本年度錄得的公允價值虧損約13,260,000港元(二零二一年:21,086,000港元)。其他虧損淨額的減少主要由於上述公允價值虧損的減少所致。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### Distribution and selling expenses

The Group's distribution and selling expenses for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$24,657,000, representing an approximately 56% increase as compared to approximately HK\$15,843,000 in 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in sales commissions, staff costs, transportation and promotion expenses incurred for the Group's health-related products.

#### General and administrative expenses

The Group's general and administrative expenses for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$26,969,000, which increased by approximately 6% as compared with approximately HK\$25,472,000 in 2021. The increase was mainly attributable to the increase in staff costs and bank charges.

#### Research and development expenses

The Group's research and development expenses amounted to approximately HK\$996,000 for the Year, which decreased by approximately 23% as compared with approximately HK\$1,301,000 in 2021. The decrease was mainly attributable to the decrease in staff costs.

#### Finance costs

The Group's finance costs for the Year mainly represented interest expenses on lease liabilities and bank loan of approximately HK\$196,000 (2021: HK\$469,000) and approximately HK\$156,000 (2021: HK\$27,000), respectively. New bank loan was borrowed in the last quarter of the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Income tax expense

The Group's income tax expense for the Year mainly represented Hong Kong profits tax provided for the Year, while income tax expense for the year ended 31 December 2021 represented deferred income tax provided.

### Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company

Mainly attributable to the significant increase in profit generated by the Group's health-related products and the decrease in fair value loss on the Group's financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, the Group recorded a turnaround of its results from loss in 2021 to profit during the Year. Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$4,038,000 as compared to loss attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$43,857,000 for 2021.

#### 分銷及銷售開支

本年度本集團的分銷及銷售開支約為 24,657,000港元·較二零二一年的約15,843,000 港元增加約56%。增加乃主要由於本集團健康 相關產品產生的銷售佣金、員工成本、運輸及 推廣費用增加。

#### 一般及行政開支

本年度,本集團的一般及行政開支約為 26,969,000港元,較二零二一年的約25,472,000 港元增加約6%。增加主要由於員工成本及銀行 費用增加所致。

#### 研究及開發開支

本年度,本集團的研究及開發開支約為996,000港元,較二零二一年約1,301,000港元減少約23%。減少主要由於員工成本減少所致。

#### 財務費用

本年度,本集團的財務費用主要為租賃負債及銀行貸款利息開支分別約196,000港元(二零二一年:469,000港元)及約156,000港元(二零二一年:27,000港元)。新增銀行貸款於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度最後一個季度借入。

#### 所得税開支

本年度,本集團的所得稅開支主要為本年度計提的香港利得稅,而截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的所得稅開支為計提的遞延所得稅。

#### 本公司權益持有人應佔利潤/(虧損)

主要由於本集團健康相關產品產生利潤大幅增加及本集團按公允價值計入損益之金融資產的公允價值虧損減少所致,本集團錄得業績由二零二一年的虧損轉為本年度的利潤。本年度本公司權益持有人應佔利潤約為4,038,000港元,而於二零二一年本公司權益持有人應佔虧損約為43,857,000港元。

### FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE 主要財務表現指標 **INDICATORS**

The financial key performance indicators are analysed as 主要財務表現指標分析如下: follows:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		Note	2022	2021	Percentage change Increase/(decrease) 百分比變動
		附註	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	增加/(減少)
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Revenue	<b>財務表現</b> 收入		301,318	528,350	(43)%
Gross profit	毛利		69,669	17,555	297%
Gross profit margin	毛利率		23.1%	3.3%	Increased by 19.8 percentage points 增加19.8百分點
Profit/(loss) before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	除利息、所得税、折 舊及攤銷前利潤/ (虧損) (「EBITDA」)		8,473	(39,129)	N/A不適用
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度利潤/(虧損)		3,483	(45,086)	N/A不適用
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人應 佔利潤/(虧損)		4,038	(43,857)	N/A不適用
EBITDA margin	EBITDA率	(i)	2.8%	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Return on total assets (%)	總資產回報率(%)	(ii)	2.3%	-23.0%	N/A不適用
Return on shareholders' equity (%)	股東權益回報率(%)	(iii)	3.6%	-40.9%	N/A不適用
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	每股基本盈利/(虧損)		HK0.27 cents 0.27港仙	HK(2.96) cents (2.96)港仙	N/A不適用

### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		Note	2022	2021	Percentage change Increase/(decrease) 百分比變動
		附註	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	增加/(減少)
KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS	<b>主要財務指標</b> 現金及現金等價物		05.700	00 510	(0).0/
Cash and cash equivalents  Net current assets	况並及児並寺順初 流動資產淨額		85,709 78,764	88,512 61,524	(3)% 28%
Total assets	資產總額		153,750	195,750	(21)%
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸		5,206	5,888	(12)%
Total liabilities	負債總額		44,412	89,891	(51)%
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應 佔權益		111 0/1	107.010	4%
holders of the Company Total equity	TA 惟 益 權 益 總 額		111,241 109,338	107,310 105,859	3%
Total equity	THE IIII IND HA		100,000	100,000	Increased
			3.0 times	1.7 times	by 1.3 times
Current ratio (times)	流動比率(倍)	(iv)	3.0倍	1.7倍	增加1.3倍
			2.5 times	1.2 times	Increased
Quick ratio (times)	速動比率(倍)	(v)	2.5 times 2.5倍	1.2 times 1.2倍	by 1.3 times 增加1.3倍
Quick fallo (liffles)	<u> </u>	(v)	2.514	1.21	月加1.0日
					Decreased by 0.8
					percentage point
Gearing ratio (%)	資本負債比率(%)	(vi)	4.8%	5.6%	減少0.8百分點
					Ingranged by 0.4
					Increased by 0.4 percentage point
Debt-to-asset ratio (%)	負債資產比率(%)	(vii)	3.4%	3.0%	增加0.4百分點
	7.7.7.1.20 1 (19)	(***)	3.770	3.070	H 7250 17 77 MH

#### Notes:

- (i) As the Group recorded loss before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortisation during the year ended 31 December 2021, no EBITDA margin are presented for the year ended 31 December 2021
- (ii) Return on total assets = Profit/(loss) for the year/Total assets
- (iii) Return on shareholders' equity = Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company/Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
- (iv) Current ratio = Current assets/Current liabilities
- (v) Quick ratio = (Current assets Inventories)/Current liabilities
- (vi) Gearing ratio = Total interest-bearing bank borrowings/Total equity
- (vii) Debt-to-asset ratio = Total interest-bearing bank borrowings/Total assets

#### 附註:

- (i) 由於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度本集團錄 得除利息、所得税、折舊及攤銷前虧損,截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度概無呈列EBITDA率
- (ii) 總資產回報率=年度溢利/(虧損)/資產總額
- (iii) 股東權益回報率=本公司權益持有人應佔溢利/(虧損)/本公司權益持有人應佔權益
- (iv) 流動比率=流動資產/流動負債
- (v) 速動比率=(流動資產 存貨)/流動負債
- (vi) 資本負債比率=計息銀行借貸總額/權益總額
- (vii) 負債資產比率=計息銀行借貸總額/資產總額

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group's funds are principally used to finance working capital, and the growth and expansion of the Group's operations and sales network. The Group's principal sources of funds are cash generated from operations and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, represented by bank deposits, bank balances and cash, amounted to approximately HK\$85,709,000 (2021: HK\$88,512,000).

The carrying amounts of the Group's bank deposits, bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團的資金主要用作撥付營運資金,及就本集團營運及銷售網絡的增長及擴展提供資金。本集團主要的資金來源為自營運產生的現金及銀行借貸。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及現金等價物為數約85,709,000港元(二零二一年:88,512,000港元),乃為銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金。

本集團的銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金的賬面值 乃以下列貨幣計值:

		<b>パーカー</b>	і н
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
United States dollars ("USD") Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") Renminbi ("RMB") New Taiwan dollars ("TWD")	美元(「美元」) 港元(「港元」) 人民幣(「人民幣」) 新台幣(「新台幣」)	39,487 39,005 6,510 707	68,952 8,135 9,006 2,419
		85,709	88,512

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's total bank borrowings comprised bank loan of approximately HK\$5,206,000 (2021: HK\$5,888,000). The scheduled repayment date of the Group's bank borrowings, as set out in the loan agreement and without considering the effect of any repayment on demand clauses were as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行借貸總額包括銀行貸款約5,206,000港元(二零二一年:5,888,000港元)。根據貸款協議所載及不計及任何按要求償還條款的影響,本集團銀行借貸之計劃償還日期載列如下:

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		», ı — /ı —	X 1 - 73 = 1 H		
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
		I /e /L	I YE JU		
On demand or within a period not exceeding 1 year Within a period of more than 1 year	按要求或於不超過 1年期間內 在多於1年期間但不超過	690	683		
but not exceeding 2 years Within a period of more than 2 years	2年 在多於2年期間但不超過	712	702		
but not exceeding 5 years	5年	2,288	2,226		
Within a period of more than 5 years	超過5年期間	1,516	2,277		
		5,206	5,888		

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group's bank loan was floating interest rate loan denominated in HK\$.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's unutilised banking facilities restricted for trade finance purposes amounted to approximately HK\$15.6 million (2021: HK\$15.6 million).

#### CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The capital of the Company only comprises ordinary shares. There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group during the Year.

#### TREASURY POLICIES

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Year.

The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by monitoring on an ongoing basis with reference to the financial position of the debtors, past experience and other factors. The Group performs regular credit evaluations of its major customers. To manage liquidity risk, the management closely monitors the Group's liquidity position and maintains sufficient cash and an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to settle the payables of the Group.

### RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's management policies, working environment, career prospects and employees' benefits have contributed to building good employee relations and employee retention of the Group. The Group offers competitive remuneration packages commensurate with industry practice and provides various fringe benefits to employees including medical benefits, social insurance, mandatory provident funds, bonuses and a share option scheme. The management regularly reviews its employees' remuneration packages to ensure they are up to prevailing market standards.

As at 31 December 2022, the employee headcount of the Group was 65 (2021: 65) and the total staff costs, including directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately HK\$26,495,000 during the Year (2021: HK\$25,331,000).

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團的銀行貸款為浮動利率貸款,以港元計 值。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團限於用作貿易融資的未動用的銀行信貸約為15,600,000港元(二零二一年: 15,600,000港元)。

#### 資本結構

本公司的資本僅包括普通股。於本年度內本集 團的資本結構概無轉變。

#### 庫務政策

本集團已就其庫務政策採取審慎財務管理方法,因而於整個本年度得以保持穩健之流動資金狀況。

本集團經參考債務人的財務狀況、過往經驗及 其他因素而持續進行監控,務求致力減低信貸 風險。本集團會定期為其主要客戶進行信貸評 估。為管理流動資金風險,管理層會緊密監察 本集團的流動資金狀況及持有足夠現金及充足 的已承諾信貸融資,以償還本集團的應付款。

#### 與僱員、供應商及客戶的關係

本集團的管理政策、工作環境、晉升前景及僱員福利有助本集團與僱員建立良好關係及留聘僱員。本集團為僱員提供符合行業慣例並具競爭力的薪酬待遇及各種僱員福利,包括醫療福利、社保、強積金、花紅及購股權計劃。管理層定期檢討其僱員薪酬組合,確保其符合現行市場水平。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團僱員總數為65人(二零二一年:65人),本年度員工總成本(包括董事酬金)約26,495,000港元(二零二一年:25,331,000港元)。

The Group has established long term business relationships with its major suppliers for over ten years. The Group has entered into long term supply framework agreements with these suppliers. The Group will endeavor to maintain its established relationship with these existing suppliers.

本集團已與其主要供應商建立逾十年的長期業 務關係。本集團與該等供應商訂立長期供應框 架協議。本集團將致力與該等現有供應商維持 既定關係。

The Group has a well-established business relationship with its customers and has gained recognition in the TFT-LCD panel industry in the PRC. Some of its customers have over ten-year business relationships with the Group. The Group endeavours to secure the business with existing customers and at the same time devotes to develop new reliable customers in new markets.

本集團與其客戶擁有穩固業務關係,並於中國 TFT-LCD面板行業廣獲認可。部分客戶與本集 團擁有超過十年的業務往來。本集團致力確保 與現有客戶的業務,同時投身新市場,發展值 得信賴的新客戶。

#### CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

#### CHARGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had charged its trade receivables of approximately HK\$480,000 (2021: HK\$5,377,000) in favour of a bank to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY

The Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in USD, HK\$, RMB and TWD. HK\$ are reasonably stable against the USD under the Linked Exchange Rate System. In addition, the management considers that the impact on exchange differences for RMB and TWD is not significant as at 31 December 2022. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the Board will continuously monitor the related foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (2021: Nil).

#### DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend nor declare any dividend for the Year (2021: Nil).

#### 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重 大或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

#### 抵押資產

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已抵押其應收賬款約480,000港元(二零二一年:5,377,000港元)予一間銀行,來獲取授予本集團的銀行融資。

#### 外匯

本集團的業務交易、資產及負債均主要以美元、港元、人民幣及新台幣計值。於聯繫匯率制度下,港元兑美元相對穩定。此外,管理層認為於二零二二年十二月三十一日,人民幣及新台幣匯兑差額之影響不重大。目前,本集團並無外幣對沖政策。然而,董事會將持續監控相關外幣風險,並於有需要時考慮對沖重大的外幣風險。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大資本承擔(二零二一年:無)。

#### 股息

本年度,董事會不建議或宣派任何股息(二零二一年:無)。

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD

In January 2015, the Group subscribed for 25,213,220 Series A-2 Preferred Shares of Mobvoi at a consideration of USD3,000,000. Mobvoi is principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search Al systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. The Company considers that the investment in Mobvoi, which is intended to be held by the Group for long-term investment purpose, will provide an opportunity to the Group to share in and gain from the development potentials of Mobyoi and its products and technology. The Group does not have any management or operational role in Mobvoi. There have been no addition to or disposal of such investment by the Group since it made the investment in January 2015. Mobvoi has undertaken several rounds of fundraising in recent years. During the Year, Mobvoi (i) repurchased certain of its preferred shares and ordinary shares from a substantial shareholder (those ordinary shares repurchased were issued to another shareholder of Mobvoi); and (ii) disposed of part of/all of the shares in certain of its subsidiaries in exchange for the repurchase by Mobvoi of certain of its ordinary shares, which were treated as treasury shares of Mobvoi ("Treasury Shares") as at 31 December 2022 to be cancelled. Upon cancellation of the Treasury Shares, the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi will be increased to approximately 1.57% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis) (31 December 2021: 1.24%).

The Group's investment in Mobvoi is classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 December 2022, the fair value of the Group's investment in Mobvoi was approximately HK\$25,201,000, representing approximately 16.4% of the Group's total assets. No dividend has been received by the Group from Mobvoi since making its investment. A fair value loss of approximately HK\$13,260,000 was recognised on such investment during the Year.

Save for the abovementioned, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any other company as at 31 December 2022.

## FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group did not have plans for material investments and capital assets as at 31 December 2022.

#### 所持重大投資

於二零一五年一月,本集團認購了25.213.220股 Mobvoi A-2系列優先股,代價為3,000,000美 元。Mobvoi主要從事開發及提供手機、智能佩 戴式設備、汽車及其他設備之語音搜索人工智 能系統業務。本公司認為投資Mobvoi(本集團有 意長期持有)將使本集團有機會分享及從Mobvoi 及其產品和技術的發展潛力獲益。本集團在 Mobvoi並無任何管理或營運角色。本集團自二 零一五年一月作出投資以來並無增加或出售該 投資。Mobvoi近年進行了幾輪集資。於本年 度, Mobvoi (i) 自一名主要股東回購若干其優先 股及普通股(該等被回購普通股已發行予Mobvoi 另一名股東);及(ii)出售於若干其附屬公司的部 分/全部股份,以交換Mobvoi回購的若干其普 通股(該等股份於二零二二年十二月三十一日 被視為將會註銷的Mobvoi的庫存股份(「庫存股 份」))。註銷該等庫存股份後,本集團在Mobvoi 的持股比例將增加至約1.57%(按全面攤薄及已 轉換基準)(二零二一年十二月三十一日: 1.24%)。

本集團於Mobvoi的投資分類為按公允價值計入 損益之金融資產。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團於Mobvoi的投資的公允價值約為 25,201,000港元,佔本集團資產總值約16.4%。 本集團自投資以來並無從Mobvoi獲得任何股 息。於本年度該投資確認公允價值虧損約 13,260,000港元。

除上文所述者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團概無於任何其他公司持有任何重大 股權投資。

#### 重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團概無重 大投資及資本資產的計劃。

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

The Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Year.

### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING THE COMPANY AND THE DIRECTORS

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 26 September 2019, 4 October 2019, 10 January 2020, 9 April 2020, 10 July 2020 and 25 September 2020. On 25 September 2019, the Company received a sealed copy of a petition (the "Petition") issued by the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "High Court") which was taken out by the Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") pursuant to section 214 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance against certain Directors, namely Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John, Mr. Wong Chi Chiu and Mr. Li Shui Yan (collectively "the Director Respondents"), and the Company. The SFC alleged in the Petition that the Director Respondents had breached their duties as directors of the Company in relation to the disposal of a subsidiary of the Company holding an approximately 50.14% shareholding in 尚立光電股份有限公司 (Shinyoptics Corporation\*) (details of such disposal were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 22 December 2016). As the Company is only a nominal respondent to the Petition and pursuant to the order of the High Court, the Company is not required to actively participate in the legal proceedings in respect of the Petition.

As detailed in the Company's announcement dated 25 September 2020, with effect from 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, the Director Respondents have been suspended from their duties as Directors. Mr. Cheng Wai Tak has also been suspended from his duties as the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company. Mr. Kan Man Wai, an independent non-executive Director, has been appointed as the acting Chairman in place of Mr. Cheng Wai Tak. The function of the CEO is shared among the management staff of the Company and other members of the Board.

The Company understands the Director Respondents disagree with the allegations of the SFC in the Petition, and intend to vigorously contest the Petition. As at the date of this report, the legal proceedings of the Petition are ongoing.

於本年度,本集團概無任何重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司的事項。

#### 涉及本公司及董事之法律程序

兹提述本公司日期為二零一九年九月二十六 日、二零一九年十月四日、二零二零年一月十 日、二零二零年四月九日、二零二零年十月十 日及二零二零年九月二十五日的公告。於二零 一九年九月二十五日,本公司接獲香港特別行 政區高等法院(「高等法院」)發出之呈請(「呈 請」)之蓋章文本。呈請由證券及期貨事務監察 委員會(「證監會」)根據證券及期貨條例第214條 向若干董事,即鄭偉德先生、廖嘉榮先生、謝 家榮先生、黃翼忠先生、黃智超先生及李瑞恩 先生(統稱「董事答辯人」),以及本公司提出。 證監會於呈請中指稱,就出售持有尚立光電股 份有限公司約50.14%股權之本公司附屬公司 (該出售之詳情於本公司日期為二零一六年十二 月二十二日之公告披露),董事答辯人違反彼等 作為本公司董事之職責。由於本公司僅作為呈 請中的名義上的答辯人及根據高等法院的頒 令,本公司並不需要積極參與呈請相關的法律 程序。

本公司知悉董事答辯人不同意證監會在呈請中 所作的指稱,並擬積極抗辯呈請。於本報告日 期,呈請之法律程序仍在進行。

重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

<sup>\*</sup> for identification purpose only

### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance with a view to safeguarding the interests of its shareholders. To accomplish this, the Company has adopted the principles and the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing

Throughout the Year, the Company had complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code for the time being in

#### COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CONDUCT 遵守董事進行證券交易的操守守則 FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES **TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors have complied with the required standard of dealings and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors adopted by the Company during the Year.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition of the Board

Rules.

Up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises four executive Directors and five independent nonexecutive Directors. The composition of the Board during the Year and up to the date of this annual report was as follows.

#### Executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended)

Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended) Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended)

Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended)

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

Biographical details of all Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 73 to 76 of this annual report. To the best knowledge of the Company, there is no financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司致力達至高水準的企業管治,旨在保障 其股東利益。為達成此目標,本公司已採納 GEM上市規則附錄15所載企業管治守則(「企業 管治守則」)的原則及守則條文。

於本年度內,本公司已遵守當時生效之企業管 治守則的所有守則條文。

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易之操 守守則,該守則之條款與GEM上市規則第5.48 至第5.67條所規定之交易標準同樣嚴謹。本公 司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,全體董事於本 年度內已遵守本公司所採納有關董事進行證券 交易之所需交易標準及操守守則。

#### 董事會

#### 董事會的組成

截至本年報日期止,董事會由四名執行董事及 五名獨立非執行董事組成。於本年度及截至本 年報日期,董事會的組成如下:

#### 執行董事:

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務) 廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務) 謝家榮先生(已暫停職務) 張桓嘉先生

#### 獨立非執行董事:

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務) 黃智超先生(已暫停職務) 簡文偉先生(代理主席) 曹志光先生 徐慧敏女十

全體董事及本公司高級管理層的履歷詳情載於 本年報第73至76頁內。就本公司所深知,董事 會成員之間概無任何財務、業務、家族或其他 重大或相關關係。

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition against certain Directors, including Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu have been suspended from their duties as Directors with effect from 25 September 2020. Mr. Kan Man Wai has been appointed as the acting Chairman in place of Mr. Cheng Wai Tak with effect from 25 September 2020. For further details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020.

### FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is responsible for establishing the strategic direction of the Company and its subsidiaries; setting objectives and business development plans; monitoring the performance of the senior management; and assuming responsibility for corporate governance. The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans established by the Board and reporting on the Group's operations to the Board on a regular basis to ensure effective performance of the Board's responsibilities.

The management provided all members of the Board with monthly updates in accordance with the code provision D.1.2 of the CG Code.

### DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Company's articles of association. All minutes of the Board meetings were recorded in sufficient detail of the matters considered by the Board and the decisions made.

#### 董事會及管理層職能

董事會之職責為制訂本公司及其附屬公司之策略性方向;訂立目標及業務發展計劃;監督高級管理層之表現及負責企業管治。管理層負責執行由董事會制訂之策略及計劃,及定時就本集團之運作向董事會報告以確保董事會之職責有效地執行。

根據企業管治守則守則條文第D.1.2條,管理層每月向董事會全體成員提供更新資訊。

#### 董事及高級職員的責任

本公司已為董事及高級職員安排適當的責任保險,覆蓋因公司活動而針對董事及高級管理層採取的任何法律行動。保險保障範圍每年檢討一次。

#### 董事會會議

根據本公司組織章程細則,董事可親身或以其 他電子通訊方式出席會議。所有董事會會議紀 錄已詳細記錄董事會考慮之事宜及已達成之決 定。 Four regular board meetings were held during the Year. The attendance of individual Directors at these board 事出席董事會會議之情況如下: meetings were as follows:

董事會於本年度內舉行四次定期會議。個別董

Name 姓名	Number of regular board meetings attended/held 出席/舉行 定期的董事會 會議次數	Continuous professional development — Type of training (Note) 持續專業發展 — 培訓類型 (附註)
Executive Directors: 執行董事 Mr. Cheng Wai Tak 鄭偉德先生 Mr. Liu Ka Wing 廖嘉榮先生 Mr. Tse Ka Wing 謝家榮先生 Mr. Chang Huan Chia 張桓嘉先生	生 生 生 生 4/4	A, B A, B A, B A, B
Independent non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行 Mr. Wong Yik Chung John 黃翼忠先生 Mr. Wong Chi Chiu 黃智超先生 Mr. Kan Man Wai 簡文偉先生 Mr. Cho Chi Kong 曹志光先生 Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen 徐慧敏女士	生 生 生 生 生 4/4 生 生 4/4	A, B A, B A, B A, B A, B
Note:	附註:	
A: attending training courses, seminars, workshops or briefings or giving talks	in-house A: 出席培訓課程、講座、工作坊 講	可以內部簡報會或進行演
B: reading materials relating to laws and regulations, governance, and other topics relevant to the Group's st business	·	5治以及其他與本集團策

#### CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL **DEVELOPMENT**

According to the code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all directors shall participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

The Group, together with its legal advisors, continuously update the Directors on the latest developments regarding the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. The Company has received the Directors' training records for the Year, and a summary of training participated by the Directors during the Year is set out on page 24 of this annual report.

### 持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.1.4條,全體 董事將參與持續專業發展,發展及更新彼等的 知識及技能,確保彼等繼續在具備全面資訊及 切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

本集團連同其法律顧問持續更新董事有關GEM 上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新發展,以 確保合規及增強彼等對良好企業管治常規的意 識。本公司已收到董事本年度的培訓記錄,有 關董事於本年度參與培訓的概要載於本年報第 24頁。

### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years.

By virtue of article 112 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director but the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In compliance with the code provision in B.2.2 of the CG Code, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Furthermore, pursuant to article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office.

By virtue of article 108 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Mr. Cho Chi Kong will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

In compliance with Rules 5.05(1), 5.05(2) and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has appointed five independent non-executive Directors, representing more than one-third of the Board and with at least one of whom having appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Company has received annual independence confirmation from each of the existing independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Board considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules for the Year.

#### 委任及重選董事

各獨立非執行董事與本公司已訂立委任書,為 期三年。

為符合企業管治守則的守則條文第B.2.2條,所有董事須最少每三年輪值退任一次。此外,根據本公司組織章程細則第108(a)條,在每一個人數東週年大會上,當時三分之一(或倘人分分上,以一一次。數目)的董事須輪值退任,惟各董事(包退任的數量)領最少每三年輪值可於特定委任年期的董事)須最少每三年輪值可於董事退任的股東大會上填補臨時空缺。

根據本公司組織章程細則第108條,廖嘉榮先生、張桓嘉先生及曹志光先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪席退任,且彼等符合資格並將願意重 選連任。

#### 獨立非執行董事

為符合GEM上市規則第5.05(1)、第5.05(2)及第5.05A條,本公司已委任五名獨立非執行董事,比例超過董事會成員的三分之一,且彼等當關財務管理專長。根據GEM上市規則第5.09條之規定,本公司已分別接獲各現任獨立非執行董事之年度獨立確認書。董事會認為根據GEM上市規則所載的獨立指引,所有獨立非執行董事本年度內均屬獨立。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established, with written terms of reference, three Board committees, namely audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee, to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties. The written terms of reference for each Board committee are in line with the GEM Listing Rules and are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, respectively.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules and code provision D.3.3 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the audit committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, who has the appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise and serves as the chairperson of the audit committee, Mr. Kan Man Wai and Mr. Cho Chi Kong.

The primary duties of the audit committee are (but without limitation) to assist the Board in providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting process and internal control and to review the Company's risk management and internal control systems, to oversee the audit process and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

The audit committee held four meetings during the Year. Its composition and attendance of individual members at these audit committee meetings are as follows:

Members of the audit committee

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個董事會委員會,分別為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,並定有有。面職責條款,以監管本公司特定方面的服務。本公司為董事會委員會提供足夠資源以履行為以下,並可分別於聯交所及本公司網路查閱。

#### 審核委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立審核委員會,其書面職責條款符合GEM上市規則第5.28條及企業管治守則的守則條文第D.3.3條規定。於本報告日期,審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,由具備適當的會計及相關的財務管理專長的徐慧敏女士出任審核委員會席,其餘成員為簡文偉先生及曹志光先生。

審核委員會的主要職責為(但不限於)協助董事會,就本公司財務申報過程及內部監控,以及檢討本公司的風險管理及內部控制系統的有效程度向其提供獨立意見,並監管審核過程以及進行董事會委派之其他職責及責任。

審核委員會於本年度內舉行四次會議。其成員 及個別成員於該等審核委員會會議之出席率如 下:

> Number of audit committee meetings attended/held 出席/舉行的 審核委員會 會議次數

> > 4/4

4/4

4/4

#### 審核委員會成員

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen *(Chairperson)* Mr. Kan Man Wai Mr. Cho Chi Kong

During the Year, the audit committee reviewed the Company's annual financial statements, annual results announcement, interim and quarterly results announcements and reports; discussed and reviewed the internal control and risk management systems of the Group; reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function; met with the independent external

徐慧敏女士(主席)

簡文偉先生

曹志光先生

Group; reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function; met with the independent external auditors and reviewed report from the independent external auditors regarding their audit on annual financial statements.

於本年度內,審核委員會審閱本公司之年度財務報表、年度業績公告、中期及季度業績公告及報告;討論及檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理系統;檢討本公司的內部審核職能的有效性;會見獨立外部核數師及審閱獨立外部核數師關於其審核年度財務報表之報告。

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a remuneration committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the remuneration committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Kan Man Wai, who serves as the chairman of the remuneration committee, Mr. Cho Chi Kong and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen.

The primary duties of the remuneration committee include (but without limitation): (i) making recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; (ii) determining the terms of the specific remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management; and (iii) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

During the Year, the remuneration committee held three meetings for, inter alia, reviewing the policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, assessing performance of executive Directors, approving the terms of executive Directors' service contracts and independent non-executive Directors' appointment letters, and making recommendations to the Board regarding the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management, and director's fee of independent non-executive Directors. The remuneration committee was satisfied with the existing arrangement and did not make recommendation to the Board on any change of such policy and structure.

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立薪酬委員會,其書面職責條款符合企業管治守則的守則條文第E.1.2條。於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,簡文偉先生出任薪酬委員會的主席,其餘成員為曹志光先生及徐慧敏女士。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於):(i)就一切董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及制訂正式及透明的薪酬政策訂立程序,向董事會提供推薦意見:(ii)釐定董事及高級管理層特定薪酬配套之條款:及(iii)按照董事會不時決議的企業目標及方針審閱及批核按表現釐定的薪酬。

> committee meetings attended/held

出席/舉行的 薪酬委員會 會議次數

Number of remuneration

#### Members of the remuneration committee

#### 薪酬委員會成員

Mr. Kan Man Wai *(Chairman)*Mr. Cho Chi Kong
Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

簡文偉先生(主席) 曹志光先生 徐慧敏女士

3/3 3/3 3/3

### REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Each of the Directors will receive a fee which is subject to an annual adjustment at a rate to be reviewed by the remuneration committee and be determined at the discretion of the Board. The Company's policy concerning the remuneration of the Directors is that the amount of remuneration is determined by reference to the relevant Director's experience, responsibilities, workload and time devoted to the Group. The Group has adopted incentive bonus schemes and continues to maintain these schemes in order to align the financial well-being of the Group with that of the employees, and to retain the Directors and staff of high caliber.

The executive Directors are also the senior management of the Company. Details of the remuneration of executive Directors for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in Note 34(a) to the audited consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report.

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established a nomination committee on 20 January 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with code provision B.3.1 of the CG Code. As at the date of this report, the nomination committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Cho Chi Kong, who serves as chairman of the nomination committee, Mr. Kan Man Wai and Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen.

The primary functions of the nomination committee include making recommendations to the Board to fill vacancies on the same, assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors and reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board.

During the Year, the nomination committee held one meeting for, inter alia, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and board diversity policy, discussing matters regarding the retirement and re-election of Directors and assessment of the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

Members of the nomination committee

#### 董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策

各董事所收取的費用會作出年度調整,比率的薪酬委員會審閱及董事會酌情決定。本公司責事薪酬政策,是參考有關董事的經驗、職責工作量及為本集團付出的時間而釐定薪酬。本集團採用獎勵花紅計劃,且會繼續沿用有關計劃,使本集團在財務上的利益與僱員的利益一致,以及挽留董事及高質素員工。

執行董事亦為本公司高級管理層。截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度執行董事薪酬詳 情載於本年報內經審核綜合財務報表附註34(a)。

#### 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一四年一月二十日成立提名委員會,其書面職責條款符合企業管治守則的守則條文第B.3.1條。於本報告日期,提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,曹志光先生出任提名委員會的主席,其餘成員為簡文偉先生及徐慧敏女士。

提名委員會的主要職責包括向董事會推薦人選,以填補董事會空缺,評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,並就續聘董事及董事的承替計劃提 出建議及檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成。

於本年度內,提名委員會已舉行一次會議,以 (其中包括)審閱董事會的架構、規模及組成及 董事會成員多元化政策,討論有關董事退任及 重選的事宜及評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

> Number of nomination committee meetings attended/held 出席/舉行的 提名委員會 會議次數

#### 提名委員會成員

Mr. Cho Chi Kong *(Chairman)* Mr. Kan Man Wai Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen 曹志光先生(主席) 簡文偉先生 徐慧敏女士 1/1 1/1

1/1

### POLICY FOR NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company's policy for the nomination of Directors (the "Nomination Policy") was adopted by the Company pursuant to Board resolutions. The nomination committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy and will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval. The Nomination Policy is set out as follows:

#### 1. Objective

This policy sets out the criteria and procedures to be adopted when considering candidates to be appointed or re-elected as Directors.

#### 2. Nomination Criteria

The nomination committee shall consider the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorship:

- Character and integrity;
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- Willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board;
- Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- Requirement for the Board to have independent non-executive directors in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules; and
- Such other perspectives as are appropriate to the Company's business or as suggested by the Board.

#### 董事提名政策

本公司提名董事的政策(「提名政策」)由本公司 根據董事會決議案採納。提名委員會將適時審 閱提名政策,以確保提名政策的有效性並將討 論可能需要的任何修訂,以及向董事會建議任 何該等修訂,供其考慮及審批。提名政策載列 如下:

#### 1. 目的

本政策載列於考慮將委任或重選為董事的 候選人時將採納的準則及步驟。

#### 2. 提名準則

提名委員會於評估及甄選董事候選人時將 考慮下列準則:

- 品格及誠信;
- 有關本公司業務及企業策略的專業 資格、技術、知識及經驗等資格;
- 願意投放充分時間履行作為董事會 成員的職責;
- 就達致董事會多元化所採納的董事 會多元化政策及任何可計量的目標;
- 根據GEM上市規則規定董事會須設 有獨立非執行董事,而候選人的獨 立性將參考GEM上市規則所載獨立 性指引而定;及
- 適用於本公司業務或由董事會建議 的有關其他方面。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### 3. Nomination Process

#### 3.1. Nomination by the nomination committee

- 3.1.1 The nomination committee reviews the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board periodically and makes recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- 3.1.2 When it is necessary to fill a causal vacancy or appoint an additional director, the nomination committee identifies or selects candidates recommended to the committee, with or without assistance from external agencies or the Company, pursuant to the "Nomination Criteria" set out above;
- 3.1.3 If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the nomination committee shall rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable);
- 3.1.4 The nomination committee makes recommendation to the Board including the terms and conditions of the appointment; and
- 3.1.5 The Board deliberates and decides on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the nomination committee.

### 3.2. Re-election of Director at Annual General Meeting

3.2.1 In accordance with the Company's articles of association, every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting;

#### 3. 提名程序

#### 3.1. 由提名委員會提名

- 3.1.1 提名委員會定期審閱董事會架 構、規模及組成(包括技能、 知識及經驗),並就董事會的 任何建議變動作出推薦建議, 以配合本公司的企業策略;
- 3.1.2 當需要填補臨時空缺或委任新增董事時,提名委員會根據上文所載的「提名準則」物色或挑選委員會獲舉薦的候選人(可尋求外部代理或本公司協助);
- 3.1.3 倘過程選出一名或以上的理想 候選人,提名委員會將根據本 公司的需要及各候選人的資歷 查核(如適用),按優先次序排 列;
- 3.1.4 提名委員會向董事會作出包括 委聘條款及條件在內的推薦建 議:及
  - 3.1.5 董事會根據提名委員會的推薦 建議商議及決定有關委聘。

#### 3.2 於股東週年大會重選董事

3.2.1 根據本公司的組織章程細則, 每名董事須至少每三年輪值退 任一次,並有資格於各股東週 年大會上重選連任;

- 3.2.2 The nomination committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director. The nomination committee shall also review the expertise and professional qualifications of the retiring director who offered himself/herself for re-election at the annual general meeting, to determine whether such director continues to meet the "Nomination Criteria" as set out above; and
- 3.2.3 Based on the review made by nomination committee, the Board shall make recommendations to shareholders on candidates standing for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company, and provide the available biographical information of the retiring director in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules to enable shareholders to make informed decisions on the re-election of such candidates at annual general meeting of the Company.

#### 3.3 Nomination by Shareholders

The shareholders of the Company may propose a person for election as a director in accordance with the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and applicable law. For more details, please refer to the section in Company's website "Investor Relations — Corporate governance — Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as director".

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Diversity Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. Pursuant to the Diversity Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of aspects, including (but not limited to) gender, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and educational background. All appointments of the Board members will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board.

- 3.2.2 提名委員會將審閱退任董事對本公司作出的整體貢獻及服務。提名委員會亦將審閱願意於股東週年大會重選連任的退任董事的專長及專業資格,以釐定該董事是否繼續符合上文所載的「提名準則」;及
- 3.2.3 董事會將根據提名委員會的審閱,就於本公司股東週年大東週年大東近上重選連任的候選人向股東市出推薦建議,並根據GEM上市規則提供退任董事的可得履歷資料,以使股東能夠就該會選人於本公司股東週年大重選連任作出知情決定。

#### 3.3 由股東提名

本公司股東可根據本公司組織章程 大綱及細則及適用法律建議人士參 選董事。更多詳情,請參閱本公司 網站「投資者資訊 一 企業管治 一 股東提名人選參選董事的程序」一 節。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「多元化政策」),其載有達至董事會成員多元化的方法。本公司深信董事會成員多元化出升,公司透過考慮多個範疇,包括(但不限於)計場。 以此區及行業經驗、技能、知識及對事會成別,就達致董事會成員多元化。全體董會成員多元化,所為有效董事會成員多元化,將按客觀條件考慮候選人。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Current Board members have varied educational backgrounds and expertises, diverse perspectives and competencies in areas which are relevant and valuable to the Group, including accounting, corporate finance, strategic planning, business development and management. The Board currently has one female Director and 8 male Directors and the Board will take opportunities to increase the proportion of female members over time as and when suitable candidates are identified.

現時董事會成員有不同教育背景和專業知識, 具備多元視野及於本集團相關及關鍵領域具有 相應的能力,包括會計、企業融資、戰略規劃, 業務發展及管理。董事會目前有一名女性董事 及八名男性董事,而董事會將把握機會,於 後物色到合適的人選時,增加女性成員的比例。

The Board places emphasis on diversity (including gender diversity) across all levels of the Group. The employee gender ratio of the Group as at 31 December 2022 is 7 males: 6 females. The Group when hiring employees considers a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, qualification, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and the Group will make sure achieving gender diversity across the workforce.

董事會重視本集團所有層面之多元化(包括性別多元化)。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團僱員的性別比例為7男:6女。本集團於聘用僱員時會考慮多項因素,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、資格、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資,本集團將確保在僱員層面達至性別多元化。

During the Year, the nomination committee has considered and reviewed the Diversity Policy and considered that the existing Diversity Policy is suitable and effective.

於本年度內,提名委員會已考慮及檢討多元化政策,並認為現有的多元化政策為合嫡及有效。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

#### 企業管治職能

The Company's corporate governance function is carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include (a) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board; (b) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries; (c) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (d) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors and its subsidiaries; (e) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosures in the corporate governance report of the Company required to be prepared pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules; and (f) considering, reviewing and deciding any other topics as authorised by the Board.

During the Year, the Board reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of its corporate governance policy.

於本年度內,董事會已審閱及討論本集團的企業管治政策,並信納其企業管治政策的成效。

#### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

### Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial period to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern approach in preparing the consolidated financial statements and are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of the external auditors in financial reporting are set out in the independent auditor's report attached to the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 in this annual report.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

For the Year, the remuneration paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers in respect of audit and non-audit services provided is set out below:

### Services rendered 所提供服務

Audit services

Total

Non-audit services

agreed-upon procedures

- tax compliance services

### 一商定程序一税務合規服務

總計

審計服務

非審計服務

1,069

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems in order to safeguard the Group's assets and investments and the shareholders' interest. The Board oversees the overall risk management of the Group and endeavors to identify, control impact of the identified risks and facilitate implementation of coordinated mitigating measures. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

#### 問責性及審核

#### 董事及核數師對綜合財務報表的責任

所有董事均確認其有責任就每一個財政期間編製本集團綜合財務報表,以真實公平地反映本集團的事務狀況及於該期間的業績及現金流量。董事在編製綜合財務報表時繼續採用持續經營基準,並不知悉任何重大不明朗因素,其涉及可能對本公司的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事件或狀況。

外聘核數師對財務匯報的責任載於獨立核數師報告,其附於本年報內的本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表。

#### 核數師酬金

本年度,就所提供的審計及非審計服務已付或 應付予羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的酬金載列如 下:

Remuneration paid/payable 已付/應付酬金

HK\$'000 千港元

875

10

184

#### 風險管理及內部監控系統

董事會清楚維持有效的風險管理及內部監控統的責任,以保障本集團的資產及投資更及及東利益。董事會監督本集團的整體風險實力求識別及控制已知風險的影響,促進執統,行協調緩解措施。該風險管理及內部監控系統,行旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出母而非絕對的保證。

### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Group has established a risk management policy setting out the process of identification, evaluation and management of the principal risks affecting the business. Each division is responsible for identifying, assessing and managing risks within its divisions, identifying and assessing the principal risks on a quarterly basis with mitigation plans to manage those risks. The management is responsible for overseeing the risk management and internal control activities of the Group, attending quarterly meetings with each divisions to ensure principal risks are properly managed and new or changing risks are identified and documented. Lastly, the Board is responsible for reviewing and approving the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The risk management framework, coupled with the Group's internal controls, ensures that the risks associated with different divisions are effectively controlled in line with the Group's risk appetite.

風險管理框架,連同本集團的內部監控,確保 與不同部門有關的風險得到有效控制至與本集 團的風險承受能力一致。

The risk management report was submitted to the audit committee and the Board for review.

風險管理報告已呈交予審核委員會及董事會以 供審閱。

The Group does not have an internal audit function within itself. Nevertheless the Company engaged an external consultant, CT Partners Consultants Limited ("CT Partners"), to carry out internal audit function and had during the Year conducted review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The review covered, inter alia, the internal control systems over the sales, receivable and receipt cycle and the human resources and compensation of the Group, and the external consultant made recommendations for improving the Group's internal control systems. The internal control review report was submitted to the audit committee and the Board for review. The audit committee has requested the management to follow up with the recommendations of the external consultant to remedy control issues identified and to further improve the Group's internal control system.

本集團並無內部審核職能部門。然而,本公司聘用外部顧問CT Partners Consultants Limited (「CT Partners」)以進行擬定審核職能,於統本年度已對本本集團的風險管理及內包括)系統集團的關檢討涵蓋(其中包括)資本集團的關檢討涵蓋以及內包括資本集內內部監控系統作出推薦意見。內部監控系統作出推薦會及董事會所以供審、與關問的報。內部監控系統作出推薦會及董事會所以供審、與關問,以補救已知的監控問題及進一步改善內部監控系統。

The Company has adopted the following internal control measures:

本公司已採納以下內部監控措施:

(a) The officers of the Group will cross check the counterparty with the list of connected persons updated on a monthly basis to identify potential connected transaction.

(a) 本集團的高級人員將按每月更新的關連人士名單,核對交易對手,識別潛在關連交易。

- (b) A material transactions authorisation policy and procedures (the "Policy"), which include (i) implementing additional authorisation procedures by setting different thresholds on the amount of all transactions with specific authorisation requirements; (ii) preparing monthly reports with details of the transactions above certain thresholds for the Board and the audit committee's review to identify if there is any irregularity or doubtful transaction; and (iii) providing ad hoc training to the Group employees to ensure they are familiar with the Policy. During the Year, the Company has engaged CT Partners, an independent internal control consultant, to evaluate the effectiveness and review the implementation and enforcement of the Policy.
- (b) 重大交易授權政策及程序(「政策」),包括 (i)就所有有特定授權要求的交易金額設定 不同的門檻,以實施額外的授權程序;(ii) 每月編製報告,載有高於特定門檻的,交易 詳情,供董事會及審核委員會審閱,以向 定是否有任何違規或可疑交易;及(iii)向熟 集團僱員提供特別培訓,以確保彼等熟悉 政策。於本年度,本公司已委聘獨立內 監控顧問CT Partners評估政策的成效及檢 討其實施及執行情況。

The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of accounting and financial reporting functions. After having conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, the Board has reached the conclusion that the Group's risk management and internal control systems were in place, effective and adequate. The Board will review and assess the risk management and internal control systems at least once a year.

董事會對維持充足的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓項目、會計及財務報告職能預算負有全責。對風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性進行檢討後,董事會已達成結論,本集團已建立有效及足夠的風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會每年至少進行一次風險管理及內部監控系統之評估。

The Company has established a whistle-blowing policy and system for employees of the Group to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and other matters. No significant areas of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance, controls and risk management of the Group have been identified.

本公司已為本集團僱員訂立一項舉報政策及系統以識別有關財務報告、內部監控及其他事宜之潛在不當行為。概無識別可能影響本集團財務、營運、合規、監控及風險管理的重要關注事項。

With respect to the monitoring and disclosure of inside information, the Company has adopted a policy on disclosure of inside information, with an aim to ensure that the insiders abide by the confidentiality requirement and fulfill the disclosure obligation of inside information. The policy describes clearly the decision trees to identify inside information and take necessary actions. Employees and other relevant parties are required to keep inside information in strict confidence. The Group is committed to ensure that information contained in announcements are not false or misleading, or false or misleading through omission of a material fact in view of presenting information in a clear and balanced way, which requires equal disclosure of both positive and negative facts.

有關內幕消息之監視及披露,本公司已採納內幕消息之監視及披露,本公司已採納內幕消息披露內衛東求,並履行內幕消息及採取所無其取行內幕消息及採取所需採取行動之之,並辨別內之其他相關方須對內幕消息嚴謹不可,或因,其與導性,以清晰和均衡的方式,以清晰和均衡的方式,以清晰和均衡的事實。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

# COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company aims to provide its shareholders and investors with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency. The Board is committed to providing clear and detailed information of the Group to its shareholders in a timely manner and on a regular basis, through the publication of quarterly, interim and annual reports and/or dispatching circulars, notices, and other announcements.

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the Company's shareholders. The Chairman of the Board and other members of the respective committees are available to answer questions from the shareholders at the general meeting. The Company recognises the importance of maintaining on-going communications with the shareholders and encourages them to attend general meetings to stay informed of the Group's businesses and convey any concerns they may have to the Directors and senior management.

The Company maintains a website at http://www.perfect-optronics.com where extensive information and updates on the Company's financial information, corporate governance practices and other useful information are posted and available for access by the public investors.

#### 2022 General meeting

At the annual general meeting held on 17 June 2022, separate resolutions were proposed by the acting Chairman in respect of each separate issue, including the re-election of directors and voted by way of poll. The Company announced the results of the poll in the manner prescribed under the GEM Listing Rules. The then chairman of each of the Board, audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee attended the annual general meeting held in 2022 to ensure effective communication with shareholders of the Company. All Directors attended the annual general meeting held in 2022.

The Board reviewed the validity of implementation of the shareholders' communication policy of the Company during the Year and considered that it remained effective in enhancing timely, transparent, accurate and open communication between the Company and its shareholders.

#### 與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司旨在向其股東及投資者提供高水平的披露及財政透明度。董事會致力透過刊發季度、中期及年度報告及/或寄發通函、通知及其他公告,及時及定期為股東提供清晰詳盡有關本集團的資訊。

本公司的股東大會為董事會與本公司股東提供 溝通平台。董事會主席及各委員會的其他成員 將出席股東大會以解答股東提問。本公司明 與股東維持溝通的重要性,並鼓勵股東出席股 東大會,以得到關於本集團業務的資訊,並向 董事及高級管理層提出彼等的關注。

本 公 司 設 有 網 站(網 址 為 http://www.perfect-optronics.com),網站內載有大量資訊,亦有關於本公司財務資料、企業管治常規及其他有用資料的更新資訊,可供公眾投資者查閱。

#### 二零二二年股東大會

董事會檢討於本年度內實施本公司股東通訊政策的有效性,認為該政策在加強本公司與其股東之間及時、透明、準確和公開的溝通方面仍然有效。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting and to put forward proposal at general meetings

Pursuant to Article 64 of the articles of association of the Company, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. Extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company with voting rights in the general meetings attached thereto. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Article 113 of the articles of association of the Company provides that no person other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registered office. The period for lodgment of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days. The written notice must state that person's biographical details as required by Rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules. The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as director is posted on the Company's website.

#### 股東權益

股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上提呈建 議的程序

# SHAREHOLDERS' ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary by mail to the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong. The Company Secretary forwards communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and complaints, to the executive Directors.

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

#### **COMPANY CULTURE**

The Board plays a leading role in defining the purpose, values and strategies of the Company, and aligning them with the culture of the Company. The Board sets the tone and shapes the company culture of the Company, which is instilled and continuously reinforced by the core values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly across all levels of the Company. The Company endeavours to act responsibly and maintain accountability to its employees, shareholders, other stakeholders, as well as the community. The Company's purpose, values and strategies form the foundations of the culture of the Company, which adheres to strong ethical values and strives for sustainable development.

#### WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Company has adopted a whistleblowing policy to provide guidance to employees and external stakeholders to report concerns about any suspected or actual improprieties relating to the Group.

# MECHANISM ON INDEPENDENT VIEWS TO THE BOARD

The Board has adopted effective mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. Subject to approval of the Chairman of the Board, Directors may seek, at the Company's expense, independent legal, financial or other professional advices from advisors independent to those advising the Company as and when necessary in appropriate circumstances to enable them to discharge their responsibilities effectively. The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms on an annual basis.

#### 股東向董事會的查詢

股東可向董事會提出彼等的查詢及疑問,方法 為郵寄至本公司的香港主要辦事處,註明收件 人為公司秘書。公司秘書會將與董事會負責之 事宜有關的通訊轉交董事會,而有關日常業務 事宜之通訊(例如建議、查詢及投訴)則會轉交 執行董事。

股東亦可於本公司股東大會上向董事會作出查詢。

#### 公司文化

#### 舉報政策

本公司已採納一項舉報政策,為僱員及外部持份者提供指引,以報告任何有關本集團的可疑或實際不當行為。

#### 向董事會發表獨立意見之機制

董事會已採納有效機制,以確保向董事會提供獨立意見及建議。經董事會主席批准,在適當情況下,董事可在必要時向獨立於向本公司提供諮詢的顧問尋求獨立的法律、財務或其他專業諮詢,以使彼等能有效地履行其職責,費用由本公司承擔。董事會將每年檢討有關機制的實行及有效性。

The Board reviewed the validity of implementation of such mechanisms during the Year and considered that such mechanisms are effective.

董事會檢討於本年度內實施有關機制的有效 性,認為有關機制有效。

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

#### Under the Companies Law of Cavman Islands and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, dividends may be paid out of the profits of the Company, or subject to solvency of the Company, out of sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by Directors.

Declaration and recommendation of payment of dividends of the Company is subject to the approval of the Directors, depending on results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects, and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors may consider relevant from time to time. Any future declaration, recommendation and payment of dividends of the Company may or may not reflect the historical declarations and payments of dividends and will be at the absolute discretion of the Directors. The Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio.

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary, Mr. Tse Ka Wing ("Mr. Tse"), is an employee of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 26 March 2015. He reports to the acting Chairman and is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters. The biographical details of Mr. Tse are set out under the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management".

During the Year, Mr. Tse has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there was no change to the Company's 於本年度內,本公司之憲章文件概無變動。 constitutional documents.

#### 股息政策

根據開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程大綱及 細則,股息可由本公司溢利中撥付,或於本公 司有力償還債務的情況下,由本公司股份溢價 賬的進賬額撥付。然而,概無股息可超過董事 所建議的金額。

宣派及推薦派付本公司股息須得到董事批准, 視乎營運業績、營運資金、財務狀況、未來前 景及資本要求以及董事不時可能認為相關的任 何其他因素。未來宣派、推薦及派付任何本公 司股息,未必是過往所宣派及派付的股息的反 映,並將由董事全權酌情決定。本公司並無任 何預定派息比率。

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書謝家榮先生(「謝先生」)為本公司僱 員。彼於二零一五年三月二十六日起獲委任為 執行董事。彼向代理主席匯報,負責就企業管 治事項向董事會提出建議。謝先生的個人資料 載列於「董事及高級管理層個人資料」一節。

於本年度內,謝先生按照GEM上市規則第5.15 條進行不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

#### 憲章文件

#### ABOUT THE REPORT

This is the seventh consecutive Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") report of the Company, providing detailed information about the Group's performance and management approach of its environmental, social and governance topics. All topics that can possibly have significant impacts on the society and the environment are covered.

#### Reporting Guide

This ESG report complies with the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 20 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "GEM Listing Rules"). Reporting principles of Materiality, Quantitative, Balance and Consistency stipulated in the ESG Reporting Guide have been followed in preparation of this report.

#### Reporting Boundary and Period

This report covers ESG management approach and quantitative performance for the year from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 of the entire Group, related to ESG topics identified as material. Annual report of the Company provides some additional information about our sustainability performance, besides the financial information and data.

#### 關於本報告

本報告為本公司連續發佈的第七份環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告,提供有關本集團在環境、社會及管治議題上的表現及管理方針的詳細資料,當中涵蓋所有可能對社會及環境造成重大影響的議題。

#### 報告指引

本環境、社會及管治報告遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」) 附錄20所載之環境、社會及管治報告指引。我們在編製本報告時已遵守環境、社會及管治指引所述之重要性、量化、平衡及一致性報告原則。

#### 報告範圍及期限

本報告涵蓋整個集團於二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度有關已識別 重大環境、社會及管治議題之環境、社會及管 治管理方針及量化表現。除財務資料及數據 外,本公司的年報還提供有關我們可持續表現 的若干補充資料。

# ESG MANAGEMENT AND RISK OVERSIGHT

#### **Board Statement**

Principal business activities of group companies are trading, development and sale of display and optics products and related electronic components, as well as trading of health-related and other products. The Group also processes some of the products which it sells.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") assumes the ultimate responsibility of integrating material ESG issues with the Group's business operations. The ESG Working Group has been set up for taking stock of progress towards sustainability every quarter and reporting to the Board, which takes final decisions about ongoing work as well as future plans.

All identified material topics are listed in an order of priority after adequate interactions with different groups of stakeholders. Actions taken and progress made in respect of each material topic are reviewed by the Board and incorporated into the Group's ESG management strategy.

ESG-related risks are articulated regularly for devising suitable strategies and assigning priorities on the basis of the likelihood of occurrence and the likely consequences. The Board reviews the risks on a quarterly basis. An external consultant is also engaged to review the overall risk annually and to suggest remedial action.

Targets for ESG performance are set in a manner that strikes a balance between sustainability and financial needs and means of the Group. Corresponding progress are presented to the Board quarterly. The Board of Directors of the Company acknowledges its responsibility to ensure the integrity of this ESG report and confirms that it has reviewed and approved the report.

#### 環境、社會及管治管理及風險監控

#### 董事會聲明

集團公司的主要業務活動為顯示及光學產品及 相關電子部件的貿易、開發及銷售,以及健康 相關及其他產品的貿易。本集團亦就若干銷售 的產品進行加工。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)承擔將重大環境、社會及管治議題納入本集團業務營運的最終責任。環境、社會及管治工作小組已經成立,以在每季評估可持續發展的進度並向董事會匯報,而董事會則就目前的工作以及未來計劃作出最終決定。

在與各類持份者充分交流後,我們按優先次序列出所有已識別重大議題。就各個議題所採取的行動及進展會由董事會檢視,並併入本集團的環境、社會及管治管理策略。

我們會定期闡述環境、社會及管治相關風險,以便制定合適的策略及根據發生的機率和可能的後果,分配優次。董事會每季檢視風險。我們亦委聘外部顧問,每年檢視整體風險及建議補救行動。

我們設定環境、社會及管治表現目標時會在可持續發展與本集團的財務需要及手段之間取得平衡,並每季向董事會呈報相關進度。本公司董事會明白其確保本環境、社會及管治報告完整性的責任,並確認其已檢視及批准報告。

#### **ESG** Policy

When taking decisions about its operations and strategies, the Group considers environmental and social issues to improve its ESG performance. This is achieved by incorporating the ESG policy into the process of decision-making. Our ESG policy is designed to address all sustainability issues, including operations, the environment and people, in a holistic manner. The policy serves as the core set of guidelines that help the Group creates positive impacts for key stakeholders, including employees, suppliers, sub-contractors, customers and the community.

#### 環境、社會及管治政策

本集團在作出有關營運及策略的決定時,會考慮環境及社會議題,務求透過將環境、社會及管治政策納入決策過程來實現環境、社會及管治表現優化。我們的環境、社會及管治政策行為有可持續發展議題,包括營運、環境及員工。該政策作為核心指引,有助本集團為關鍵持份者,包括員工、供應商、分包商、客戶及社區,創造積極的影響。

#### **Environment** People Operation 環境 員工 營運 Conserve resources • Protect employee rights Monitor suppliers' 保護資源 保障員工權利 sustainability performance 監察供應商的可持續表現 · Raise employees' • Provide training opportunities environmental awareness 提供培訓機會 • Ensure the procurement 提高僱員環保意識 process and contractual · Create a safe and healthy arrangement are transparent • Advocate green office working environment and fair 確保採購過程及合約安排透 initiatives 打造安全及健康的工作環境 提倡綠色辦公室 明及公平 · Support the community Adopt green procurement through donations practices 以捐贈支持社區 執行綠色採購

#### Stakeholder Engagement

The Group's stakeholders include shareholders and 本集團的持份者包括股東及投資者、員工、客 investors, employees, customers, suppliers and 戶、供應商及分包商、政府及社區。我們透過 sub-contractors, government and community. 適當的聯繫方式與不同的持份者溝通,以了解 Communications with different stakeholders are carried 其各自的關注事項。以下是持份者的聯繫渠道 out through appropriate engagement channels, to 及不同持份者關注的議題。 understand their respective concerns. Below are the stakeholder engagement channels and topics of concern of different stakeholders.

#### 持份者參與

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerned Issues 關注事項	Engagement Channels 溝通渠道	Corresponding Chapters 相關章節
Shareholders and Investors 股東和投資者	<ul> <li>Corporate governance 企業管治</li> <li>Risk management 風險管理</li> <li>Operations and strategy 經營及策略</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual general meeting 股東週年大會</li> <li>Corporate reporting 企業報告</li> </ul>	Annual Report 年報
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Welfare and benefits 福利及利益</li> <li>Training and development 培訓及發展</li> <li>Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reporting channels 報告渠道</li> <li>Meetings 會議</li> <li>Trainings 培訓</li> </ul>	Our People 我們的員工
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Product responsibility 產品責任</li> <li>Data privacy 數據私隱</li> </ul>	• Grievance channels 申訴渠道	Operating Practices 經營常規
Suppliers/ Sub-contractors 供應商/分包商	<ul> <li>Product and service quality 產品及服務質量</li> <li>Business ethics 商業道德</li> </ul>	• Regular meetings 定期會議	Operating Practices 經營常規
The Government 政府	<ul> <li>Taxation compliance 税務合規</li> <li>Regulatory compliance 監管合規</li> <li>Business ethics 商業道德</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法律及法規</li> <li>Responses to government policies 響應政府政策</li> </ul>	Operating Practices; Environmental Management 經營常規: 環境管理
Community 社區	• Community investment 社區投資	• Donations 捐款	Our People 我們的員工

#### Materiality Assessment

Assessment of materiality of various ESG topics was conducted by identification, prioritisation, validation and review. The Board has reviewed the list of identified topics and confirmed that they are relevant and important for the Group and the economy, environment and the community.

Six material topics were identified: Supply Chain Management, Anti-corruption, Product Quality and Safety, Service Quality Control and Complaint Handling, Customer Satisfaction, and Employee Engagement, Diversity and Inclusion.

A risk management plan has been put in place, based on the identified potential ESG risks to prevent risk from materializing. The Board alongs with the concerned departments take responsibility for minimizing the impact. The risks identified by the Group and actions taken are listed in the table below:

#### 重要性評估

我們透過識別、排序、核實及審視等程序評估 各環境、社會及管治議題的重大性。董事會已 檢視所識別議題的清單,並確認其對本集團及 經濟、環境及社區而言屬相關和重要。

已識別六個重大議題: 供應鏈管理、反貪污、 產品質量及安全、服務質素監控及投訴處理、 客戶滿意度,以及員工參與、多元化及共融。

我們已根據識別出的潛在環境、社會及管治風 險,實施一項風險管理計劃,以防止風險發生。 董事會連同相關部門就盡量降低影響承擔責 任。本集團已識別的風險及採取的行動載列於 下表:

Material Topics 重大議題

**ESG-related Risks** 環境、社會及管治相關風險 Action Taken 所採取的行動

#### Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理

- Certain suppliers of the Group may
   Follow supplier selection and not understand the ESG requirements adequately and might not be aware of the need to comply . Sign agreements for processing with environment regulations, which may also lead to reputation loss 本集團某些供應商未必充份了解環 境、社會及管治的規定,而且不一定 知悉需要遵守環境規例,這亦可能 ● Prefer suppliers with higher 導致聲譽受損
- · The assessment of suppliers may be insufficient which may result in business malpractices 對供應商的評估可能不足,或導致 商業行為不當

- evaluation standards diligently 時刻遵守供應商挑選及評估標準
- contracts as well as suppliers of goods and other inputs 簽署加工合約以及貨品及其他投入 品的供應協議
- environmental performance, and ensure all major suppliers have environmental management system and greenhouse gas quantification and reporting certificates 優先選擇環境表現較佳的供應商, 並確保所有主要供應商均設有環境 管理系統及溫室氣體量化及報告 證書
- · Ongoing assessment of suppliers to be organised to mitigate the risks 對將予委聘的供應商進行持續評 估,以緩解風險
- · Use eco-friendly raw materials 使用環保原材料

Material Topics 重大議題

ESG-related Risks 環境、社會及管治相關風險 Action Taken 所採取的行動

#### Anti-corruption 反貪污

- Any breach of regulatory rules may
   Have an effective Anti-Fraud affect the business and reputation of the Group 違反監管規則可能影響本集團的業 • The Code of Conduct must be signed 務及聲譽
- · Lack of a culture of integrity in the organization may lead to potential risk of bribery 組織內缺乏誠信的文化可能導致潛 在受賄風險
- Management System in place 已實施有效的反欺詐管理系統
- by all employees 全體員工都須簽署操守準則
- Provide whistle-blowing channels 提供舉報渠道
- Ensuring awareness-raising initiatives are organised on integrity and anti-corruption 確保就誠信及反貪污制定提高意識 的措施

#### Product Quality and Safety 產品質量及安全

 Lack of channels for handling customer grievances and insufficient quality monitoring may result in low customer satisfaction, and even product recall 缺乏處理客戶申訴的渠道及質量監 察不足可能導致客戶滿意度低,甚 至是回收產品

- Receive customer feedback on product quality 收集客戶就產品質量的反饋意見
- Apply quality assurance and control procedures 應用質量保證及控制程序
- · Obtain certifications on product quality 就產品質量取得證書
- · Ensuring the customer engagement channel is clear and regular engagement is conducted 確保客戶聯繫渠道清晰並定期進行 聯繫
- Having regular meetings with suppliers to monitor the updates on product safety compliance 定期與供應商舉行會議,以監察產 品安全合規的更新情況

Service Quality Control and Complaint Handling 服務質素監控及投訴處理 • Service level might not be well monitored, and complaint is handled without proper mechanism 有正確的機制處理投訴

- · Adopt a grievance resolution mechanism 採用申訴解決機制
- 服務水平或無法妥善監察,以及沒 Offer technical support in response to customer feedback 針對客戶的反饋意見提供技術支援

Material Topics	
重大議題	

ESG-related Risks 環境、社會及管治相關風險 Action Taken 所採取的行動

#### Customer Satisfaction 客戶滿意度

- received due to a lack of channel and methodology 而無法收妥
- Customer concern might not be well Provide numerous customer communication channels 提供多個客戶溝通渠道
  - 客戶的關注可能因欠缺渠道及方法 Provide guidelines to employees on customer information handling 向員工提供有關客戶資料處理的指 引

#### Employee Engagement, Diversity and Inclusion 員工參與、多元化及共融

- Lack of assessment on employee's awareness on corporate culture may lower their sense of belonging, resulting in discrepancies between operations and corporate culture 對員工的企業文化意識評估不足, 可能降低其歸屬感,導致營運與企 業文化之間出現差異
- Prohibit any form of harassment and discrimination in the Code of Conduct 在操守準則內禁止任何形式的騷擾 及 歧視
  - Provide reporting channels on violations of the Code of Conduct 就違反操守準則提供舉報渠道
  - Regular engagement with employees to be conducted 定期與員工聯繫
  - · Organise employee activities and reward outstanding employees 組織員工活動及獎勵傑出員工
  - Perception towards the Company should be gauged to ensure alignment with the corporate culture 量度對本公司的看法,確保與企業 文化一致

#### **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### Supply Chain Management

The COVID-19 pandemic is still around and its impact on supply chains continues to be unpredictable. However, in the midst of the prevailing uncertainties the Group is striving to maintain long-term and stable relationships with its suppliers and processing services providers to ensure the quality and reliability of the products. During the year, the Group worked with 119 suppliers, of which 22 are located in Hong Kong, 63 in Mainland China and 34 in other regions. We maintain the quality standards expected of us and communicate with sub-contractors and processing services providers.

#### 經營常規

#### 供應鏈管理

2019冠狀病毒病疫情仍然持續,其對供應鏈的 影響依然不可預測。然而,在當前的不穩定性 下,本集團正致力與供應商及加工服務供應商 維持長期及穩定的關係,以確保產品優質及可 靠。年內,本集團與119名供應商合作,其中22 名位於香港,63名位於中國內地及34名位於其 他地區。我們保持大眾對我們所期望的質量水 平,並與分包商及加工服務供應商溝通。

We have detailed and documented specifications for selection of suppliers and processing services providers and evaluating their performance on a regular basis. Besides price, quality, service and reputation, the Group also considers risks associated with social and environmental management practices of suppliers. During the year, most of our major suppliers were ISO 14001 certified and had well-developed ESG management systems. The Group encourages its suppliers and processing services providers to efficiently manage issues such as product responsibility, human rights and environmental protection. Suppliers who use environmentally friendly products or services are preferred.

我們就挑選供應商及加工服務供應商設有詳細 的文件規範並定期評估其表現。除價格、質量、 服務及聲譽外,本集團亦考慮與供應商的社會 及環境管理慣例有關的風險。年內,我們大部 分主要供應商均取得ISO 14001認證,並具備發 展完善的環境、社會及管治管理系統。本集團 鼓勵其供應商及加工服務供應商高效地管理產 品責任、人權及環保等議題,並優先選擇使用 環保產品或服務的供應商。

- Supplier agreements are based on our requirements on product quality and delivery inspection 供應商協議乃基於我們對產品質量及驗收的要求
- Receive product samples and specifications for inspection 取得產品樣本及規格以作檢驗
- If any quality problems are identified, we request replacement 如發現任何品質問題,我們會要求換貨

# 供應商

- Processing contracts are signed to achieve high yields for our products that meet our standards 簽立加工合約以確保產品保持高優良率,並符合我們的標準 Evaluate our processing services providers' performance regularly 定期檢討加工服務供應商的表現

# **Providers** 加工服務供應商

- Collect feedback from customers through grievance resolution mechanism 經由訴解決機制獲得客戶的反饋
- Preserve security and confidentiality of customer privacy 保障客戶私隱的安全性及機密性
- Protect customer information to avoid improper disclosure, misuse or unauthorised use, loss, damage or corruption 保護客戶信息,以防出現不正當披露、濫用或盜用、損失、損壞或貪污

#### Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理

#### Maintaining Green Supply Chain

continuously by incorporating environmental 高環境、社會及管治表現。我們恪守綠色採購 considerations into its supply chain. Green procurement practices are being followed and suppliers with better environmental performance are given preference.

#### 維持綠色供應鏈

ESG performance of the Group is being enhanced 本集團將環境考慮因素納入供應鏈,以不斷提 慣例並優先選擇環境表現較佳的供應商。

Most of the major suppliers of the Group have obtained certification under ISO 14001 Environmental Management System and ISO 14064 Greenhouse Gas Accounting and Verification. Suppliers who provide environmental friendly products or services are always preferred; our personal hygiene and disinfectant products are sourced according to the Recommended Green Specifications published by the Environmental Protection Department of Hong Kong.

本集團大部分主要供應商已取得ISO 14001環境管理系統及ISO 14064溫室氣體量化與查證的認證。我們總是優先選擇提供環保產品或服務的供應商:我們根據香港環境保護署發佈的建議環保規格採購個人衞生及消毒產品。

Our service providers in the PRC are required to register themselves and get licences from the relevant environmental protection authorities under the PRC laws and regulations. Regular site visits are conducted by our managers to further guarantee compliance with environmental standards.

我們的中國服務供應商須根據中國法律及法規1向相關環保當局登記及取得牌照。我們的經理定期進行實地探訪,以進一步確保遵守環境標準。

#### Customer Satisfaction and Product Quality

# We provide several channels for customers to reach out to us, including Facebook, Email, WhatsApp and our hotline. We make all possible efforts to understand what the customers need and demand, so as to improve product quality and offer the required technical support and resources.

Customers can also communicate their opinions on quality of products and services or any related issues through a grievance resolution mechanism. Specific departments and managers record and deal with customer concerns in a timely manner by taking the necessary follow-up actions. Sales and marketing team works with the technical team to provide support to customers.

All quality assurance and control procedures are followed in letter and in spirit to maintain desired and stipulated quality standards. In the event of a non-conformity the original manufacturer is asked to replace the product. For "K-clean", a personal hygiene and disinfectant product, we have obtained various certifications including antibacterial test, chemical safety and disinfection effectiveness. Another major health-related product sold during the year, Hecin rapid antigen test kit for COVID-19 is listed under Medical Device Administrative Control System. To provide better quality products, Hecin applies a quality management system having EN ISO 13485: 2016 certificate.

#### 客戶滿意度及產品質量

我們提供多個渠道以便客戶與我們聯繫,包括 Facebook、電郵、WhatsApp及熱線電話。我們 用盡一切可行的辦法,了解客戶的需要和需 求,藉此提高產品質量及提供所需的技術支援 和資源。

客戶亦可透過申訴解決機制,就產品及服務質量或任何相關問題發表其意見。特定部門及經理會記錄並盡快採取必要的跟進行動,解決客戶疑慮。銷售及營銷團隊與技術團隊合作,為客戶提供支援。

我們在明文和精神上均恪守所有質量保證及控制程序,以維持理想及指定的質量標準。原製造商如有違反,會被要求更換產品。就們已取得多生及消毒產品「K-clean」而言,我們已取得多個證書,包括殺菌測試、化學安全及消毒效力。年內出售的另一款主要健康相關產品和信2019冠狀病毒病快速抗原測試包名列於醫療儀器行政管理制度下。為提供更優質的產品,和信理所了具備EN ISO 13485: 2016認證的質量管理系統。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>1</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

During the year, there were no product recalls for safety and health reasons. We did not receive any material products and service-related complaints.

年內,概無因安全及健康理由召回產品。我們 並無接獲任何重大產品及服務相關投訴。

#### Customer Privacy and Intellectual Property Rights

# Confidentiality of customer information is maintained in accordance with documented guidelines provided to employees. Customer information is stored properly to prevent unauthorised access and misuse. Customer information is stored on the company server and responsible personnel keep it confidential and avoid unauthorised use. We comply with all applicable laws and regulations<sup>2</sup> related to personal data and privacy. We protect intellectual property rights by obtaining trademarks for our products. This helps prevent counterfeiting and fraud.

During the year, the Group complied with all relevant laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters concerning products and services sold and provided to customers.

#### Anti-corruption

Integrity and honesty are the core values for the Group. We have zero tolerance for any and all unethical business practices such as corruption, bribery, fraud, blackmail and money laundering. Several anti-corruption measures have been implemented in our business units. An Anti-Fraud Management System is in place which is in alignment with relevant laws and regulations. The Anti-bribery Guidelines was updated in 2022, to provide clearer guidelines for our employees. All employees are expected to understand all the rules well and avoid corruption-related cases. The measures help prevent misconduct, particularly in conjunction with an internal control system. The Audit Committee guides the anti-fraud work while Anti-Fraud Department organises the anti-fraud work across the Group.

#### 客戶私隱及知識產權

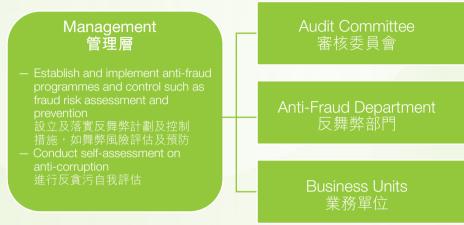
我們根據提供予員工的文件指引保持客戶資料 機密。我們妥善保存客戶資料,以防止未經授 權存取及不當使用。客戶資料儲存於公司伺服 器,由負責人員以機密方式保存,以免遭未經 授權使用。我們遵守與個人資料私隱有關的所 有適用法律及法規<sup>2</sup>。我們為產品取得商標,以 保護知識產權。這有助防止假冒及欺詐。

年內,本集團就銷售及提供予客戶的產品及服 務遵守有關健康及安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事 宜的一切有關法律及法規。

#### 反貪污

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>2</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」



Anti-Fraud Governance Structure 反舞弊管治架構

During the year, we arranged a training seminar on anti-corruption for all employees, including senior management and directors, in Hong Kong, provided by the Independent Commission Against Corruption of Hong Kong. We were not aware of any breach of laws and regulations<sup>3</sup> that had a significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There were no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices.

年內,我們為香港全體員工(包括高級管理層及董事)安排由香港廉政公署舉辦的反貪污培訓研討會。我們並不知悉有關賄賂、敲詐、詐騙及洗黑錢且對本集團造成重大影響的違法違規。事件。概無有關貪污常規的已審結法律案件。

#### Code of Conduct

A comprehensive Code of Conduct is in place. It provides clear guidelines to ensure all employees are able to understand what constitutes ethical behaviour and to act with honesty and integrity. The following table lists some major unethical behaviours that are viewed as corrupt and should be avoided at all times.

#### 操守準則

我們已實施一套全面的操守準則,提供清晰的指引,確保全體員工能夠了解什麼是有道德的行為,並以誠實及誠信的態度行事。下表載列部分視為貪污及任何時間均應避免的主要不道德行為。

<sup>3</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>3</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

# Conflict of interest 利益衝突

- Failure to declare any conflict of interest to the Group for approval 沒有向本集團申報任何利益 衝突以取得批准
- Staff or their family members engage in business relationships that are competitive to the Group 員工或其家庭成員從事與本 集團有競爭的業務關係

# Accepting or offering advantages 接納或提供好處

- Accepting gifts of large economic value, in the form of services or discounts 接受以服務或折扣形式接納 具有較大經濟價值的禮品
- Deliberately accepting gifts that put the Group in an embarrassing situation 故意接受禮物,使本集團陷 入尷於處境
- Failure to report the acceptance of a gift to supervisors for approval 未有向上司申報接受禮品以 取得批准

# Unfair competition 不公平競爭

- Damage the goodwill of our competitors through fabricating and disseminating false information 編造和傳播虛假信息,損害 競爭對手的商譽
- Infringe competitors' trade or commercial secrets with illegal means 以非法手段侵犯競爭對手的 貿易或商業秘密

#### Whistle-blowing

We facilitate easy and anonymous whistle-blowing through several communication channels so that employees can report any suspicious or known cases of misconduct or corrupt business practices. The channels include an email box where whistle-blowers can submit information in an anonymous way. All reported cases are investigated thoroughly confidentiality of the whistle-blower is protected.

Disciplinary actions taken in cases where misconduct has been proved include immediate termination of employment. Where appropriate we refer cases of breach of the Code of Conduct to law enforcement authorities.

#### 舉報

我們透過幾個溝通渠道提供簡易及匿名舉報, 以便員工報告任何可疑或已知的不當行為或貪 污商業手法。該等渠道包括電子郵箱,舉報人 可以匿名方式提交資料。所有舉報事件均予全 面徹查,而舉報人的身份亦予保密。

一旦證實行為不當,我們會採取紀律行動,包 括即時解僱。在適當情況下,我們會將違反操 守準則的個案轉介予執法部門。

#### **OUR PEOPLE**

The Group protects the rights of its employees and strives to create an inclusive and healthy working environment.

As of 31 December 2022, the Group had a total of 65 employees, of which 33 were based in Hong Kong, 25 in Mainland China and the remaining 7 in Taiwan. Male employees account for 53.8% of the total while the share of female employees is 46.2%. Most employees (approximately 56.9%) are between 31 to 50 years old. All our employees are full-time staff.

#### 我們的員工

本集團保護僱員的權利及致力營造共融及健康 的工作環境。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團共聘有65名員工,其中33名駐於香港、25名駐於中國內地、餘下7名駐於台灣。男員工佔整體員工的53.8%,而女員工則佔46.2%。大部分員工(約56.9%)介乎31至50歲。所有員工均為全職員工。

As of 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日

		截至二零二二年
Employee distribution	員工分佈	十二月三十一日
Geographical location	地理位置	
Hong Kong	香港	33
Mainland China	中國內地	25
Taiwan, China	中國台灣	7
Age	年齡	
Under 31 years old	31歲以下	10
Between 31 and 50	介乎31至50歲	37
Over 50 years old	50歲以上	18
Gender	性別	
Male	男性	35
Female	女性	30
Employment type	僱傭類別	
Managerial staff	管理人員	19
General staff	普通員工	46

During the year, the overall employee turnover rate was 13.8%. Distribution of the employee turnover is presented in the graphs below:

年內,整體員工流失率為13.8%。員工流失分佈於下圖呈列:







#### Employee Rights and Welfare

The Group treats all employees equally, regardless of age, gender, family status, sexual orientation, ethnicity, creed or religion and ensures an inclusive and diverse working environment for all employees.

Harassment or discrimination in any form is not tolerated. Employees are encouraged to report any instance of violation of the Code of Conduct promptly to the designated officer through the stipulated reporting channels. Reported cases are examined in a fair manner and punishment is awarded to those responsible for any violations.

Our Personnel Management System clearly sets out policies regarding recruitment, promotion, compensation, working hours, rest periods, dismissal, benefits, and welfare measures. We strictly comply with the prevailing laws and regulations in this context also.

The Group is always vigilant about child and forced labour and proactively collaborates with its suppliers and processing services providers to ensure no child or forced labour is used in their production facilities. Violations of our rules can result in termination of business relationship. During the year, the Group was not aware of any instance of non-compliance with laws and regulations<sup>4</sup> having a significant impact on the Group relating to employment and labour practices. No incidents relating to use of child or forced labour were found.

#### 僱員權利及福利

本集團公平地對待所有員工,不論年齡、性別、 家庭狀況、性取向、種族、信仰或宗教,確保為 全體員工提供包容及多元化的工作環境。

我們概不容忍任何形式的騷擾或歧視。我們鼓勵員工透過指定舉報渠道盡快向指定職員舉報任何違反操守準則的事件。經舉報個案以公平形式檢視及涉及任何違規行為的人員將受到懲處。

員工管理系統清楚列明有關招聘、晉升、補償、 工時、休假、離職、待遇及福利措施的政策。我 們在此方面亦嚴格遵守現有法律及法規。

本集團時刻對童工及強迫勞工保持警惕,並積極與供應商及加工服務供應商合作,確保在其生產設施中並無使用童工及強迫勞工。違反我們的準則可導致終止業務關係。年內,本集團不知悉任何違反僱傭及勞工常規相關法律及法規4而對本集團造成重大影響的情況。概無發現與使用童工或強迫勞工有關的事件。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>4</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

We believe recognising and acknowledging contributions of employees is necessary for retaining talent. Also, we provide competitive remuneration packages and welfare benefits, including statutory benefits, caring benefits and incentives. Remuneration packages are reviewed once a year for any updates to meet or exceed the prevailing market standards.

我們相信認可及確認員工的貢獻對於挽留人才而言至為必要。另外,我們提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇及福利,包括法定福利、關懷福利及獎勵。我們每年審視薪酬待遇以作任何更新,從而達到或超過現行的市場標準。

# Statutory benefits 法定福利

- Social insurance 計會保險
- Provident funds 公積金
- Housing reserve funds 住房儲備金
- Maternity leave 產假
- Statutory holidays 法定假期

#### Caring benefits 關懷福利

- Medical benefits
   醫療福利
- Holiday benefits 休假福利
- Vaccination holidays 疫苗接種假
- Outstanding employee award 傑出僱員獎
- Team building activities
   團隊培訓活動

#### Incentive benefits 獎勵福利

- Year-end bonus 年終獎金
- Share option scheme 購股權計劃

#### Training and Development

Adequate and the right type of training to employees is crucial not only for advancement of individual careers but also for the Company's performance. The Group provides appropriate training to its employees to equip them with the required knowledge and skills. Internal training programmes help enhance technical understanding of products as well as sales performance.

A total of 690 hours of training were provided to our employees during the year. About 86% of male employees and 93% of female employees received training and all of management staff and more than 78% of general staff were recipients of training this year, the average training hours for male and female employees being 16 hours and 5 hours respectively. A well-established system is in place to decide promotions and provide a clear career development path to help employees grow along with the Group.

#### 培訓及發展

為員工提供充份及適當類型的培訓不只對個人的職業發展至關重要,對本公司的表現亦至為必要。本集團為員工提供適當培訓,讓彼等配備所需的知識和技能。內部培訓計劃有助提升對產品的技術及銷售表現的理解。

年內已向員工提供合共690個小時的培訓。本年度,約86%男性員工及93%女性員工已接受培訓,以及全部管理人員及超過78%的一般員工已接受培訓,男性及女性員工的平均培訓時數分別為16小時及5小時。我們設有完善的晉升機制及提供清晰的事業發展路徑,以協助員工與本集團一起成長。

#### Occupational Health and Safety

The very nature of our business is such that there are no risks of occupational hazards. Nevertheless, we do strive to ensure provision of a safe and healthy working environment for our employees. We keep employees aware of all possible hazards by sending health and safety related literature regularly. Safety measures in office and warehouse are implemented in accordance with the ESG policy.

#### 職業健康與安全

我們的業務在本質上不存在任何職業危害的風險。雖然如此,我們仍致力確保為員工提供安全及健康的工作環境。我們定期發放健康及安全相關資訊,讓員工知悉所有可能發生的危害。我們根據環境、社會及管治政策在辦公室及倉庫實施安全措施。



Prohibit smoking and drinking in office and warehouse 禁止於辦公室及倉庫內吸煙及飲酒



Provide training and assistance when needed 於需要時提供培訓及協助



Keep the workplace clean 保持工作場所乾淨整潔



Implement safety emergency plan 實行安全應急計劃

Safety Measures 安全措施

To address the situation arising because of COVID-19, we have taken several precautionary measures, including rapid antigen tests for employees before daily reporting on duty. Wearing mask is compulsory for all staff and visitors entering the office area, besides temperature check and sanitisation. We offered discounts to employees for purchasing disinfectant products and encouraged vaccination by providing vaccination leave. To encourage employees to exercise regularly, we have joined Heep Hong Football Charity Fun Day organised by the Heep Hong Society.

為解決由於2019冠狀病毒病而造成的情況,我們已採取多項預防措施,包括在每日述職之前要求員工進行快速抗原測試。除了量度體溫及消毒外,進入辦公室的所有員工及訪客均須佩戴口罩。我們向僱員提供購買消毒產品的折扣,並提供疫苗假以鼓勵僱員接種疫苗。為鼓勵員工時常運動,我們已加入由協康會組織的協康慈善足球同樂日。

During the year, there were no reports of any work-related injuries and there have been no fatalities in the past three years. The Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations<sup>5</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group, relating to safety and protection of employees from occupational hazards.

年內,概無錄得任何工傷及於過去三年概無錄得死亡個案。本集團並無知悉任何有關安全及保障僱員避免職業危害且對本集團造成重大影響的違反相關法律法規<sup>5</sup>事件。

#### Community Involvement

We collaborate with Heep Hong Society for contributing to the community. Besides participating in a footfall fun day, we made a donation along with sponsorship in kind to support the Society for providing assessment and training for children and young people with special needs from low-income families.

During the pandemic, we sponsored our anti-epidemic products, including K-clean products and COVID-19 rapid antigen test kits to various elderly homes, charity organisations and events. We are determined not to be complacent and shall continue to fulfil our social responsibility.

#### 社區參與

我們與協康會合作貢獻社會。除了參與足球同 樂日外,我們還捐款及實物贊助以支持該會為 來自低收入家庭並有特殊需要的兒童及年青人 提供評估及培訓。

我們在疫情期間為多間護老院、慈善組織及活動贊助防疫產品,包括K-clean產品及2019冠狀病毒病快速抗原測試包。我們決不自滿,並會繼續履行我們的社會責任。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"

<sup>5</sup> 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

In tune with the growing concern stakeholders have about environmental sustainability and climate change, we have promulgated a climate change policy, which lists our commitments to mitigate the impacts of our business operations on climate change.

#### 氣候變化

隨著持份者日益關注環境可持續性及氣候變 化,我們已頒佈氣候變化政策,列出我們緩解 業務營運對氣候變化的影響的承諾。

#### Mitigation 緩減

Adopt energy saving, waste reduction and resource saving measures 採取節能、減廢及資源節約措施

Reduce GHG emissions by developing environmental targets 制定環境目標以減低溫室氣體排放

Incorporate climate change considerations into the procurement process 將氣候變化考量納入採購程序

#### Adaptation 適應

Assess climate-related risks and opportunities 評估氣候相關風險及機遇

Include climate-related issues into the risk management process and business continuity plans 將氣候相關議題載入風險管理程序及業務持續規劃

# Climate Change Policy 氣候變化政策

Our operations cause only indirect carbon emissions, mainly from electricity consumed in office premises and warehouses. However, frequency of extreme weather events triggered by climate change is increasing and that could pose safety risks to our employees, delaying ongoing projects. We follow the Code of Practice in Times of Typhoons and Rainstorms issued by the Labour Department and consider climate-related issues when formulating our business plans.

我們的營運只產生間接碳排放,主要來自辦公場所及倉庫消耗的電力。然而,氣候變化引起的極端天氣事件越來越頻密,可能對員工構成安全風險,令進行中的項目延期。我們在制定業務計劃時遵守勞工處的《颱風及暴雨警告下工作守則》,並考慮氣候相關議題。

We have set targets in respect of reducing the 我們已就降低業務對環境的影響設定目標,我 environmental impacts of our business which we review 們會定期檢視該目標。 on a regular basis.

#### **Environmental Targets**

#### 環境目標

#### Status 狀態

- Replace all vehicles with electric cars by 2030 二零三零年或之前將所有車輛更換為電動車
- Eliminate disposable utensils by 2022 二零二二年或之前不再使用即棄餐具
- Achieve overall waste reduction 達成整體減廢
- · Achieve overall rise in paper recycling rate 達成整體紙張回收率上升
- Procure office equipment with higher grades of energy efficiency Under progress labels by 2025
  - 二零二五年或之前採購較高能源效益標籤級別的辦公設備
- Replace all fluorescent lamps with LED in warehouse located in Completed Hong Kong by 2022 二零二二年或之前將香港倉庫的所有螢光燈更換為LED

In budget planning stage 處於規劃預算的階段 Completed

已完成

Under progress

進行中

Under progress

進行中

進行中

已完成

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT**

#### The Group has accelerated efforts for reducing environmental impacts of its operations. Our well-articulated ESG policy helps ensure compliance with environmental rules and regulations and promote resource conservation.

#### 環境管理

本集團已加大力度,降低營運對環境的影響。 我們明確的環境、社會及管治政策有助確保符 合環境規則及規例及促進資源保育。

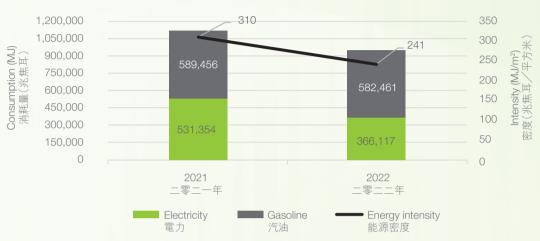
#### Resources Consumption

#### Electricity and gasoline are the main types of energy we consume. Office premises consumed 101,699 kWh electricity, and vehicles consumed 18,275 litres of gasoline in 2022, which means a total energy consumption of 948,578 MJ and an intensity of 241 MJ per m<sup>2</sup>. Our energy consumption in 2022 decreased by 15.4% compared to the preceding year, as the office in Shenzhen consumed less energy during the year.

#### 資源消耗

電力及汽油為我們消耗的主要能源類別。二零 二二年,辦公場所消耗了101,699千瓦時電力及 汽車消耗了18,275公升汽油,總能源消耗量為 948,578兆焦耳及密度為每平方米241兆焦耳。 我們二零二二年的能源消耗較上年減少 15.4%,因為深圳辦公室於年內的能源消耗減 少。

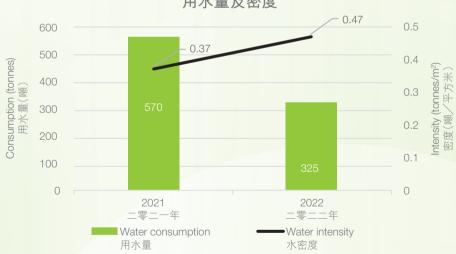
# Energy Consumption and Intensity 能源消耗及密度



Water consumption is from tap water used in our offices. In 2022, the total water consumption was 325 tonnes, with water intensity of 0.47 tonnes per  $m^2$ . There was no issue in sourcing water that is fit for the purpose.

用水量來自我們辦公室使用的自來水。二零 二二年,用水總量為325噸,水密度為每平方米 0.47噸。在求取適用水資源方面並無問題。

# Water Consumption and Intensity 用水量及密度



Consumption of packaging materials rose significantly during the year, because of increased sales of personal hygiene and disinfectant product. During the year, approximately 59 tonnes of paper was used as packaging materials.

包裝材料消耗於年內因個人衞生及消毒產品銷售增加而大幅上升。年內,約59噸紙張用作包裝材料。

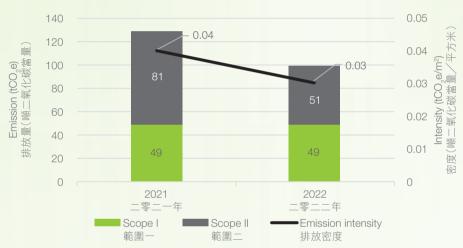
#### Air Emissions and Waste

In 2022, the total GHG emissions amounted to approximately 100 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent ("tCO $_2$ e"), of which 49 tCO $_2$ e were direct emissions (Scope I), attributed to gasoline consumed by our vehicles. The remaining 51 tCO $_2$ e of indirect carbon emissions (Scope II) were on account of purchased electricity. The emission intensity was 0.03 tCO $_2$ e per m².

#### 廢氣排放及廢棄物

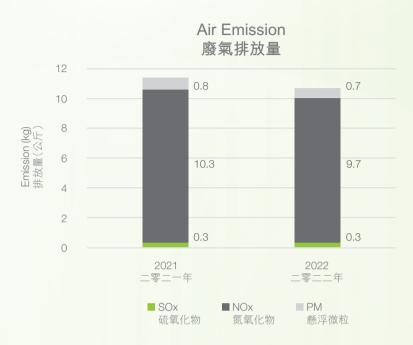
二零二二年,溫室氣體排放總量為約100噸二氧化碳當量(「噸二氧化碳當量」),其中49噸二氧化碳當量為直接排放(範圍一),源於我們的私家車消耗的汽油。餘下51噸二氧化碳當量為間接碳排放(範圍二),乃源於所購買電力。排放密度為每平方米0.03噸二氧化碳當量。

# GHG Emission and Intensity 溫室氣體排放量及密度



The Group's gasoline consumption (private vehicles) generates approximately 0.3 kg sulphur oxides ("SOx"), 9.7 kg nitrogen oxides ("NOx") and 0.7 kg particulate matters ("PM").

本集團的汽油消耗(私家車)產生約0.3公斤硫氧化物(「硫氧化物」)、9.7公斤氮氧化物及(「氮氧化物」)及0.7公斤懸浮微粒(「懸浮微粒」)。



We are a predominantly office-based business and the only waste we generate is wastepaper. During the year, a 物是紙張。年內,共消耗了1,132公斤紙張。廢 total of 1,132 kg of paper were consumed. The waste intensity was 0.29 kg per m<sup>2</sup>. Our operations do not generate hazardous waste.

我們主要以辦公室業務為主,唯一產生的廢棄 棄物密度為每平方米0.29公斤。我們的營運不 產生有害廢棄物。

Implementing Green Office



實施綠色辦公室

The Group has pursued green office initiatives since 本集團自二零一七年起已推行綠色辦公室倡 2017, in order to build an environment-friendly culture in 議,以在公司及營運範圍內建立環保文化。 our organisation and operations.

To raise employees' awareness on resource conservation, we distribute and paste stickers and posters about green practices. We also adopt numerous resource conservation and energy-saving measures, listed below.

為提高員工的資源保護意識,我們分發及張貼 有關綠色做法的貼紙及海報。我們亦採取許多 節約資源及節約能源的措施,具體如下。



#### Energy 能源

- Switch off equipment when not in use 關閉並非使用中的設備
- Use switch-sockets to avoid redundant energy use 使用轉換插頭以避免浪費能源
- Purchase office equipment with high grades of efficiency labels 購買能源效益標籤級別高的辦公設備
- Clean air conditioners periodically 定期清潔空調



#### Paper 紙張

- Use electronic supporting medium to reduce printing 使用電子工具,減少列印
- Assign designated area for paper recycling 指定專門的廢紙回收區域
- Collection tray for waste copy paper used on one side so it is available for printing on the other side 在打印機旁設置回收盤,收集已列印一面 的紙張以便再作打印



## Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment 廢棄電器及電子設備

 Adopt multi-function devices, such as printing, scanning, fax photocopy 採用多功能設備,例如打印、掃描、 傳真、複印



#### Plastic 塑料

 Use reusable tableware to avoid disposable utensils — target completed 使用可循環使用杯具,避免使用一次性 廚房用具 — 已完成目標



#### Water 水

 Periodically check taps to prevent leakage 定期檢查水龍頭,確保沒有漏水



#### Miscellaneous 雜項

- Design publications with fewer varnishes and coatings 設計需要較少噴漆和塗油的刊物
- Utilise web-conferencing to minimise business trips 使用網絡會議,減少商務旅行
- Reuse stationeries 再用文具

During the year, the Group was not aware of any incidents of non-compliance with laws and regulations<sup>6</sup> that have a significant impact on the Group, relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

年內,本集團並不知悉任何有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污及產生有害和無害廢棄物且對本集團造成重大影響的違法違規<sup>6</sup>事件。

- <sup>6</sup> List of applicable laws and regulations available in "Laws and Regulations"
- 6 適用法律及法規列表載於「法律及法規」

#### LAWS AND REGULATIONS

and regulations is as follows:

#### The Group has established and implemented internal 本集團已在所有部門設立及實施內部政策,確 policies in all departments to ensure adequate actions in 保對各個環境、社會及管治方面,均作出充足 respect of each ESG aspect and compliance with all 行動及遵守所有適用法律及法規。適用的法律 applicable laws and regulations. The list of applicable laws 及法規列表如下:

#### 法律及法規

Aspect 層面	Applicable Laws and Regulations 適用法律及法規	Section/Remarks 章節/附註
Product Responsibility 產品責任	<ul> <li>The Trade Descriptions Ordinance 《商品説明條例》</li> <li>The Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance 《個人資料(私隱)條例》</li> <li>Product Quality Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國產品質量法》</li> <li>The Civil Code 《中華人民共和國民法典》</li> <li>The PRC Customer Rights and Interests Protection 《中華人民共和國門養者權益保護法》</li> </ul>	OPERATING PRACTICES 經營常規
Anti-corruption 反貪污	<ul> <li>Prevention of Bribery Ordinance 《防止賄賂條例》</li> <li>The Competition Ordinance 《競爭條例》</li> <li>Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》</li> <li>Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》</li> <li>Criminal Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國刑法》</li> <li>The Company Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國公司法》</li> <li>The Anti-Corruption Act of Taiwan 台灣的《貪污治罪條例》</li> </ul>	Anti-corruption 反貪污
Employment 偃傭	<ul> <li>Employment Ordinance 《僱傭條例》</li> <li>Minimum Wage Ordinance 《最低工資條例》</li> <li>Labour Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動法》</li> <li>Labour Contract Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》</li> <li>Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC 《中華人民共和國勞止使用童工規定》</li> <li>The Regulation on the Administration of Housing Accumulation 《住房公積金管理條例》</li> <li>The Social Insurance Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國社會保險法》</li> <li>The Labor Standards Act of Taiwan 台灣的《勞動基準法》</li> </ul>	OUR PEOPLE 我們的員工
Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康及安全	<ul> <li>The Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance 《職業安全及健康條例》</li> <li>Employees' Compensation Ordinance 《僱員補償條例》</li> <li>Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》</li> <li>The Occupational Safety and Health Act of Taiwan 台灣的《職業安全衛生法》</li> </ul>	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康及安全
Environmental Management 環境管理	<ul> <li>Air Pollution Control Ordinance 《空氣污染管制條例》</li> <li>Water Pollution Control Ordinance 《水污染管制條例》</li> <li>Ozone Layer Protection Ordinance 《保護臭氣層條例》</li> <li>Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution caused by Solid Wastes 《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》</li> <li>Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》</li> <li>Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》</li> <li>The Environmental Protection Law of the PRC 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》</li> <li>The Law of the People's Republic of China on Environment Impact Assessment 《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》</li> </ul>	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理

#### PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 數據表現摘要

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
	Total Headcount 員工總數 By Geographical Distribution 按地區劃分	65	65
	Hong Kong 香港 Mainland China 中國內地 Taiwan 台灣 By Age 按年齡劃分	33 25 7	34 25 6
	<31	10	9
	31-50 >50 By Gender 按性別劃分	37 18	40 16
orce	Male 男性 Female 女性 By Employment Type 按僱員類別劃分	35 30	42 23
Workforce 員工	Managerial staff 管理人員 General staff 普通員工 Employee Turnover Rate 員工流失率 By Age 按年齡劃分	19 46	18 47
	<ul><li>&lt;31</li><li>31-50</li><li>&gt;50</li><li>By Gender 按性別劃分</li></ul>	10.0% 21.6% 0%	11.1% 15.0% 12.5%
	Male 男性 Female 女性 By Geographical Region 按地區劃分	17.1% 10.0%	14.3% 13.0%
	Hong Kong 香港 Mainland China 中國內地 Taiwan 台灣	18.2% 4.0% 28.6%	8.8% 16.0% 33.3%
Health and Safety 健康及 安全	Work-related incident (case) 工作相關事故宗數 Lost days due to work-related injury 工傷損失工作日數 Work-related fatalities 工作相關死亡人數	0 0 0	0 0 0
Sommunity 社區	Donations (HK\$) 捐款(港元)	61,000	60,000

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Environment 環境	Total Resources Consumption (MJ) 資源消耗總量(兆焦耳) Electricity (kWh) 電力(千瓦時) Gasoline (litres) 汽油(公升) Tap water (tonnes) 自來水(噸) Energy intensity (MJ/m³) 能源密度(兆焦耳/立方米) Water intensity (tonnes/m³) 水密度(噸/立方米) Packaging materials 包裝材料 Paper (tonnes) 紙(噸) Emissions 排放量 Sulphur oxides (SOx) (kg) 硫氧化物(公斤) Nitrogen oxides (NOx) (kg) 氮氧化物(公斤) Particulate matters (PM) (kg) 懸浮微粒(公斤) Waste 廢棄物 Paper waste (kg) 紙張廢棄物(公斤) Paper waste intensity (kg/m³) 紙張廢棄物密度(公斤/立方米) Greenhouse Gases Emissions and Intensity* 溫室氣體排放量及密度* Total GHG emissions (tCO₂e) 溫室氣體排放總量(噸二氧化碳當量) Scope 1 (tCO₂e) 範圍一(噸二氧化碳當量) Emission intensity (tCO₂e/m³) 排放量密度(噸二氧化碳當量/立方米)	コマニ二年 948,578 101,699 18,275 325 241 0.47 59 0.3 9.7 0.7 1,132 0.29 100 49 51 0.03	1,120,810 147,598 18,495 570 310 0.37 32 0.3 10.3 0.8 575 0.16
	- 2		

Notes:

Calculation standards and methodologies for carbon emissions:

Carbon emissions are calculated using "Greenhouse Gas Protocol" published by the World Resources Institute and World Business Council on Sustainable Development

The sources of published emission factors for the reporting of carbon emissions are:

- (a) 2020 Sustainability Report of CLP
- (b) "Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purposes) in Hong Kong" published by the Environmental Protection Department
- (c) "2019 Carbon Emissions Supplementary Data Accounting Report Template" published by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China (《2019年碳 排放補充數據核算報告模板》)

附註:

碳排放的計算標準及方法:

世界資源研究所和世界企業永續發展委員會出版的 《溫室氣體盤查議定書》

關於報告碳排放的已刊發排放因子的來源如下:

- (a) 中電二零二零年可持續發展報告
- (b) 環境保護署發佈的《香港建築物(商業、住宅或 公共用途)的溫室氣體排放及減除的核算和報 告指引》
- (c) 中華人民共和國生態環境部發佈的《二零一九 年碳排放補充數據核算報告模板》

#### HKEX ESG CONTENT INDEX

#### 香港聯交所環境、社會及管治內容 索引

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備註

#### Governance Structure 管治架構

### 一般披露

General Disclosure A statement from the board containing the following elements: 董事會聲明載有下列內容

Board Statement 董事會聲明

- (i) a disclosure of the board's oversight of ESG issues; 披露董事會對環境、社會及管治事宜的監管;
- (ii) the board's ESG management approach and strategy, including the process used to evaluate, prioritise and manage material ESG-related issues (including risks to the issuer's businesses); and 董事會的環境、社會及管治管理方法及策略,包括評估、優先排列及管理重要的環境、社會及管治 相關事宜(包括對發行人業務的風險)的過程;及
- (iii) how the board reviews progress made against ESG-related goals and targets with an explanation of how they relate to the issuer's businesses. 董事會如何按環境、社會及管治相關目標檢討進度,並解釋如何與發行人業務有關連。

#### Reporting Principles 報告原則

#### 一般披露

General Disclosure A description of, an explanation on, the application of the following Reporting Principles in the preparation of the ESG report:

Reporting Guide 報告指引

- 描述或解釋在編製環境、社會及管治報告時所應用的以下報告原則:
- a) Materiality: Topics considered material to sustainability by different stakeholder groups are identified by the necessary interactions.
  - **重大性**:不同持份者群組認為對可持續發展屬重大的主題透過必要的互動來識別。
- b) Quantitative: Data are presented in a manner conducive to comparison for year-on-year changes in performance. Performance Data Summary explicates the standards used for calculation of environmental performance indicators.
  - 量化:以有利於比較各年表現變化的方式呈列數據。數據表現摘要闡述了計算環境表現指標所用 的標準。
- c) Balance: Transparency is a major consideration and the report provides information on both positive and negative impacts.
  - 平衡:透明是主要的考慮因素,本報告同時提供了正面及負面的影響資料。
- d) Consistency: Consistency and comparability of information is ensured by using the appropriate statistical methods.
  - **一致性**:使用適當的統計方法確保資料的一致性及可比性。

#### Reporting Boundary 報告範圍

# 一般披露

General Disclosure A narrative explaining the reporting boundaries of the ESG report and describing the process used to identify which entities or operations are included in the ESG report. If there is a change in the scope, the Period issuer should explain the difference and reason for the change.

Reporting Boundary and 報告範圍及期限

解釋環境、社會及管治報告的匯報範圍,及描述挑選哪些實體或業務納入環境、社會及管治報告的過 程。如果範圍有變,發行人應解釋其差異及改變的理由。

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備計

CLIMATE CHANGE:

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

Air Emissions and Waste;

SUMMARY

SUMMARY

氣候變化;

Waste

Waste;

數據表現摘要

Maintaining Green

Air Emissions and

PERFORMANCE DATA

數據表現摘要

PERFORMANCE DATA

廢氣排放及廢棄物; 數據表現摘要

CLIMATE CHANGE;

**MANAGEMENT** 氣候變化;

環境管理

A. Environmental

A. 環境

Aspect A1: Emissions 層面A1:排放物

General	Disclos

sure Information on:

一般披露

有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:

a) the policies; and 政策;及

b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

KPI A1.1 The types of emissions and the respective emissions data.

關鍵績效指標A1.1 排放物種類及相關排放數據。

**KPI A1.2** Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in

tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per PERFORMANCE DATA

直接(範圍一)及能源間接(範圍二)溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密 關鍵績效指標A1.2

度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

**KPI A1.3** Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. Air Emissions and

per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.3 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計 廢氣排放及廢棄物

算)。

**KPI A1.4** Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity Air Emissions and

(e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

SUMMARY

關鍵績效指標A1.4 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施 廢氣排放及廢棄物;

**KPI A1.5** Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. CLIMATE CHANGE;

Implementing Green

Office:

Supply Chain 關鍵績效指標A1.5 描述所訂立的排放目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 氣候變化; 實施綠色辦公室; 維持綠色供應鏈

KPI A1.6 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a

description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.

Waste; Implementing Green Office

關鍵績效指標A1.6 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目

廢氣排放及廢棄物; 標所採取的步驟。 實施綠色辦公室

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements

	聯交所環境、社會及	管治報告指引要求	章節/備註
Aspect A2: Use of 層面A2:資源使用	Resources		
General Disclosure 一般披露		ise of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT 環境管理
	KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in'000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Resources Consumption; PERFORMANCE DATA
	關鍵績效指標A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算) 及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	SUMMARY 資源消耗; 數據表現摘要
	KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Resources Consumption; PERFORMANCE DATA
	關鍵績效指標A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	SUMMARY 資源消耗; 數據表現摘要
	KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
	關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	環境管理
	KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Resources Consumption; The Company considers the domestic water consumption of the Group purely for cleaning purpose, and our employees will remain cautious in identifying water leaks and wastage.
	關鍵績效指標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	資源消耗; 本公司認為本集團的生 活用水僅作清潔用途, 我們的員工將保持謹慎 態度,識別漏水及浪費 食水的情況。
	KPI A2.5	Total packaging materials used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Resources Consumption; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY
	關鍵績效指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	資源消耗; 數據表現摘要

Section/Remarks

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備計

Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources

. 層面A3:環境及天然資源

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on minimising the issuers' significant impact on the environment and natural resources.

减低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。

Implementing Green Office:

Maintaining Green Supply Chain 實施綠色辦公室; 維持綠色供應鏈

KPI A3.1 Description of significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural

resources and the actions taken to manage them.

Implementing Green Office;

Maintaining Green Supply Chain 實施綠色辦公室;

關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。

維持綠色供應鏈

Aspect A4: Climate Change

層面A4:氣候變化

一般披露

General Disclosure Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.

識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。

CLIMATE CHANGE

氣候變化

KPI A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and

those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.

CLIMATE CHANGE 氣候變化

關鍵績效指標A4.1 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。

B. Social

B. 社會

Aspect B1: Employment

層面B1:僱傭

一般披露

General Disclosure Information on:

有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:

a) the policies; and

政策;及

b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

KPI B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or parttime), age OUR PEOPLE;

group and geographical region.

關鍵績效指標B1.1 按性別、僱傭類別(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。 PERFORMANCE DATA

Employee Rights and

僱員權利及福利

Welfare

SUMMARY 我們的員工; 數據表現摘要

**KPI B1.2** Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. OUR PEOPLE; PERFORMANCE DATA

SUMMARY 關鍵績效指標B1.2 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。 我們的員工; 數據表現摘要

一般披露

一般披露

一般披露

Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements Section/Remarks 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求 章節/備計 Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面B2:健康與安全 General Disclosure Information on: Occupational Health 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: and Safety 職業健康與安全 a) the policies; and 政策;及 compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. KPI B2.1 Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past Occupational Health three years including the reporting year. And Safety; PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。 關鍵績效指標B2.1 職業健康及安全; 數據表現摘要 **KPI B2.2** Lost days due to work injury. PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY 關鍵績效指標B2.2 因工傷損失工作日數。 數據表現摘要 **KPI B2.3** Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are Occupational Health implemented and monitored. and Safety 關鍵績效指標B2.3 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。 職業健康與安全 Aspect B3: Development and Training . 層面B3:發展及培訓 General Disclosure Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of Training and training activities. Development 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。 培訓及發展 KPI B3.1 The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. Training and senior management, middle management). Development 關鍵績效指標B3.1 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。 培訓及發展 **KPI B3.2** The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee Training and Development 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。 關鍵績效指標B3.2 培訓及發展 Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面B4: 勞工準則 General Disclosure Information on: Employee Rights and 有關防止童工及強制勞工的: Welfare a) the policies; and 僱員權利及福利 政策;及 b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced Employee Rights and

描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。

描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。

Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.

Welfare

Welfare

僱員權利及福利

僱員權利及福利

Employee Rights and

KPI B4.1

KPI B4.2

關鍵績效指標B4.1

關鍵績效指標B4.2

relating to prevention of child and forced labour.

#### Stock Exchange ESG Reporting Guide Requirements 聯交所環境、社會及管治報告指引要求

Section/Remarks 章節/備註

Customer Satisfaction

Aspect	B5:	Supply	Chain	Management

層面B5: 供應鏈管理

General Disclosure 一般披露	0 0	S 理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。  B 供	
	KDI D5 1 Number	of suppliers by accorrophical region	Supply Chain

IN I DO. I	ramber of suppliers by geographical region.	oupply oriall
		Management
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	供應鏈管理

KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where	Supply Chain
	the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Management
BB // 부 // 보 구는 1는 1표 D E O		/LL rite /v± /s/s TED

	the practices are being imple	montou, now they are implemented	and monitored.	Managornoni
關鍵績效指標B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,	向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,	以及相關執行及	供應鏈管理
	卧 宛 方 注 。			

KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the	Supply Chain
	supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Management;
		Maintaining Green

		Supply Chain
₹B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察	供應鏈管理;
	方法。	維持綠色供應鏈

	services when selecting suppliers, and now they are implemented and monitored.	Management,
		Maintaining Green
		Supply Chain
關鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方	供應鏈管理;
	法。	維持綠色供應鏈

Aspect B6: Product Responsibility 層面B6:產品責任

關鍵績效指標

General Disclosure Information on:

一般披露

有關所提供產品和服務的健康	長與安全、廣告、標籤及利	、隱事官以及補救方法的:

有	i關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	and Product Quality;
a)	the policies; and	Customer Privacy and
	政策;及	Intellectual Property
b)	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	Rights
	遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	客戶滿意度及產品

relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services	質量;
provided and methods of redress.	客戶私隱及知識產權

KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and	Customer Satisfaction
	health reasons.	and Product Quality
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已搬運產品總數中因安全與健康由而須回收的百分比。	客戶滿意度及產品質量

KPI B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are	Customer Satisfaction
	dealt with.	and Product Quality
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	客戶滿意度及產品質量

關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	客戶滿意度及	產品質量

PI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting inte	llectual property Customer Privacy a	and
	rights.	Intellectual Property	y
		Rights	

關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	客戶私隱及知識產權
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Customer Satisfaction

		•	
			and Product Quality
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。		客戶滿意度及產品質量

#### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

	Stock Exchange ESG 聯交所環境、社會及何	Reporting Guide Requirements 音治報告指引要求	Section/Remarks 章節/備註
	KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Customer Privacy and Intellectual Property Rights
	關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保護及私穩政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	客戶私隱及知識產權
Aspect B7: Anti-cor 層面B7:反貪污	ruption		
General Disclosure 一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索 a) the policies; and 政策;及		Anti-corruption 反貪污
	遵守對發行人有	relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer 重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 cortion, fraud and money laundering.	
	KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
	關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪污
	KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
	關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	反貪污
	KPI B7.3 關鍵績效指標B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
Aspect B8: Commune Find B8:社區投資	nity Investment		
General Disclosure 一般披露	operates and to ensur	r engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer re its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Community Involvement 社區參與
	KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour	Community Involvement
	關鍵績效指標B8.1	needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	社區參與
	KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Involvement; PERFORMANCE DATA
	關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	SUMMARY 社區參與; 數據表現摘要

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, aged 53, was appointed as director of the Company on 13 June 2013. Mr. Cheng is a founder of the Group. He has been in the business of trading TFT-LCD components for over 19 years and has established close relationships with various suppliers. He graduated from Hong Kong Baptist University with a bachelor of science in combined sciences in mathematical science degree. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Cheng has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director, the chairman of the Board, the chief executive officer of the Company and the director of Perfect Display Limited, a major subsidiary of the Company, effective from 25 September 2020. He continues to serve the Company as a consultant to bring in businesses and maintain the relationship with business partners. He is also a substantial shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, Mr. Cheng is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Liu Ka Wing, aged 50, was appointed as an executive Director on 18 June 2013. He joined the Group in November 2008. Mr. Liu has about 28 years of experience in accounting. Prior to joining the Group, he worked in various certified public accountants firm and corporations, responsible for general accounting functions. He is responsible for the Group's finance and administrative functions. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Liu has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director effective from 25 September 2020 and he continues to serve the Company as the financial controller. Mr. Liu is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Tse Ka Wing, aged 47, joined the Group in May 2013 and is the Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 26 March 2015. He is primarily responsible for the financial management, supervision of financial reporting and corporate finance matters, and company secretarial matters of the Group. Mr. Tse graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor of business administration degree. He is an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Tse is a professional accountant with over 25 years of experience in accounting and had previously served as a senior manager of an international firm of certified public accountants. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Tse has been suspended from his duties as an executive Director effective from 25 September 2020 and he continues to serve the Company as the chief financial officer and the company secretary.

#### 執行董事

#### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

Mr. Chang Huan Chia, aged 45, was appointed as an executive Director on 25 September 2020. He obtained a bachelor degree in electrical engineering in Yuan Ze University in Taiwan in 2001 and has over 18 years of experience in the technology and electronics industry. Prior to joining the Group in September 2016, Mr. Chang was a field application engineer and served as an assistant manager in HannStar Display Corporation and a project manager in Fitipower Integrated Technology Inc. He is responsible for supervising the sales teams of the Group. He is the chief executive officer and a director of Perfect Intelligent Technology Limited, a subsidiary of the Group. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group and the responsible person of a Taiwan branch of the Group.

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John, aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 January 2014 and is responsible for providing independent advice on material issues of the Company. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Wong has been suspended from his duties as an independent nonexecutive Director effective from 25 September 2020. Mr. Wong graduated from the University of Melbourne, Australia with a degree of bachelor of commerce. He was a member of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants and was admitted as an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in April 1997. Mr. Wong has more than 30 years of experience in auditing and corporate finance work. Over the past three years, he served as independent nonexecutive director for Xinjiang Xinxin Mining Industry Co., Ltd. (stock code: 3833) and EcoGreen International Goup Limited (stock code: 2341), which are listed on the Stock Exchange, and Beijing Capital Land Ltd. (stock code: 2868), which was listed on the Stock Exchange and privatised in September 2021. He is currently serving as an independent non-executive director for Xinda Investment Holdings Limited (formerly known as "LongiTech Smart Energy Holding Limited") (stock code: 1281), which is listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Wong Chi Chiu, aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 January 2014 and is responsible for providing independent advice on material issues of the Company. Pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the Petition, Mr. Wong has been suspended from his duties as an independent non-executive Director effective from 25 September 2020. Mr. Wong graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a degree of bachelor of engineering in electrical engineering. He further received his master of

#### 獨立非執行董事

黄翼忠先生,56歲,於二零一四年一月二十日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事,負責對本公司重大 事宜提供獨立意見。待呈請的法律程序得出結 果之前,黃先生已暫停其作為獨立非執行董事 的職務,自二零二零年九月二十五日起生效。 黃先牛畢業於澳洲墨爾本大學,持有商學十學 位。彼過往為澳洲執業會計師公會會員,並於 一九九七年四月獲接納為香港會計師公會的會 員。黃先生於核數及企業融資工作有超過30年 經驗。於過去三年,彼於聯交所上市公司新疆 新鑫礦業股份有限公司(股份代號:3833)及中 怡國際集團有限公司(股份代號:2341)及首創 置業股份有限公司(股份代號:2868)(該公司於 聯交所上市並於二零二一年九月轉私有化)任 職獨立非執行董事。彼目前擔任聯交所上市公 司鑫達投資控股有限公司(前稱「隆基泰和智慧 能源控股有限公司」)(股份代號:1281)之獨立 非執行董事。

science in engineering (building services engineering) degree from The University of Hong Kong. Mr. Wong was registered as a chartered engineer (CEng) at the Engineering Council in April 1998 and was registered as a registered professional engineer in electrical discipline at the Engineers Registration Board in July 1999. He has been a member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology since February 1998 and the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since May 1998. Mr. Wong has over 30 years of experience in the engineering industry.

於一九九九年七月註冊為工程師註冊管理局的 註冊專業電機工程師。彼由一九九八年二月起 成為工程及科技學會的會員,又由一九九八年 五月起為香港工程師學會會員。黃先生於工程 界有超過30年的經驗。

Mr. Kan Man Wai, aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is the acting chairman of the Board. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Kan obtained a Diploma in Management Studies awarded by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and the Hong Kong Management Association, and subsequently obtained a Master's Degree of Business Administration in International Management from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology in Australia. He has over 30 years of experience in the electronics manufacturing services industry, including over 20 years of experience at management level of sales and business development and 4 years of experience at management level of business operations. Mr. Kan is a Vice President of Business Development for Great China and Korea of Sanmina Corporation, a leading electronics manufacturing services provider in the world that serves original equipment manufacturers in communications, medical, automotive, industrial and defense and aerospace fields which is headquartered in San Jose, California, USA and is listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market. In his current position, he is responsible for managing sales business, exploring new business and introducing mergers and acquisitions.

簡文偉先生,59歲,於二零二零年一月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事,負責提供有關本公司 的策略、表現、資源及操守水準的獨立判斷。彼 為董事會的代理主席。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員 會主席以及本公司審核委員會及提名委員會成 員。簡先生曾獲香港理工大學及香港管理專業 協會頒發管理學文憑,及後獲澳洲墨爾本皇家 理工大學頒發國際管理工商管理碩士學位。彼 於電子製造服務業擁有超過30年經驗,包括於 銷售及業務發展管理層面的超過20年經驗,以 及於業務營運管理層面的4年經驗。簡先生為 Sanmina Corporation大中華及韓國業務發展副 總裁 (Vice President of Business Development for Great China and Korea),該公司為全球領先 的電子製造服務供應商,在通訊、醫療、汽車、 工業及國防及航空航天方面為原設備製造商提 供服務。其總部位於美國加州聖荷西,並於納 斯達克證券交易所上市。彼現時負責管理銷售 業務、探索新業務及推行併購。

Mr. Cho Chi Kong, aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Cho has extensive experience in corporate law, legal and regulatory compliance and prevention and detection of fraud. Mr. Cho is a Non-practicing Barrister of the Honorable Society of Lincoln's Inn United Kingdom, the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Supreme Court of Australian Capital Territory and the High Court of Australia. He is a Certified Fraud Examiner

#### Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層個人資料

and a former President of the Hong Kong Chapter of the Association of Certified Fraud Examiner, and is also a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Cho has served as adviser and in-house legal consultant on legal and compliance matters for companies in Hong Kong and London. Mr. Cho taught post-graduate courses corporate governanceand regulatory in framework as a Professor of Practice (Law) at the School of Accounting and Finance, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University before he retired in July 2020. He has also lectured at universities in Hong Kong and Mainland China on corporate law, securities law and business law. Over the past three years, Mr. Cho served as an independent non-executive director for Mansion International Holdings Limited (stock code: 8456) from June 2019 to May 2021, which is listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, and GSN Corporations Limited (formerly known as "New Western Group Limited") (stock code: 8242) from June 2021 to December 2021, the listing of shares of which on GEM of the Stock Exchange was cancelled in May 2022.

管框架研究生課程。彼亦於香港及中國內地多間大學講授公司法、證券法及商業法。於過去三年,曹先生於二零一九年六月至二零二一年五月擔任聯交所GEM上市公司民信國際控股有限公司(股份代號:8456)及於二零二一年六月至二零二一年十二月擔任GSN Corporations Limited(前稱「新威斯頓集團有限公司」)(股份代號:8242)(該公司的股份於二零二二年五月在聯交所GEM取消上市)的獨立非執行董事。

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 September 2020 and is responsible for providing independent judgment on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standard of conduct of the Company. She is the chairperson of the audit committee of the Company. She is also a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Hsu graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor degree in business administration. Ms. Hsu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She has more than 20 years' experience in accounting. Ms. Hsu had been working with Ernst & Young for 18 years and was a partner of Ernst & Young before she retired from the firm in February 2011. Ms. Hsu is currently an independent non-executive director of Richly Field China Development Limited (stock code: 313), China Display Optoelectronics Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 334), Perfect Medical Health Management Limited (stock code: 1830) and Beijing Gas Blue Sky Holdings Limited (stock code: 6828), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Over the past three years, Ms. Hsu was an independent non-executive director of Harmonicare Medical Holdings Limited (stock code: 1509) from August 2020 to March 2021, the listing of the shares of which on the Stock Exchange was cancelled in March 2021. She was also an independent non-executive director of Circle International Holdings Limited (stock code: CCH) from September 2017 to May 2020, which is listed on the National Stock Exchange of Australia (NSX).

徐慧敏女士,53歲,於二零二零年九月二十五 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,負責提供有關本 公司策略、表現、資源及操守水準的獨立判斷。 彼為本公司審核委員會主席。彼亦為本公司提 名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。徐女士畢業於香 港中文大學,取得工商管理學士學位。徐女士 為香港會計師公會資深會員及美國註冊會計師 協會會員。彼於會計方面擁有逾20年經驗。徐 女士曾在安永會計師事務所任職18年,於二零 --年二月退任時為安永會計師事務所的合夥 人。徐女士現時為裕田中國發展有限公司(股份 代號:313)、華顯光電技術控股有限公司(股份 代號:334)、完美醫療健康管理有限公司(股份 代號:1830)及北京燃氣藍天控股有限公司(股 份代號:6828)的獨立非執行董事,該等公司的 股份均於聯交所主板上市。於過去三年,徐女 士曾於二零二零年八月至二零二一年三月擔任 和美醫療控股有限公司(股份代號:1509)的獨 立非執行董事,該公司的股份於二零二一年三 月於聯交所取消上市。彼亦曾於二零一七年九 月至二零二零年五月在世傑國際控股集團(股 份代號: CCH)擔任獨立非執行董事,該公司於 澳大利亞國家證券交易所(NSX)上市。

Note: The executive Directors are also the senior management of the Company.

附註: 執行董事亦為本公司高級管理層。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Year").

董事謹此呈列其截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)之報告連同經審核財務報表。

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

# The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 13 June 2013 under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. The Company's shares were listed on the GEM ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 7 February 2014 (the "Listing Date").

# PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Year.

Business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 8 to 21 of this annual report which forms part of this directors' report.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the Year by operating segment is set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

# ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

To help conserve the environment, the Group has implemented policies to encourage its employees for the efficient use of energy and resources. Besides, the Group has internal control measures in place to ensure that its processing service providers comply with the relevant environmental laws and regulations.

In addition, details regarding the Group's environmental policies and performance can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 40 to 72 of this annual report.

#### 企業資料

本公司於二零一三年六月十三日根據開曼群島公司法於開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於二零一四年二月七日(「上市日期」)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)(GEM(「GEM」)上市。

#### 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司的主要業務載列於綜合財務報表附註13。本年度內,本集團主要業務性質概無重大改變。

《香港公司條例》附表5規定之本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之業務審視,包括本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素的描述,以及本集團相當可能有的未來發展的揭示,載於本年報第8至21頁「管理層討論及分析」內,其構成本董事會報告一部分。

本年度按經營分部分類之本集團業績表現分析 載列於綜合財務報表附註5。

#### 環保政策及表現

為協助保護環境,本集團已推行政策鼓勵僱員 有效利用能源及資源。此外,本集團設有內部 監控措施,確保其加工服務供應商符合相關環 保法律及法規。

此外,關於本集團環境政策及表現之詳情,載於本年報第40至72頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」內。

#### RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately HK\$478,398,000 (2021: HK\$478,481,000).

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$61,000 (2021: HK\$60,000).

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group, as extracted from the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2018, 31 December 2019, 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022, is set out on page 176 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company did not redeem any of its shares, and neither did the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of the Company's shares.

#### 業績及分派

本年度之本集團業績載列於綜合全面收益表。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)並不建議派付截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之股息(二零二一年:無)。

#### 股本

年內,本公司的股本概無發生變動。

#### 可分派儲備

本公司於二零二二年十二月三十一日的可分派儲備約478,398,000港元(二零二一年:478,481,000港元)。

#### 捐款

年內,本集團作出的慈善及其他捐款之金額為 61,000港元(二零二一年:60,000港元)。

#### 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先購買權規定,而開曼群島法律並無有關此方面的權利限制。

#### 財務資料摘要

本集團的公佈業績與資產、負債及非控股權益載列於本年報第176頁,有關資料乃摘錄自本公司截至二零一八年十二月三十一日、二零一九年十二月三十一日、二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表。本摘要並不構成經審核財務報表的一部分。

#### 購買、出售及贖回證券

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無贖回其任何股份,而本公司及其任何 附屬公司亦無購買或出售本公司任何股份。

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which was approved and adopted pursuant to the written resolutions of the sole Shareholder passed on 20 January 2014 (the "Adoption Date"). The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme.

#### (a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the Participants (as defined below) and for such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time.

#### (b) Participants of the Share Option Scheme

On and subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme and the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board may, at its discretion, invite:

- any director of each member of the Group or of any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity");
- (ii) any employee (whether full-time or part-time) of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity (the "Employee");
- (iii) any discretionary objects of a discretionary trust established by any Employee or any director of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity;
- (iv) a company beneficially owned by any Employee or any director of each member of the Group or of any Invested Entity;
- (v) any consultant, professional and other adviser to each member of the Group or any Invested Entity (including their employees or executives or any persons, firms or companies proposed to be appointed for providing such services);
- (vi) any chief executives or substantial shareholders of the Company;
- (vii) any supplier, customer, service provider, business or joint venture partner, contractor, of the Group or any Invested Entity; and

#### 購股權計劃

本公司的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)已根據本公司唯一股東於二零一四年一月二十日(「採納日期」)通過的書面決議案而獲通過及採納。下文為購股權計劃的主要條款概述。

#### (a) 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在讓本公司以靈活的方法向 參與者(定義見下文)給予激勵、獎勵、酬 金、報酬及/或福利,以及達致董事會可 能不時批准的其他目的。

#### (b) 購股權計劃的參加者

根據購股權計劃條款及GEM上市規則的規限,董事會可酌情邀請:

- (i) 本集團各成員公司或任何本集團成 員公司持有任何股權之任何實體 (「被投資實體」)的任何董事;
- (ii) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的僱員(不論全職或兼職)(「僱員));
- (iii) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的任何僱員或任何董事成立的酌情信託的任何酌情受益人;
- (iv) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體的任何僱員或任何董事實益擁有的公司:
- (v) 本集團各成員公司或任何被投資實體(包括其僱員或行政人員或任何擬獲委任提供有關服務的任何人士、商號或公司)的任何諮詢人、專業人士及其他顧問:
- (vi) 本公司任何主要行政人員或主要股 東;
- (vii) 本集團或任何被投資實體的任何<mark>供</mark> 應商、客戶、服務供應商、業務或合 營企業夥伴、承包商;及

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

(viii) any person who, at the absolute discretion of the Board, has contributed or may contribute to the Group or any Invested Entity, provided that the Board may at its absolute discretion determine whether or not one falls within the above categories,

(together, the "Participants" and each a "Participant"), to take up share options to subscribe for shares of the Company at a price determined in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

In determining the basis of eligibility of each Participant, the Board would take into account such factors as the Board may at its discretion consider appropriate.

### (c) Duration and the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the Adoption Date and ending on 19 January 2024.

#### (d) Timing for exercising option

The period as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine and specify in relation to any particular option holder in his option agreement during which the option may be exercised (subject to such restriction on exercisability specified therein), which shall be not greater than the period prescribed by the GEM Listing Rules from time to time (which is, as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme, a period of 10 years from the date of the granting of the option).

## (e) Acceptance and payment on acceptance of option offer

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within the period from the date on which such offer is made by the Board in accordance with the Share Option Scheme to such date as the Board may determine and specify in the letter where such offer is made to a Participant in such form as the Board may from time to time determine, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee.

(viii) 董事會全權酌情認為對本集團或任何被投資實體作出貢獻或可能作出 貢獻的任何人士,惟董事會可全權 酌情決定該人士是否歸類為上述種 類,

(上述人士均稱為及合稱為「參與者」),接納購股權,並根據購股權條款釐定的價格認購本公司的股份。

於決定每名參與者的資格時,董事會將考慮董事會酌情認為恰當的因素。

#### (c) 購股權計劃的期限及尚餘的有效期

購股權計劃自採納日期起計有效期為十 年,至二零二四年一月十九日。

#### (d) 行使購股權的時間

就任何特定購股權持有人於其購股權協議內由董事會全權酌情釐定及註明之有關期限,購股權可於此期限內行使(受購股權協議訂明之有關行使限制所限),不得超過GEM上市規則不時規定之期限(於採納購股權計劃當日為授出購股權日期起計10年之期限)。

#### (e) 接納及接納購權股要約所付的款項

授出之購股權可於董事會根據購股權計劃 授出該購股權的日期起至董事會可能釐定 及於提呈函件所訂明的某日期內獲接納, 而董事會可按不時決定的形式向參與者授 出購股權,惟承授人須支付總計1港元之 名義代價。

#### (f) Subscription Price

The subscription price in respect of each Share issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted hereunder shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a Participant and shall be at least the highest of:

- the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer, which must be a business day;
- (ii) a price being the average of the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

## (g) Maximum number of Shares available for subscription

The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following completion of the Placing and the Capitalisation Issue (as defined in the prospectus of the Company dated 24 January 2014 (the "Prospectus")) (being 132,000,000 Shares). The Company may renew this limit at any time, subject to shareholders' approval and the issue of a circular and in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules provided that the number of shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under all the share option schemes does not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time.

As at the date of this report, the Company had 132,000,000 share options available to be granted under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 8.9% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

#### (f) 認購價

根據本文授出的購股權獲行使而發行的每 股股份的認購價將由董事會獨自釐定及知 會參與者,而認購價最低為下列之最高 者:

- (i) 於要約日聯交所每日報價表所列的 股份收市價,該日須為營業日;
- (ii) 緊接要約日前五個營業日聯交所每日報價表所列的股份平均收市價的價格;及
- (iii) 一股股份的面值。

#### (g) 可認購的股份數目上限

因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃授出的所有購股權可發行的股 份總數,合共不得超過緊隨配售及資本化 發行(定義見本公司日期為二零一四年一 月二十四日之招股章程(「招股章程」))完成 後已發行股份總數的10%(即 132,000,000股股份)。本公司可於任何 間在獲股東批准的情況下更新此限額,並 須根據GEM上市規則刊發通函,惟根據所 有購股權計劃已授出但尚未行使的所份數 目,不得超過已發行股份的30%。

於本報告日期,本公司購股權計劃項下的 132,000,000股購股權可予發行,相當於本 公司於該日已發行股份約8.9%。

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### (h) Maximum entitlement of Shares of each Participant

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each Participant under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

No share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption.

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save for the Share Option Scheme, at no time during the Year was the Company, its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### (h) 每名參與者可得的股份上限

於任何十二個月期間因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司其他購股權計劃授予每名參與者的購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)而已發行及將予發行的股份總數,不得超過已發行股份總數的1%。進一步授出任何超過此項限制的購股權須獲股東於股東大會上批准。

向本公司各董事、行政總裁或主要股東或 彼等各自之任何聯繫人士授予購股權須事 先取得本公司獨立非執行董事批准。 外,倘若於任何十二個月內,授予主任 東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之任何聯 繫人士之購股權超出本公司不時已發行股 份之0.1%或總值(根據授出購股權當日本 公司股份價格計算)超逾5百萬港元,則須 事先在股東大會上取得股東批准。

自購股權計劃獲採納起,概無根據購股權計劃 授出購股權。

#### 董事購買股份或債權證之權利

除購股權計劃外,於本年度內任何時間,本公司、其母公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司均無訂立任何安排,使董事可透過收購本公司或任何企業股股份或債權證而取得利益。

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

#### Executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Wai Tak (suspended) Mr. Liu Ka Wing (suspended) Mr. Tse Ka Wing (suspended) Mr. Chang Huan Chia

#### Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Yik Chung John (suspended) Mr. Wong Chi Chiu (suspended)

Mr. Kan Man Wai (Acting Chairman)

Mr. Cho Chi Kong Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

By virtue of article 108 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Mr. Cho Chi Kong will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Chang Huan Chia and Mr. Cho Chi Kong will, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 September 2020, pending the outcome of the legal proceedings of the petition dated 25 September 2019 issued by the High Court of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region which was taken out by the Securities and Futures Commission against certain directors of the Company, Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, Mr. Liu Ka Wing, Mr. Tse Ka Wing, Mr. Wong Yik Chung John and Mr. Wong Chi Chiu have been suspended from their duties as Directors with effect from 25 September 2020.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from all the existing independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Board considers them to be independent.

#### 董事

本公司於本年度及至本報告日期的董事為:

#### 執行董事:

鄭偉德先生(已暫停職務) 廖嘉榮先生(已暫停職務) 謝家榮先生(已暫停職務) 張桓嘉先生

#### 獨立非執行董事:

黃翼忠先生(已暫停職務) 黃智超先生(已暫停職務) 簡文偉先生(代理主席) 曹志光先生 徐慧敏女士

根據本公司組織章程細則第108條,廖嘉榮先生、張桓嘉先生及曹志光先生將於應屆股東週年大會輪席退任。廖嘉榮先生、張桓嘉先生及曹志光先生符合資格並將願意重選連任。

誠如本公司日期為二零二零年九月二十五日的 公告所披露,待香港特別行政區高等法院於二 零一九年九月二十五日就證券及期貨事務監察 委員會針對本公司若干董事發出的呈請的法律 程序得出結果之前,鄭偉德先生、廖嘉榮先生、 謝家榮先生、黃翼忠先生及黃智超先生已暫 彼等作為董事的職務,自二零二零年九月 二十五日起生效。

根據GEM上市規則第5.09條之規定,本公司已接獲所有現任獨立非執行董事每年作出之獨立確認書。於本報告日期,董事會視彼等屬獨立。

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years, except terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, except terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. They are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting.

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

In order to attract and retain high quality staff and to enable smooth operation within the Group, the Group offers competitive remuneration packages (with reference to market conditions and individual qualifications and experience) and various in-house training courses. The remuneration packages are subject to review on a regular basis.

The emoluments of the Directors are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company, having regard to the Group's operating results, market competitiveness, individual performance and achievement, to the Board for determination.

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals are set out in Note 34 and Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

#### 董事服務合約

各執行董事均與本公司訂立服務合約為期三年,除非其中一方向另一方發出不少於三個月的事先書面通知予以終止為止。彼等須根據本公司的組織章程細則於本公司的股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事均與本公司訂立為期三年的 委任函件,除非其中一方向另一方發出不少於 三個月的事先書面通知予以終止。彼等須於本 公司的股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事均無 與本公司訂有任何不可於一年內免付補償(法 定賠償除外)而終止之服務合約。

#### 薪酬政策

為吸引及挽留優秀員工以維持本集團的穩健營運,本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇(參照市場情況及個人資歷及經驗)及多項內部培訓課程。薪酬計劃亦會定期檢討。

本公司薪酬委員會經考慮本集團的經營業績、 市場競爭力及個人績效與表現而向董事會建議 董事的薪酬供董事會釐定。

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士的詳情已分別載列於綜合財務報表附註34及附註9。

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's articles of association, every director of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company maintains directors and officers liability insurance, which gives appropriate cover for any legal action brought against its directors. The level of the coverage is reviewed annually.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 73 to 76 of this annual report.

# COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the Year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

#### COMPETING INTERESTS

Based on the information available to the Company and within the knowledge and belief of the Directors, none of the Directors or the controlling shareholders of the Company (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) have any business or interest which competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or have any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

# 董事於重大交易、安排及合約之權 益

於本年度完結時或本年度內任何時間,本公司董事或其關連實體均無直接或間接於本公司或其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或母公司的有關本集團業務的重要交易、安排及合約中擁有重大權益。

#### 獲准彌償條文

根據本公司之組織章程細則,本公司各董事就 其執行職務或與此有關所蒙受或招致之一切損 失或責任,均有權從本公司資產獲得彌償。本 公司已為董事及高級人員購買責任保險,覆蓋 範圍包括對董事採取的任何法律行動。覆蓋範 圍每年審視。

#### 董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本年報第73 頁至76頁。

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

本年度內,本集團概無對適用法律及法規有嚴 重違反或不合規情況。

#### 競爭權益

根據本公司可得資料及就董事所知及所信,於 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度內,董 事或本公司控股股東(定義見GEM上市規則)概 無持有與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭 之業務或權益,或任何該等人士亦概無與本集 團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

董事及主要行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法團的股份及相關股份及債券中的權益及/或淡倉

As at 31 December 2022, interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) held by the Directors and chief executives of the Company which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the standard of dealings by directors set out in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部所規定,領衛之司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括被視等有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的該等條內所指被侵犯。352條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的聲記。46年至5.67條所載之董事進行交易之準則所規至5.46至5.67條所載之董事進行交易之準則所規三,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下

#### Long positions in shares of the Company:

#### 於本公司股份的好倉:

Name of Director	Capacity	Number of shares held	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	所持有股份數目	股本百分比
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak 鄭偉德先生	Interest in controlled corporation 受控法團權益	923,427,151 (Note)(附註)	62.24%
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,220,000	0.15%
		925,647,151	62.39%
Mr. Kan Man Wai 簡文偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	320,000	0.02%

Note:

These 923,427,151 shares are held by Winful Enterprises Limited ("Winful Enterprises"), which in turn is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Cheng Wai Tak. As such, Mr. Cheng Wai Tak is deemed under the SFO to be interested in these 923,427,151 shares held by Winful Enterprises.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the standard of dealings by directors set out in Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as the Directors are aware, as at 31 December 2022, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, the following persons/entities have an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Long position in shares of the Company

#### 附註:

該等923,427,151股股份由Winful Enterprises Limited (「Winful Enterprises」)持有,而Winful Enterprises由鄭偉德先生全資及實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,鄭偉德先生被視為於Winful Enterprises所持有的該等923,427,151股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中部擴充,須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(被視大擴充的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的該等條文被當作或條例所指的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例的轉至被以實務。 第352條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本規則第5.46條至第5.67條所載董事進行交易的標為或淡倉。而須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

# 主要股東於本公司的股份及相關股份中的權益及/或淡倉

就董事所知,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,除董事及本公司主要行政人員外,下列人士/實體於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露或根據證券及期貨條例第336條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本公司登記冊內的權益或淡倉如下:

#### 於本公司股份的好倉:

			the Company's
Name	Nature of interests	Number of shares held	issued sh <mark>are</mark> capital 本公司已發行
名稱	權益性質	所持有股份數目	股本百分比
Winful Enterprises	Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	923,427,151 (Note) (附註)	62.24%

Note: Mr. Cheng Wai Tak is deemed under the SFO to be interested in these 923,427,151 shares held by Winful Enterprises.

附註:根據證券及期貨條例,鄭偉德先生被視為擁有Winful Enterprises持有的該等923,427,151股股份中擁有權

Parcentage of

#### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, no other person had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,概無其他人士於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公司披露或根據證券及期貨條例第336條所規定,須記錄在該條例所指的本公司登記冊內的任何權益或淡倉。

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

#### 管理合約

本年度概無簽訂或出現有關本公司業務的全部 或主要部分的管理及行政合約。

#### MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 38.3% (2021: 51.1%) of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 12.2% (2021: 22.2%). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 90.4% (2021: 95.7%) of the total purchases for the year and purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 61.4% (2021: 81.3%).

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had an interest in these major suppliers or customers.

#### 主要供應商及客戶

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向其五大客戶作出的銷售佔年度總銷售額約38.3%(二零二一年:51.1%),其中向最大客戶作出的銷售佔年度總銷售額約12.2%(二零二一年:22.2%)。本集團向五大供應商的採購約佔年度總採購額約90.4%(二零二一年:95.7%),其中向最大供應商的採購佔年度總採購額約61.4%(二零二一年:81.3%)。

概無董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份數目5%以上者)於該等主要供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The material related party transactions in relation to the key management personnel remuneration and the guarantee provided by a director as disclosed in Note 32(c) and Note 32(d) to the consolidated financial statements respectively are connected transactions exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### 關連交易

誠如分別於綜合財務報表附註32(c)及附註32(d)中所披露,有關主要管理人員薪酬及一名董事提供的擔保的重大關連方交易屬GEM上市規則第二十章下獲豁免遵守申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定的關連交易。

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required by the GEM Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

#### 足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及就董事所知, 於本報告日期,本公司保持GEM上市規則所指 定之公眾持股量。

# COMPLIANCE OF NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

All the independent non-executive Directors were delegated with the authority to review on an annual basis the compliance with the non-competition undertaking given by each of Mr. Cheng Wai Tak and Winful Enterprises, the controlling shareholders of the Company (collectively, the "Covenantors") in favour of the Company dated 20 January 2014 (the "Non-Competition Deed"). The Covenantors have provided to the Company all information necessary for the annual review by the independent non-executive Directors and the Covenantors have confirmed to the Company that each of the Covenantors and his/its associates has not breached the terms of the undertakings contained in the Non-Competition Deed. All independent non-executive Directors confirmed that they are not aware of any noncompliance with the Non-Competition Deed by the Covenantors during the Year.

Details of the Non-Competition Deed have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders" of the Prospectus.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save for the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 39 of this annual report.

#### **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire at the forth coming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board Perfect Optronics Limited

Kan Man Wai Acting Chairman Hong Kong, 21 March 2023

#### 不競爭承諾的遵守情況

全體獨立非執行董事獲授權每年審閱由鄭偉德 先生及本公司的控股股東Winful Enterprises (統稱「契諾人」)各自於二零一四年一月二十日以以 公司的利益為依歸的不競爭承諾(「不競爭」 據」)之遵守情況。契諾人已向本公司提供所 所需資料供獨立非執行董事進行年度檢討所 契諾人已向本公司確認各契諾人及其各自 契諾人已有不競爭契據所不知 繫人並無違反不競爭契據所不知 繫人並無違反不競爭契據的 年度內有不遵守不競爭契據的事宜。

不競爭契據的詳情已載列於招股章程「與控股 股東的關係」一節。

#### 權益掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃外,概無權益掛鈎協議於本年度 內訂立或於本年度年末仍然生效。

#### 企業管治

本公司所採納之企業管治常規詳情,載於本年報第22至39頁之企業管治報告內。

#### 核數師

綜合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,其將於應屆股東週年大會退任,並符合資格提呈續任。一項決議案會於本公司應屆股東週年大會上提呈,以續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會 **圓美光電有限公司** 

#### 簡文偉

*代理主席* 香港,二零二三年三月二十一日

### Independent Auditor's Report

### 獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

To the Shareholders of Perfect Optronics Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### OPINION

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 99 to 175, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致圓美光電有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

#### 我們已審計的內容

圓美光電有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第99至175頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表:
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策及 其他解釋資料。

#### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒布的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

#### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Inventory provision
- Valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 存貨撥備
- 重估按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Inventory provision 存貨估值及撥備

Refer to Note 2.12, Note 4.1(a) and Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.12、附註4.1(a)及附註20。

As at 31 December 2022, the Group held inventories of HK\$21,743,000. As described in the accounting policies in Note 2.12 to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value ("NRV").

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團持有存貨 21,743,000港元。誠如綜合財務報表附註2.12會計政 策所述,存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較低者 列賬。

The Group operates in a market where new product releases are regular. There is a risk that inventories held will be sold below cost or become obsolete in light of technological advancement and changing market conditions. There is inherent judgement in the levels of sales and the selling price the directors forecast when assessing the NRV.

貴集團經營的市場定期有新產品推出。因此所持存 貨將面對以低於成本的價格出售或因科技發展及市 況變動而過時的風險。於評估可變現淨值(「可變現 淨值」)時,董事對銷售水平及售價的預測存在固有 判斷。

Management calculates the NRV at each period end based on the estimated selling price less cost to sell, which requires significant judgements and assumptions to be made to determine the estimated selling price of individual products of similar nature and expectation of future sales based on current market conditions and available information. The estimations are also subject to uncertainty as a result of future changes of market trends, customer demands and technology development.

於各個期間末,管理層根據估計售價減銷售成本計算可變現淨值,釐定同類個別產品估計售價時,需要作出重大判斷及假設,而未來銷售預測則根據現行市況及可得資料釐定。估計亦受因市場趨勢、客戶需求及科技發展的未來變動而產生的不確定因素所限制。

We understood, evaluated and tested relevant controls over management's estimation of NRV and periodic reviews of inventory obsolescence and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectively, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.

我們廢解、評估及測試管理層對可變現淨值的估計 及存貨陳舊度定期檢討的相關監控措施,並考慮估 計的不確定性及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀 性、變動及管理偏差或欺詐的可能性)的水平,以評 估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險。

We performed retrospective review by comparing previous estimates to actual outcome. We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of inventory provision to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process.

我們通過比較先前估計及實際結果進行了回顧性審查。我們評估上一期間存貨撥備的估計結果,以評估管理層估計過程的有效性。

In relation to the types of products which had material balances as at year end, we challenged the assumptions applied by management on using the historical sales data which reflected the expected life cycle of similar products as the basis to estimate their future sales. We considered these assumptions appropriate based on the Group's historical sales pattern.

就於年末有重大結餘的產品類型而言,我們已審視管理層所應用的假設,該等假設使用反映同類產品預計週期的過往銷售數據作為估計其未來銷售的基準。根據 貴集團過往的銷售模式,我們認為該等假設實屬適當。

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Inventory provision (Continued) 存貨估值及撥備(續)

We focused on this area because the estimation of NRV is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of inventory is considered significant due to subjectivity of significant assumptions used and significant judgements involved in selecting data.

由於估計可變現淨值具有高度的估計不確定性,故我們專注於此領域。由於選擇數據時所使用的重大假設及重大判斷具有主觀性,存貨減值評估的固有風險被認為屬重大。

We further discussed with management to understand the additional factors that were considered relevant based on the current market conditions that might require adjustments to the historical sales pattern for both the price and the quantity of the selected products and obtained evidence for these explanations. We independently evaluated the relevance of these factors and evidence supporting the estimation of the NRV by using our industry knowledge and external market analysis and found them to be reasonable. We further tested, on a sample basis, by comparing the estimated selling price and sales quantity with post year-end sales data of the selected products and found the estimated selling price and sales quantity in the NRV assessment to be within reasonable

我們與管理層進一步討論,以了解管理層基於現時市況所考慮的其他相關因素,而可能需要對所選擇產品價格及數量的過往銷售趨勢作出調整,以及外選該等分析獨立評估該等因素的相關程度及可變現淨值估計的證據,並認為其屬合理。我們進於可運用抽樣測試,以估計售價及銷量與抽樣逐過一年的估計售價及銷量屬合理範圍。

Based on the work performed, we considered that the inventory provision was in line with the Group's policy and was supportable by historical market trends, customer demands, technology development as well as management's expectations for future sales and inventory management plans.

基於我們已執行的工作,我們認為所計提的存貨撥備符合 貴集團的政策,並由過往市場趨勢、客戶需求、科技發展以及管理層對未來銷售的預期及存貨管理計劃所支持。

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss 重估按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

Refer to Note 3.3, Note 4.1(b) and Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註3.3、附註4.1(b)及附註19。

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has an unlisted investment of HK\$25,201,000 measured at fair value through profit or loss, using market information and significant unobservable inputs.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,利用市場資料及重要不可觀察輸入數據,貴集團擁有按公允價值計入損益的非上市投資25,201,000港元。

The Group has engaged an external appraiser to assess the fair value of the unlisted investment. The appraised value is based on valuation model. Because of the limited comparable transactions in the market, it is challenging to validate the appraised value and therefore inherent risks in the appraised value remain.

貴集團已聘用外部評估師評估該等非上市投資之公 允價值。評估價值乃以估值模型為基準。由於市場上 可比較的交易有限,核實評估價值甚為困難,因此評 估價值存在固有風險。

We focused on this area because the estimation of the fair value is subject to high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the valuation of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is considered significant due to subjectivity of significant assumptions used.

貴集團已聘用外部評估師評估該等非上市投資之公允價值。評估價值乃以估值模型為基準。由於市場上可比較的交易有限,核實評估價值甚為困難,因此評估價值存在固有風險。

We understood, evaluated and tested the operating effectiveness of related controls to determine that appropriate oversight from directors had been exercised within the valuations process and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectively, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.

我們了解、評估及測試相關監控的運作效果,以確定董事已於估值過程中作出適當的監督,並考慮估計的不確定性及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性變動及管理偏差或欺詐的可能性)的水平,以評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險。

As the valuation of the unlisted investment required significant estimates and reliance on external valuation, we assessed the objectivity, independence and expertise of the external appraiser.

由於非上市投資之估值需要重大估算及依賴外部估值,我們已評定外部評估師的客觀性、獨立性及專業性。

In addition, we also assessed both the methodology and assumptions used by management in the calculation of the year end fair value by the following procedures:

此外,我們亦評定管理層計算年末公允價值所用的 方法及假設,程序如下:

 Evaluated the methodology and key assumptions used in valuation models by comparing the assumptions used against appropriate benchmarks and investigated significant differences, challenging the appropriateness of the pricing multiples available from comparable companies and assessing sensitivities to assumptions.

評估估值模型使用之方法及主要假設,方法為將 所使用的假設與適當指標比較及調查重大差異, 對可比較公司的定價倍數是否恰當提出質疑及 評估假設的敏感度。

- Tested the data integrity for the valuation models. 對估值模型的數據完整程序進行測試。
- Used our valuation expert to perform independent assessments.

利用我們的估值專家進行獨立評估。

Based on the work performed, we considered the assumptions used above all fell within an acceptable range.

基於已執行的工作,我們認為上述全部使用的假設 均屬於可接受範圍。

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

#### 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate. they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見、整心。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造內整意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控對誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大續經性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續存生能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為告問認為告人不確定性,則有必要在核數中的問題,則是一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們的一個人。我們們的一個人。我們們的一個人。我們們們一個人。我們們們一個人。我們們們一個人。我們們們一個人。
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

#### Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述 些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事 項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過 生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該 事項。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Ka Ho.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是吳 家豪。

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 21 March 2023

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零二三年三月二十一日

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	—◆一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	— ◆二
Revenue Cost of sales	<b>收入</b> 銷售成本	5, 6 8	301,318 (231,649)	528,350 (510,795)
Gross profit Other losses, net Distribution and selling expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development	毛利 其他虧損淨額 力般及銷售開支 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份 一份	7 8 8	69,669 (12,862) (24,657) (26,969)	17,555 (19,486) (15,843) (25,472)
expenses	// 火火 工小 1981 / / 上二 112 \	8	(996)	(1,301)
Operating profit/(loss) Finance income Finance costs	<b>經營利潤/(虧損)</b> 財務收入 財務費用		4,185 75 (367)	(44,547) 36 (496)
Finance costs, net	財務費用淨額	10	(292)	(460)
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax expense	<b>除所得税前利潤/(虧損)</b> 所得税開支	11	3,893 (410)	(45,007) (79)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度利潤/(虧損)		3,483	(45,086)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss): Item that may be subsequently reclassified to income statement Currency translation differences	其他全面收益/(虧損): 隨後可重新分類至 收益表之項目 外幣折算差額		245	53
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to income statement Change in value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income Currency translation differences	隨後不會重新分類至 收益表之項目 按公允價值計入其他 全面收益之金融資產 價值變動 外幣折算差額		(352) 103	(224)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年度全面收益/(虧損) 總額		3,479	(45,257)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度利潤/(虧損)歸屬於:			
attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		4,038 (555)	(43,857) (1,229)
			3,483	(45,086)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	年度全面收益/(虧損) 總額歸屬於: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		3,931 (452)	(44,051) (1,206)
			3,479	(45,257)
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (HK cents)	每股基本及攤薄盈利/ (虧損)(港仙)	12	0.27	(2.96)

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合全面收益表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note 附註	— ◆ — — + HK\$'000 千港元	—◆二 平 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	104	259
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	4,261	5,565
Intangible assets	無形資產	16	5,322	5,322
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	26	79	94
Financial asset at fair value	按公允價值計入其他			
through other comprehensive	全面收益之金融			
income	資產	18	1,300	1,652
Financial asset at fair value	按公允價值計入損益			
through profit or loss	之金融資產	19	25,201	38,461
			36,267	51,353
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	21,743	43,125
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他	0.4	40.004	40.700
	應收款	21	10,031	12,760
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	22	85,709	88,512
			117,483	144,397
	Var site (etc. inst			
Total assets	資產總額		153,750	195,750
Equity and liabilities	權益及負債			
Equity attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔			
holders of the Company	權益			
Share capital	 股本	23	14,837	14,837
Reserves	儲備		116,060	116,167
Accumulated losses	累計虧損		(19,656)	(23,694)
			, , ,	
			111,241	107,310
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(1,903)	(1,451)
	C. 0— 157   Im and		(.,555)	(.,)
Total equity	權益總額		109,338	105,859

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Liebilities	<b>台</b> 唐			
Liabilities Non-current liabilities	負債 非流動負債			
Bank loan	銀行貸款	25	4,516	5,205
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	1,177	1,813
	шдда		1,177	1,010
			5,693	7,018
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他			
	應付款	24	34,464	78,358
Current income tax liabilities	當期所得税負債		395	_
Bank loan	銀行貸款	25	690	683
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	3,170	3,832
			38,719	82,873
				02,0.0
Total liabilities	負債總額		44,412	89,891
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		153,750	195,750

The consolidated financial statements on pages 99 to 175 第99至175頁的綜合財務報表已於二零二三年三 were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 March 月二十一日由董事會批准,並代表董事會簽署。 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

Chang Huan Chia 張桓嘉 Director 董事

Hsu Wai Man Helen 徐慧敏 Director 董事

The above consolidated statement of financial position 以上綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

# 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔權益											
				(Note 1) (附註1)		(Note 2) (附註2)							
		Share capital				Other Reserves						Non- controlling interests 非控股	
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 HK\$'000 H		匯兑儲備 累計虧損 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元		非控版 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元		
Balance at 1 January 2022	二零二二年一月一日 結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	(954)	(291)	(23,694)	107,310	(1,451)	105,859		
Comprehensive income/(loss) Profit/(loss) for the year	<b>全面收益/(虧損)</b> 年度利潤/(虧損)	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,038	4,038	(555)	3,483		
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Currency translation differences Change in value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive	其他全面收益/ (虧損) 外幣折算差額 按公允價值計入其他 全面收益之動 資產價值變動	-	-	-	-	-	245	-	245	103	348		
income	<b>兵庄</b> 侯臣文制	_	_	_	_	(352)	_	_	(352)	_	(352)		
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income	其他全面(虧損)/ 收益總額		-		-	(352)	245		(107)	103	(4)		
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income	全面(虧損)/收益 總額	_	_	_	_	(352)	245	4,038	3,931	(452)	3,479		
Balance at 31 December 2022	二零二二年十二月 三十一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	(1,306)	(46)	(19,656)	111,241	(1,903)	109,338		

#### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔權益

	三十一日結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	(954)	(291)	(23,694)	107,310	(1,451)	105,859
Balance at 31 December 2021	二零二一年十二月										
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income	全面(虧損)/收益總額			_	-	(224)	30	(43,857)	(44,051)	(1,206)	(45,257)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/ income	其他全面(虧損)/ 收益總額		_			(224)	30		(194)	23	(171)
Change in value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公允價值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產 價值變動	-	-	_	-	(224)	-	-	(224)	_	(224)
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) Currency translation differences	其他全面收益/ (虧損) 外幣折算差額	_	_	_	_	_	30	-	30	23	53
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	<b>全面虧損</b> 年度虧損	_	-	-	-	_	-	(43,857)	(43,857)	(1,229)	(45,086)
Balance at 1 January 2021	二零二一年一月一日 結餘	14,837	465,738	67,349	(415,675)	(730)	(321)	20,163	151,361	(245)	151,116
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	合併儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	(累計虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
		Share capital	Share premium	Other Reserves	Merger reserve	Revaluation reserve	Exchange reserve	(Accumulated losses) 留存收益/	Total	controlling interests 非控股	Total equity
				(Note 1) (附註1)		(Note 2) (附註2)		Retained earnings/		Non-	
	-	平 厶 刊 權 並 付 行 八 恁 口 權 並									

#### Notes:

- Other reserves include: (1) the difference between the share capital issued by the Company for acquisition of the subsidiaries pursuant to a reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") for the listing of the Company and the aggregate capital of the subsidiaries being acquired at the time of the Reorganisation; and (2) the amount of the loan waived by the controlling shareholder upon completion of a common control combination.
- Revaluation reserve represents fair value reserve for financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### 附註:

- 1 其他儲備包括:(1)根據本公司上市進行的重組(「重組」),本公司就收購附屬公司已發行的股本及於重組時被收購的附屬公司之總資本的差額:及(2)完成共同控制合併時控股股東豁免之貸款金額。
- 至 重估儲備乃指按公允價值計入其他全面收益之金融資 產的公允價值儲備。

以上綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

# 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

			2022	2021
		Note 附註	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動的現金流量			
Cash generated from operations Interest paid	經營所得現金 已付利息	28(a)	3,255 (171)	11,681 (27)
Payments of interest element of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債利息部分	15, 28(b)	(196)	(469)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生淨現金		2,888	11,185
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	14	_	(91)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest received	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 已收利息		_ 75	9 36
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用) 淨現金		75	(46)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動的現金流量			
Proceeds from bank loan Repayments of bank loan Payments of principal element of	銀行貸款所得款項償還銀行貸款 支付租賃負債本全部分	28(b) 28(b)	— (682)	6,000 (112)
lease liabilities	文刊加英英原个亚部 <i>为</i>	15, 28(b)	(4,143)	(4,984)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得 淨現金		(4,825)	904
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物(減少) /增加淨額		(1,862)	12,043
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物		88,512	76,403
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物匯兑 差額		(941)	66
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等價物	22	85,709	88,512

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should 以上綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Perfect Optronics Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 13 June 2013, as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (as Revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The Company's shares are listed on the GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in trading, development and sale of display and optics products and related electronic components, as well as trading of health-related products and other products. The Group also processes some of the products which it sells.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated.

#### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of Perfect Optronics Limited and its subsidiaries.

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and financial asset at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") which have been measured at fair value.

#### 1 一般資料

圓美光電有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一三年六月十三日根據開曼群島公司法(修訂本)在開曼群島註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處位於Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,而其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要經營顯示及光學產品及相關電子部件之貿易、開發及銷售,以及健康相關產品及其他產品之貿易。本集團亦為其銷售的部分產品進行加工。

除另有指明外,此等財務報表乃以港元 (「港元」)呈列,且所有數值均約整至最近 千位(「千港元」)。

#### 2 主要會計政策概要

本附註列載編製此等綜合財務報表時採用 的主要會計政策。除另有註明外,此等政 策在所有年度貫徹適用。綜合財務報表乃 為由圓美光電有限公司及其附屬公司組成 之本集團編製。

#### 2.1 編製基準

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

## (a) Amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amended standards for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing on 1 January 2022:

- HKAS 16 (Amendments) –
   Proceeds before Intended Use
- HKAS 37 (Amendments) —
   Onerous Contracts Cost of
   Fulfilling a Contract
- HKFRS 16 (Amendments) COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
- HKFRS 3 (Amendments) Reference to the Conceptual Framework
- Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018–2020
- Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised)
   (Amendments) Merger
   Accounting for Common Control
   Combinations

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務 報表需要使用若干關鍵本計值的計 這亦需要管理層在應用判斷。會 計政策過程中行使其判斷。 實的判斷或高度複雜性的假設 涉及對財務報表作出重大假設和估 計的範疇,在附註4中披露。

#### (a) 本集團採納之經修訂準則

本集團於二零二二年一月一日 開始的年度報告期間首次採用 以下經修訂準則:

- 香港會計準則第16號(修 訂本)一 作擬定用途前 之所得款項
- 香港會計準則第37號(修 訂本) - 虧損性合約 -履約成本
- 香港財務報告準則第16 號(修訂本)— 二零二一 年六月三十日之後 Covid-19相關的租金減 免
- 香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)一 對概念框架 的提述
- 香港財務報告準則二零 一八年至二零二零年之 年度改進
- 會計指引第5號(經修訂) (修訂本)— 共同控制合 併的合併會計處理

上文列出的修訂對過往期間確認的金額概無任何影響,並預期不會對當前或未來期間產生 重大影響。

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

# (b) New and amended standards issued but not yet adopted by the Group

Certain new and amended standards have been published that are not mandatory for this reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of adoption of these new and amended standards to the Group but is not yet in a position to state whether any substantial change to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will result.

#### 2.2 Principles of consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

#### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### (b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採 納的新訂及經修訂準則

若信間亦已訂團明計列變所,納無其與無無等本能的對於而。納納對未團表於所數,納納對未團表於所,納納對非與的是數學會對財成的,對財政與數學會對財政。

#### 2.2 綜合賬目原則

對本集團的業務合併進行會計處理時使用收購會計法。

附屬公司業績及權益中的非控股權 益分別於綜合全面收益表、綜合權 益變動表及綜合財務狀況表中單獨 呈列。

#### 2.3 Business combinations

Except for the Reorganisation and business combinations under common control, the Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred,
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity.

Over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as a bargain purchase.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.3 業務合併

除重組及共同控制下的業務合併以 外,本集團採用收購法為業務合併 入賬。收購附屬公司的轉讓代價包 括:

- 已轉讓資產的公允價值
- 被收購業務原擁有人所承擔負債
- 本集團發行的股本權益
- 因或然代價安排而產生的任何 資產或負債的公允價值,及
- 於附屬公司任何先前已存在股權的公允價值

收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

#### 當:

- 所轉讓代價,
- 被收購實體的任何非控股權益 金額,及
- 於被收購實體先前的任何股本權益於收購日期的公允價值

超出所收購可識別資產淨值的公允價值時,其差額以商譽列賬。倘該等款項低於所收購業務的可識別資產淨值的公允價值,則差額將直接於綜合全面收益表中確認為議價購買。

#### 2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.3 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段進行,則收購方 先前持有的被收購方股本權益於收 購日期的賬面值於收購日期重新 公允價值計量。任何因該項重新計 量產生的收益或虧損於綜合全面收 益表中確認。

#### 2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本扣除減值 入賬。成本亦包括投資之直接歸屬 成本。附屬公司之業績在本公司賬 目內按已收及應收股息入賬。

#### 2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the directors, who make strategic decisions.

#### 2.6 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other losses, net".

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.5 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向首席經營 決策者呈報內部報告的方式一致。 首席經營決策者負責分配資源和評 核各經營分部的表現,並確定為作 策略性決定的董事。

#### 2.6 外幣折算

#### (a) 功能及列報貨幣

本集團每個實體的財務資料所 列項目均以該實體經營所在的 主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以港 元列報,港元為本公司的功能 貨幣及本集團的列報貨幣。

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易當日或項目 重新計量的估值日期的算為功能貨幣。由結算有 為功能貨幣。由結算的貨 屬產生及將外幣計值的貨 產和負債以年終匯率折合 產和負債以在損失在綜 的匯兑收益和損失種 收益表中「其他虧損淨額」內確 認。

# 2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

### (b) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position,
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions), and

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 外幣折算(續)

#### (b) 交易及結餘(續)

#### (c) 集團公司

所有集團實體(全部均非採用 高通脹經濟體系的貨幣)的功 能貨幣倘有別於列報貨幣,其 業績及財務狀況須按如下方式 折算為列報貨幣:

- 每份列報的財務狀況表內的資產和負債按該財務狀況表日期的收市匯率折算;
- 每份收益表內的收益和 費用按平均匯率折算(除 非此平均匯率並不代表 交易日期匯率的累計影 響的合理約數:在此影 驷下,收支項目於交 日期折算):及

#### 2.6 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

### (c) Group companies (Continued)

 all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

#### (d) Disposal of foreign operation

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 外幣折算(續)

### (c) 集團公司(續)

 所有由此產生的外幣折 算差異在其他全面收益 中確認。

收購境外實體時產生的商譽及 公允價值調整乃作為該境外實 體的資產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。

#### (d) 出售外國業務

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold Over the shorter of the term of the leases or 5 years

Moulds and machinery 2-5 years Furniture and office 3-5 years

equipment

Motor vehicles 4-5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other losses, net".

#### 2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃以歷史成本減 累計折舊後列賬。歷史成本包括與 收購該等項目直接應佔的開支。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊採用以下 的估計可使用年期將其成本按直線 法分攤至剩餘價值計算:

租賃樓宇裝修 租期或5年, 取較短者

模具及機器 2至5年 傢俱及辦公室設備 3至5年

汽車 4至5年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每個報告期末進行檢討,及在適當時 調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回 價值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回 金額。

出售的收益和損失按所得款與賬面 值的差額釐定,並在綜合全面收益 表中「其他虧損淨額」內確認。

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

#### Club memberships

Club memberships with indefinite useful life are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

#### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 無形資產

#### 會所會籍

無期限的會所會籍乃按成本值減任 何減值虧損列賬。

#### 2.9 非金融資產減值

可使用年期為無期限的無形資產不 作攤銷,並會每年評估有否出現減 值,或倘有事件或情況變動顯示可 能出現減值會更頻繁進行評估。當 出現若干事件或情況有所改變而導 致未必能收回賬面值時,會就其他 資產進行測試,以確定有否出現減 值。當資產賬面值超過可收回金 額,則有關差額確認為減值虧損, 而可收回金額指資產公允價值減銷 售成本與使用價值兩者的較高者。 就評估減值而言,資產按獨立可識 別現金流量(大部分獨立於其他資產 或資本組別所得現金流入)(現金產 出單元)的最低水平歸類。已減值之 非金融資產(商譽除外)於各報告期 末檢討是否可能撥回減值。

### 2.10 Investments and other financial assets

### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產

#### (a) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為以 下計量類別:

- 其後按公允價值計量(不 論計入其他全面收益或 損益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類視乎該實體管理金融資產 之業務模式及現金流量之合約 年期。

就按公允價值計量之資產而言,收益及虧損將計入損益改虧損將計入損益的人人人。 其他全面收益。就並非持作沒賣之股本工具投資而言,將視乎本集團是否已於初步確認時作出不可撤回選擇將股本面收按公允價值計入其他全面收益。

本集團只限於其管理該等資產 之業務模式改變時方會將債務 投資重新分類。

#### (b) 確認及取消確認

常規購買及出售的金融資產在 交易日確認 一交易的指購買及出售的金融資產 要承諾購買或出售數項 或出售數項 或出售數項 。當從金融資產收取轉權 量的權利已實則將所有 重換 有風險和 產則終止確認。

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt investments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and presented in "other losses, net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量

於初步計量時,本集團按金融資產之公允價值另加(倘金融資產並非按公允價值計入價值計入份數數資產直接應公內,以關金融資產直接應。按別成本計量金融資產。接近公分價值計入損益之金融資產之交易成本於綜合全面收益表支銷。

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融資產的現金流量是否僅支付本金和利息時,需從金融資產的整體進行考慮。

#### 債務投資

債務工具的後續計量取決於本 集團管理該項資產時商業模式 和該項資產的現金流量特點。 本集團按照以下三種計量方式 對債務工具進行分類:

攤現
 大田
 大田

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) Measurement (Continued)

#### (c) 計量(續)

Debt investments (Continued)

### 債務投資(續)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other losses, net. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other losses, net and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- 按公允價值計入其他全 面收益:以收取合約現 金流量及出售該金融資 產為目的而持有,且其 現金流量僅支付本金和 利息的資產,以按公允 價值計入其他全面收益 之方式計量。除確認減 值虧損、利息收入及匯 兑損益計入綜合全面收 益表外,賬面價值變動 計入其他全面收益。當 金融資產終止確認時, 以前在計入其他全面收 益的累計收益或虧損從 權益重分類至損益中, 並在其他虧損淨額中確 認。該等金融資產的利 息收入用實際利率法計 算,計入財務收入。匯 兑收益及虧損在其他虧 損淨額中呈列,而減值 開支則於綜合全面收益 表內作為獨立項目呈列。

 FVTPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and presented within "other losses, net" in the period in which it arises.

# 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (c) Measurement (Continued)

#### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in other losses, net in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### (d) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (c) 計量(續)

#### 權益工具

按公允價值計入損益的金融資產的公允價值變動在綜合合確的公允價值變動在綜內內確認之其他虧損淨額內內內內內 (如適用)。按公允價值計入減值 他全面收益的權益投資的減值 虧損(及減值虧損撥回)與其他 公允價值變動未分開列示。

#### (d) 減值

對於以攤銷成本計量和按公允 價值計入其他全面收益的債務 工具,本集團就預期信貸虧損 做出前瞻性評估。應用之減值 方法取決於信貸風險是否顯著 增加。

對於應收賬款,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號應用簡化方式,其規定預期全期虧損自應收賬款之初步確認中確認。

#### 2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials and other direct costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets. Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

#### 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.11 抵銷金融工具

金融資產及負債於擁有可依法強制 執行權利抵銷已確認金額及於擬按 淨額基準結付或同時變現資產及結 付負債時予以抵銷:有關淨額則於 綜合財務狀況表內列報。

#### 2.12 存貨

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者之 較低者列賬。成本乃按加權平均法 釐定。製成品及在製品的成本包括 原料及其他直接成本。可變現淨值 為於日常業務過程中的估計售價減 估計完成成本及估計作出銷售所需 成本。

#### 2.13 應收賬款及其他應收款

應收賬款為在日常業務運作中售貨品或提供服務而應收的客戶項。倘應收賬款及其他應收或如關係在一年以內收回(或如關明,則分類為流動資產。否款認過則,則分類為流動資產。應收數初步按公允價值成本減值發佈計算。

#### 2.14 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表的呈列而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存款及流動性高且原有到期日在三個月或以下之其他短期投資(可隨時轉換為已知金額的現金及價值變動的風險很低)。

#### 2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 2.16 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.15 股本

普通股分類為權益。

與發行新股份或購股權直接有關的 增量成本,均列入權益作為所得款 項的減少(扣除稅項)。

#### 2.16 應付賬款及其他應付款

#### 2.17 借貸

#### 2.17 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.18 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.17 借貸(續)

當合約訂明的責任解除、取消或屆滿時,借款自綜合財務狀況表剔除。已消除或轉讓予另一方的金融負債的賬面值與已支付代價(包括任何已轉讓的非現金資產或所承擔的負債)之間的差額,在綜合全面收益表中確認為財務費用。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的 結算遞延至報告期末後最少12個 月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

#### 2.18 借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產的 支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收入, 應自合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣 除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的綜 合全面收益表中支銷。

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred income tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 當期及遞延所得税

期內所得税費用或抵免指基於各司法權區適用所得税率計算的當期應課税收入應繳税項,並就暫時性差額及未動用税項虧損所產生的遞延所得税資產及負債變動作出調整。

### (a) 當期所得税

#### (b) 遞延所得税

遞延所得税利用負債法就資產 和負債的税基與資產和負債在 綜合財務報表的賬面值的差額 而產生的暫時性差異計提撥 備。然而,倘遞延所得稅負債 產生自商譽的初始確認,則不 會確認遞延所得税負債。倘遞 延所得税來自在交易(不包括 業務合併)中對資產或負債的 初始確認,而在交易時不影響 會計損益或應課税利潤或損 失,亦不作記賬。遞延所得税 採用在報告期末前已頒佈或實 質上已頒佈,並在有關的遞延 所得税資產實現或遞延所得税 負債結算時預期將會適用的税 率(及法例)而釐定。

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

### (b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred income tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 2.19 當期及遞延所得税(續)

#### (b) 遞延所得税(續)

僅當可能有未來應課稅金額用 於動用該等暫時性差額及虧損 時,方會確認遞延所得稅資 產。

倘本公司有能力控制暫時性差額的撥回時機及差額可能不會 在可見未來撥回的情況下, 會就外國業務投資的賬面值 競基之間的暫時性差額確認 延所得稅資產及負債。

#### 2.20 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group pays contributions to defined contribution plans in Hong Kong and Taiwan. The schemes are generally funded through payments to separate trustee-administered funds, determined by periodic calculations.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group pays contributions to administered pension plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

The Group also contributes on a monthly basis to defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by relevant municipal and provincial governments in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and future retired employees for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds managed by the PRC government. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 僱員福利

#### (a) 退休金責任

本集團向香港及台灣的定額供 款計劃供款。有關計劃資金一 般來自對獨立受託管理基金的 付款,有關付款按定期進行的 計算釐定。

本集團以強制性、合約性或自 願性方式向管理之退休金則 供款。供款支付後。供計劃 無額外付款責任。供款到支 時,則確認為僱員福利開支 預付供款在確認可作現金予 確認列為資產。

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (b) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments wholly due within 12 months after the balance sheet date are recognised as a liability where the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

### (c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 2.20 僱員福利(續)

### (b) 獎金計劃

當本集團因為僱員已提供的服務而產生現有法律或推定責任,而責任金額能可靠估計時,則在資產負債表日後12個月內全數到期的獎金預計成本確認為負債。

#### (c) 僱員應享假期

僱員享有的年假於歸屬於僱員 時確認。已就僱員至財務狀況 表日提供服務所享年假的估計 負債作出撥備。

僱員享有的病假及產假直至放 假時確認。

#### 2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to anyone item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expenses.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.21 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而須負上現時的法律或推定責任,很可能需要消耗資源以履行責任,及有關金額能可靠估計時,會確認撥備。未來營運虧損不予確認撥備。

如有多項類似責任,於釐定其需流出資源以結清責任的可能性時,會整體考慮該責任類別。即使在同一責任類別所包含的任何一個項目相關的資源流出的可能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備乃按預期需用作清償責任開支 以稅前比率計算的現值衡量,其反 映當時市場對金錢的時間值及該責 任的特定風險評估。因時間的流逝 而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

# 2 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

#### 2.22 Revenue recognition

#### (a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract. the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### (b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### 2.22 收入確認

#### (a) 產品銷售

應收款項於交付貨品時確認, 原因為付款到期前僅須待時間 過去,故代價於此時間點為無 條件。

#### (b) 利息收入

利息收入根據時間比例以實際 利息法確認。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.23 Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.23 每股盈利

#### (a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃按以下方式計 算:

- 本公司擁有人應佔利潤 (不包括普通股以外的任 何服務權益成本)除以
- 財政年度內已發行普通股加權平均數(已就年內已發行普通股紅利因素作出調整及撇除庫存股份)。

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整釐定每股基本盈利所用的數字,經計及:

- 潛在攤薄普通股相關利息及其他融資成本的除所得稅後影響;及
- 假設所有潛在攤薄普通 股獲兑換而已發行的額 外普通股的加權平均數。

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.24 Leases

The Group leases various properties. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 6 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and the corresponding liabilities at the date at which the leased assets are available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

### 2.24 租賃

本集團租賃多項物業。租賃合約一般按2至6年的固定期限訂立。租賃條款按個別基準磋商並載有不同條款及條件。租賃協議並無施加任何契約,惟租賃資產未必用作借款用途的擔保。

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日確認為使用權資產及相關負債。

租賃所產生的資產及負債初始按現值基準計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款) 減任何應收租賃優惠
- 基於指數或利率並於開始日期 按指數或利率初步計量的可變 租賃付款
- 剩餘價值擔保下的本集團預期 應付款項
- 購買選擇權的行使價(倘本集 團合理確定行使該選擇權): 及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租期 反映本集團行使權利終止租 約)。

根據合理確定延長選擇權作出的租賃付款亦計入負債的計量。

#### 2.24 Leases (Continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group, where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.24 租賃(續)

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以貼現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(本集團的租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承租人增量借款利率,即個別承租人在類似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條件借入獲得與使用權資產價值類似的資產所需資金必須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團在可能情況下,使用個別承租人最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點作出調整,以反映自獲得第三方融資以來融資條件的變動。

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作 出分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損 益扣除,藉以令各期間負債餘額的 期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下 各項:

- 初始計量租賃負債的金額
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任何 租賃付款減任何已收租賃優惠
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 復原成本。

### 2.24 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases of all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

#### 2.25 Government subsidies

Subsidies from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the subsidies will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government subsidies relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

### 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.24 租賃(續)

使用權資產一般於資產的可使用年期及租賃期(以較短者為準)內按直線法予以折舊。倘本集團合理確定行使購買選擇權,則使用權資產於相關資產的可使用年期內予以折舊。

與短期租賃以及所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款,於租期內按直線法於損益確認為開支。短期租賃指租賃期為12個月或以下的租賃。

#### 2.25 政府補貼

倘有合理保證本集團將會自政府收 到補貼,且將符合所有附帶條件, 該補貼會按公允價值確認。

與成本相關的政府補貼會被遞延, 並在與其擬補償成本相配的所需期 間內損益確認。

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk and price risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by the senior management of the Group.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is primarily exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from United States dollars ("USD"), Renminbi ("RMB") and New Taiwan dollars ("TWD").

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. Management periodically reviews assets and liabilities held in currencies other than the entity's functional currency to ensure that net exposure is kept at an acceptable level. The Group does not enter into any arrangement to hedge its foreign exchange rate risk.

The Group manages its foreign exchange risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates. In the opinion of the directors, HK\$ are reasonably stable against the USD under the Linked Exchange Rate System, and accordingly, no sensitivity analysis with respect to the USD against HK\$ is performed.

### 3 財務風險管理

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

#### (a) 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團主要承受美元 (「美元」)、人民幣(「人 民幣」)及新台幣(「新台幣」)的外匯風險。

外體商產審幣確接訂匯風險貨易債非的確層功負持團沖 自計及管實產擔本開 所以。以資承。安 會計及管實產擔本排 的確層功負持團沖 以未認定能債於並其 實來資期貨,可無外

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (a) Market risk (Continued)
    - (i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the impact on exchange differences for TWD and RMB are immaterial as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 due to the low volume of transactions and minimal amount of balances, and accordingly no sensitivity analysis is performed.

# (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest rate risk relates to the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank balances and bank loan. Other than bank balances and bank loan, the Group does not have significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities.

At 31 December 2022, if interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the pre-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$805,000 higher/lower (2021: pre-tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$826,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from bank balances.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (i) 外匯風險(續)

### (ii) 現金流量及公允價值利 率風險

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (a) Market risk (Continued)
    - (iii) Price risk

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the consolidated statement of financial position either as FVOCI or at FVTPL.

At 31 December 2022, if the fair values of the investments classified as financial assets at FVTPL and FVOCI had been 10% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit and other components of equity would have been approximately HK\$2,520,000 higher/lower (2021: pre-tax loss would have been approximately HK\$3,846,000 lower/higher) and approximately HK\$130,000 higher/lower (2021: HK\$165,000 higher/lower) respectively. Pre-tax profit for the year would increase/decrease as a result of gains/losses on financial asset classified as at FVTPL. Other components of equity would increase/decrease as a result of gains/losses on financial asset classified as FVOCI.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (iii) 價格風險

本集 團承擔 的 價格 图 檢 內 源於 本 集 團 承擔 的 價格 国 持 次 源於 宗 会 財 務 狀 贺 於 綜 合 財 教 公 按 公 为 其 他 全 面 收 立 近 值 按 公 允 價值 計 入 損 益。

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,倘分類為按 公允價值計入損益及按 公允價值計入其他全面 收益的金融資產之投資 的公允價值上升/下降 10%,而所有其他變數 維持不變,本集團之除 税前利潤及其他部分權 益將分別增加/減少約 2,520,000港 元(二 零 二一年:除税前虧損將 減少/增加約3,846,000 港元)及增加/減少約 130,000港元(二零二一 年:增加/減少約 165,000港元)。年內除 税前虧損將因分類為按 公允價值計入損益的金 融資產之收益/虧損增 加/減少。其他股本部 分將因分類為按公允價 值計入其他全面收益的 金融資產之收益/虧損 增加/減少。

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from trade and other receivables, restricted bank deposits and bank balances. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. The credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the financial position of the debtors, past experience and other factors.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories and the Group performs regular credit evaluations of its major customers.

The Group applies the lifetime expected loss provision, as permitted under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments, for all trade receivables.

The Group considers the credit risk characteristics of the trade receivables to measure the expected credit loss ("ECL"). For the trade receivables, the Group has assessed the ECL by considering historical default rates, existing market conditions and forward-looking information. Based on the Group's assessment, ECL rate of trade receivables is close to zero. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these trade receivables balances was not material.

The Group's bank deposits and bank balances are deposited in reputable banks. Management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks.

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險按集團基準管理。信 貸風險源自分類為應收賬款及 其他應收款、受限制銀行存款 以及銀行結餘。該等結餘的賬 面值為本集團就有關金融資產 承擔的最大信貸風險。信貸風 險按持續基準監察,並會參考 债務人的財政狀況、過往經驗 及其他因素。

本集團實施相關政策,確保其 產品銷售乃向具有合適信貸紀 錄的客戶作出,本集團亦會對 其主要客戶進行定期信貸評 估。

本集團根據香港財務報告準則 第9號財務工具、的規定,對 全部應收賬款應用全期預期虧 損撥備。

本集團考慮應收賬款的信貸風 險特徵以計量預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)。就應收賬 款而言,本集團考慮過往違約 比率、現行市況及前贍性資料 來評估預期信貸虧損。根據本 集團的評估,應收賬款的預期 信貸虧損率接近零。因此,該 等應收賬款結餘的虧損損備並 不重大。

本集團銀行存款及銀行結餘均 存於具信譽的銀行。管理層預 期不會因此等銀行不履行付款 責任而產生任何虧損。

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (b) Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Group's other financial assets carried at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position. The impairment loss of other financial assets carried at amortised cost is measured based on the 12-month expected credit loss. The 12-month expected credit loss is the portion of lifetime expected credit loss that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit loss.

To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

external credit rating (as far as available);

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - 信貸風險(續)

以攤銷成本計量的其他金融資

本集團按攤銷成本列賬的其他 金融資產包括綜合財務狀況表 內的按金及其他應收款項。按 攤銷成本列賬的其他金融資產 的減值虧損按12個月預期信貸 虧損計量。12個月預期信貸虧 損為報告日期後12個月內可能 發生的金融工具違約事件導致 的全期預期信貸虧損的一部 分。然而,自發生以來信貸風 險顯著增加時,撥備將以全期 預期信貸虧損計算。

為評估信貸風險是否大幅增 長,本集團將於報告日期該資 產發生違約的風險與初步確認 日期的違約風險進行比較。其 考慮彼時可得的合理及支持性 的前瞻性資料,特別包括以下 指標:

一 外部信貸評級(如可得):

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (b) Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, management considered the credit risk of deposits and other receivables to be low as counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed that the expected credit losses for these other receivables were immaterial under 12-month expected losses method. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these balances was close to zero and no provision was recognised.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)

以攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產(續)

- 業務、財務或經濟狀況 的實際或預期重大不利 變動,預期將對借款人 履行義務的能力產生重 大變動;
- 一 借款人經營業績的實際 或預期重大變動;及
- 預期借款人表現及行為的重大變動,包括借款人於集團內付款狀況的變動及借款人經營業績的變動。

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to settle the payables of the Group.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包括確保持有足夠現金及有價證券、有充足的已承諾信貸融資,及有能力償還本集團的應付款。

		Less than 1 year 1年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
A1 04 D	<b>À</b> - <b>≅</b> ∕r					
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	應付賬款	22,916	_	_	_	22,916
	其他應付款	7,518	_	_	_	7,518
	銀行貸款	853	854	2,562	1,566	5,835
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,259	1,136	57	_	4,452
		34,546	1,990	2,619	1,566	40,721
		0 1,0 10	.,000	_,0.0	.,000	.0,
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日					
Trade payables	應付賬款	62,815	_	_	_	62,815
	其他應付款	11,773	_	_	_	11,773
	銀行貸款	836	836	2,509	2,370	6,551
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,013	1,851			5,864
		79,437	2,687	2,509	2,370	87,003

#### 3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-asset ratio. The ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total assets. Total debt is calculated as interest-bearing borrowings. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares and sell assets to reduce debt.

During the year, the Group's strategy, which remained unchanged from prior year, was to maintain a net cash position. As at 31 December 2022, the Group has a net cash position and the aggregate balances of unrestricted bank deposits, and cash and cash equivalents exceeded the total interest-bearing debt by HK\$80,503,000 (2021: HK\$82.624.000).

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

Financial instruments carried at fair value are analysed by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

#### 3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資金的目標是保障本集 團持續經營的能力,以為股東帶來 回報,同時兼顧其他利益相關者的 利益,並維持最佳的資本結構以減 低資金成本。

本集團根據負債資產比率監察資 本。該比率按負債總額除以資產總 額計算。負債總額按計息借貸計 算。為了維持或調整資本結構,本 集團可能會調整支付予股東的股息 金額、向股東發還資金、發行新股 或出售資產以減低債務。

年內,本集團的策略(與去年相比並 無變動)為保持現金淨額狀況。於二 零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 錄得現金淨額狀況,且無限制銀行 存款以及現金及現金等價物的結餘 總額較計息債務總額多出 80,503,000港 元(二零二一年: 82,624,000港元)。

#### 3.3 公允價值估計

按公允價值入賬的金融工具按估值 方法分析。不同層級界定如下:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場的 報價(未經調整)(第1層)。
- 除了第1層所包括的報價外, 該資產和負債的可觀察的其他 輸入,可為直接(即例如價格) 或間接(即源自價格)(第2層)。
- 資產和負債並非依據可觀察市 場數據的輸入(即非可觀察輸 入)(第3層)。

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (Continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents and trade, bills and other receivables; and the Group's financial liabilities, including bank loan, trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

The nominal values less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the consolidated statement of financial position across the three levels.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

本集團金融資產之公允價值,包括 現金及現金等價物、應收賬款、應 收票據及其他應收款;以及本集團 之金融負債,包括銀行貸款、應付 賬款及其他應付款,由於其到期時 間較短,其賬面值與公允價值相若。

就到期日少於一年之金融資產及負債而言,面值減任何估計信貸與其公允價值相若。就與其公允價值相若。稅價值的而言,金融負債之公允價值內來集團就類似金融工具可獲得之現行市場利率將未來合約現金流量折現估計。

下表列報三個級別於綜合財務狀況 表按公允價值計量之金融工具賬面 值。

		Fair value measurement as at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日之公允價值計量			
		Level 1 第1層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第3層 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements					
Financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益 之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Unlisted preferred shares</li> </ul>	- 非上市優先股	_	_	25,201	25,201
Financial asset at FVOCI	按公允價值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Unlisted equity securities</li> </ul>	- 非上市股權證券	_	_	1,300	1,300
		_	_	26,501	26,501

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

			measurement a 一年十二月三- Level 2 第2層 HK\$'000 千港元		
Recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允價值計量				
Financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益 之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Unlisted preferred shares</li> <li>Financial asset at FVOCI</li> </ul>	一 非上市優先股 按公允價值計入其他全 面收益之金融資產	_	_	38,461	38,461
- Unlisted equity securities	一 非上市股權證券	_	_	1,652	1,652
		_	_	40,113	40,113

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year (2021: Nil).

年內第1層、第2層與第3層之間並無 轉撥(二零二一年:無)。

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允 價值計量(第3層)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 instruments for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

下表呈報截至二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度第3層 工具之變動:

		Unlisted preferred	Unlisted equity 	<del>.</del>
		shares 非上市 <b>優先股</b> HK\$'000 千港元	securities 非上市 股權證券 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2021 Fair value changes recognised in other	於二零二一年 一月一日之結餘 於其他全面收益 確認之公允價值	59,547	1,876	61,423
comprehensive income Fair value changes recognised in other	變動 於其他虧損淨額 確認之公允價值	_	(224)	(224)
losses, net	變動	(21,086)	_	(21,086)
Balance at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 及二零二二年			
Fair value changes recognised in other	一月一日之結餘 於其他全面收益 確認之公允價值	38,461	1,652	40,113
comprehensive income Fair value changes recognised in other	變動 於其他虧損淨額 確認之公允價值	_	(352)	(352)
losses, net	變動	(13,260)	_	(13,260)
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日			
	之結餘	25,201	1,300	26,501

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

#### 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

### Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (Continued)

### 使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允 價值計量(第3層)(續)

The following table summarises the valuation techniques used and the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements:

下表概述於第3層公允價值計量所用 估值技巧及所用重大不可觀察輸入 數據的定量資料:

Desc 説明	cription	Valuation technique 估值技術	unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據	Value 價值	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的關係
(a)	Preferred shares issued by a private entity	Market comparable companies and equity value allocation with option-pricing method (2021: same)	Volatility	45.00% (2021: 50.30%)	10% increase/(decrease) in the volatility would result in (decrease)/increase in fair value by approximately (HK\$(343,000))/HK\$359,000 (2021: (HK\$129,000)/HK\$185,000)
(a)	一間私營企業發行之 優先股	市場可比較公司及使用期權 定價法分配股權價值 (二零二一年:相同)	波幅	45.00% (三零二一年: 50.30%)	波幅增加/(減少)10%,將令公允價值(減少)/增加約(343,000港元)/359,000港元 (二零二一年:(129,000港元)/185,000港元)
(b)	Ordinary shares issued by a private entity	Discounted cash flow method (2021: same)	WACC	16.68% (2021: 16.40%)	10% increase/(decrease) in WACC would result in (decrease)/increase in fair value by approximately (HK\$(275,000))/HK\$325,000 (2021: (HK\$196,000)/HK\$252,000)
(b)	一間私營企業發行之 普通股	貼現現金流方法 (二零二一年:相同)	加權平均資本成本	16.68% (二零二一年: 16.40%)	加權平均資本成本增加/(減少)10%,將令公允價值(減少)/增加約(275,000港元)/325,000港元 (二零二一年:(196,000港元)/252,000港元)

Cignificant

Valuations of the above financial assets held by the Group as at the end of the reporting period were performed by independent valuers.

本集團於報告期末所持的以上金融 資產的估值由獨立估值師進行。

### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4 AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 4.1 Critical accounting estimates

#### (a) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in consumer preferences and competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management reassesses these estimations by each date of the statement of financial position to ensure inventories are shown at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

### (b) Estimation of the fair value of certain financial assets

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

#### 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷

編製財務報表須進行會計估計,顧名思義,有關估計很少相等於實際結果。管理層亦需在應用本集團的會計政策時作出判斷。

估計及判斷乃持續評估。有關估計及判斷 乃基於過往經驗及其他因素作出,包括可 能對實體產生財務影響及根據情況認為合 理的未來事件預期。

#### 4.1 關鍵會計估計

#### (a) 存貨的可變現淨值

#### (b) 若干金融資產的公允價值估計

沒有在活躍市場買賣的金融工 具的公允價值利用估值技術 定。本集團利用判斷選取多種 方法,並主要根據每個報告期 末當時的市場情況作出假設。

### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES 4 AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4.2 Critical accounting judgements

#### (a) Impairment of financial assets

The loss allowances for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

#### (b) Determination of the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision-maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment focuses on the revenue analysis by products.

Other than the Group's results and financial position as a whole, no other discrete financial information is provided for the assessment of different business activities. Accordingly, only entity-wide disclosures, major customers and geographic information are presented.

#### 4 關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 4.2 關鍵會計判斷

#### (a) 金融資產減值

金融資產虧損撥備乃基於有關 違約風險及預期虧損比率率的 設作出。本集團在作出該等假 設及選擇減值計算的輸入數據 時,根據於各報告期末的前態 團過往歷史、現有市況及前瞻 性估計作出判斷。

#### (b) 釐定租期

釐定租期時,管理層考慮形成 行使延長選擇權或不行使終 選擇權的經濟誘因的所有事定 及狀況。倘租賃可合理確長 會延長(或不會終止),延長 擇權(或終止選擇權後期間)方 計入租期之內。

#### 5 分部資料

向本公司董事(即首席經營決策者)呈報以 進行資源分配及評估的資料聚焦於按產品 劃分的收入分析。

除了本集團的整體業績及財務狀況外,並無提供其他獨立財務資料用作評估各項不同業務活動。因此,僅呈列實體整體披露、主要客戶及地理資料。

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 5 分部資料(續)

- (a) The Group's revenues from its major products for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:
- (a) 截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團來自其 主要產品之收入載列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
This files translater lieurial or satel	<b>薄膜電晶體液晶體顯示</b>		
Thin film transistor liquid crystal display panels and modules	海 灰 电 丽 턴 / 版 丽 턴 緻 小 面 板 及 模 組	155,896	431.770
Health-related products	健康相關產品	87,876	19.162
Polarisers	偏光板	36,554	44.865
Electronic signage	電子廣告板	16.396	15,266
Integrated circuits	集成電路	1,883	7,428
Optics products	光學產品	590	3,171
Others	其他	2,123	6,688
		301,318	528,350

(b) Segment revenue by customers' geographical location

(b) 按客戶地理位置劃分的分部收入

The amount of the Group's revenue from external customers by locations where the Group's products are delivered to its customers is shown in the table below.

本集團按其向客戶交付產品的地點 劃分的外部客戶所產生收入金額於 下表列示。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong	香港	281,959	410,716
The PRC	中國	13,451	105,940
Taiwan	台灣	5,908	11,694
		301,318	528,350

- (c) Revenues from major customers who have individually contributed 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are disclosed as follows:
- (c) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,來自主要客戶(各佔本集團總 收入10%或以上)的收入披露如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶A	36,782	117,272
Customer B	客戶B	36,554	43,303

### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 5 分部資料(續)

- (d) An analysis of the Group's non-current assets (other than financial assets and deferred income tax assets) by location of assets is as follows:
- (d) 按資產位置,本集團之非流動資產 (不包括金融資產及遞延所得稅資 產)分析如下:

		Hong Kong 香港 HK\$'000 千港元	The PRC 中國 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Taiwan</b> <b>台灣</b> HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2022  Non-current assets  Property, plant and	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備				
equipment		_	49	55	104
Intangible assets	無形資產	4,200	1,122	_	5,322
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,980	1,095	186	4,261
		7,180	2,266	241	9,687
As at 31 December 2021 Non-current assets Property, plant and	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 <b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備				
equipment		_	171	88	259
Intangible assets	無形資產	4,200	1,122	_	5,322
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	3,100	2,406	59	5,565
		7,300	3,699	147	11,146

#### 6 REVENUE

Revenue represents the sales of display products, optics products and related electronic components, health-related products and other products to external parties.

#### 6 收入

收入指銷售顯示產品、光學產品及相關電子部件、健康相關產品和其他產品予外界 人士所得收入。

#### 7 OTHER LOSSES, NET

#### 7 其他虧損淨額

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value abances in financial coast	拉八女便佑社 1 提关之会		
Fair value changes in financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益之金 融資產公允價值變動	(12.260)	(01 006)
*** : : : : =	提早終止租賃收益	(13,260)	(21,086)
Gain on early termination of lease		_	1,246
Gain on lease modification	租賃修訂收益	_	165
Government subsidies	政府補貼	773	303
Net exchange losses	匯兑虧損淨額	(401)	(115)
Loss on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及		
and equipment	設備之虧損	_	(4)
Others	其他	26	5
		(12,862)	(19,486)

#### 8 EXPENSES BY NATURE

#### 8 按性質劃分的費用

Cost of sales, distribution and selling expenses, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenses are analysed as follows:

銷售成本、分銷及銷售開支、一般及行政 開支及研究及開發開支分析如下:

2021

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold (Note 20)	銷售存貨成本(附註20)	220,672	505,869
Processing and sub-contracting	加工及外包費用	220,072	303,009
expenses		1,168	415
Transportation expenses	運輸費用	4,490	3,150
Provision/(write back of provision) for	陳舊存貨撥備/(撥備		
obsolete inventories (Note 20)	撥回)(附註20)	6,228	(1,499)
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
<ul><li>Audit services</li></ul>	- 審計服務	875	850
<ul> <li>Non-audit services</li> </ul>	一 非審計服務	194	78
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	僱員福利開支(附註9)	26,495	25,331
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 14)	(附註14)	137	667
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊		
(Note 15)	(附註15)	4,151	4,751
Lease expenses not included in the	並非計入租賃負債計量		
measurement of lease liabilities	之租賃開支		
(Note 15)	(附註15)	2,311	806

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES 9

#### 僱員福利開支

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits (Note (a)) Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利(附註(a)) 僱員退休福利	25,384	24,446
<ul><li>defined contribution plans (Note (b))</li></ul>	一 定額供款計劃 (附註(b))	1,111	885
Total employee benefit expenses, including directors' remuneration	僱員福利開支總額,包括 董事酬金	26,495	25,331

#### Note:

- Short-term employee benefits include salary, wages, bonus (a) paid to employees, and insurance premium for staff insurance schemes.
- Post-employment benefits defined contribution plans (b)

No forfeited contributions for the Group is available to reduce the contribution payment in the future years. Contributions to schemes vest immediately.

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose remuneration were the highest in the Group for the year include four directors (2021: four) whose remuneration are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 34. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2021: one) individual during the year are as follows:

#### 附註:

- 短期僱員福利包括支付予僱員薪金、工資、獎 金及員工保險計劃的保費。
- 僱員退休福利 定額供款計劃 (b)

本集團概無被沒收的供款用以削減未來年度 的供款。對計劃的供款立刻歸屬。

(c) 五名最高薪人士

> 年內本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括四名董事 (二零二一年:四名),其薪酬反映於附註34所 載的分析當中。年內應付餘下一名(二零二-年:一名)人士之酬金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Basic salaries, staff quarter expenses, other allowances and benefits in kind Discretionary bonuses Contribution to pension scheme	基本工資、員工宿舍開支、 其他津貼及實物福利 酌情花紅 退休計劃供款	1,644 74 18	1,644 56 18
		1,736	1,718

The number of highest paid non-director individuals whose remunerations for the year fell within the following bands:

本年度薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事最高薪酬人士的人 數如下:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Emolument bands: HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	酬金範圍: 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1

For the year ended 31 December 2022, no remuneration (2021: Nil) was paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office, and no arrangement under which a director or the five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any of the remuneration.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團未向 董事或五名最高薪酬人士支付任何薪酬,作為其加入 本集團的獎勵或離職賠償,亦無任何董事或五名最高 薪酬人士放棄或同意放棄薪酬的安排(二零二一年:

#### 10 FINANCE COSTS, NET

#### 10 財務費用淨額

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finance income Interest income on bank deposits	財務收入 銀行存款之利息收入	75	36
Finance costs Interest expenses on: Bank loan Lease liabilities (Note 15) Factoring charges	財務費用 以下各項應佔利息開支: 銀行貸款 租賃負債(附註15) 保理費用	(156) (196) (15)	(27) (469) —
		(367)	(496)
Finance costs, net	財務費用淨額	(292)	(460)

#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

# Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the applicable rates of taxation prevailing in the countries/places in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

#### 11 所得税開支

年內利潤之税項已按估計應評税利潤以本 集團營運所在的國家/地區現行適用的税 率,基於現有税務法例、詮釋及慣例來計 算。

於綜合全面收益表扣除的所得稅金額指:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong profits tax  — Current income tax	香港利得税 一 當期所得税	395	_
Deferred income tax (Note 26)	遞延所得税(附註26)	15	79
Income tax expense	所得税開支	410	79

#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

#### 11 所得税開支(續)

The income tax on the Group's profit/(loss) before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate applicable to the Group as follows:

本集團就除所得稅前溢利/(虧損)的所得 税與使用本集團適用的税率產生的理論金 額有所差異,具體如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前利潤/ (虧損)	3,893	(45,007)
Tax calculated at Hong Kong tax	按香港税率16.5%計算的税	3,093	(43,007)
rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%)	項(二零二一年:16.5%)	642	(7,426)
Effect of the progressive tax rate	累進税率8.25%的影響		( ) -/
of 8.25%		(165)	_
Tax effects of:	以下各項的税務影響:		
<ul> <li>Different taxation rate in</li> </ul>	一 其他司法管轄區		
other jurisdictions	不同税率	182	197
<ul> <li>Income not subject to tax</li> </ul>	一 毋須繳税的收入	(131)	(30)
<ul> <li>Expenses not deductible for</li> </ul>	一 不可作扣税用途		
tax purposes	的費用	2,566	3,671
<ul> <li>Utilisation of previously</li> </ul>	一 使用先前並無確		
unrecognised tax losses	認的税項虧損	(2,964)	_
<ul> <li>Tax losses for which no</li> </ul>	一 並無確認遞延所得		
deferred income tax asset	税資產的税項虧損		
was recognised		280	3,667
Income tax expense	所得税開支	410	79
income tax expense	川可ル門又	410	19

#### 12 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS/ 12 每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損) (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/(loss) per share for the year is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

年內的每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃按本公司權益持有人應佔利潤/(虧損)除以年內已 發行普通股的加權平均數計算。

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司權益持有人應佔 利潤/(虧損)(千港元)	4,038	(43,857)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股之加權平 均數(千股)	1,483,687	1,483,687
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share (HK cents per share)	每股基本及攤薄盈利/ (虧損)(每股港仙)	0.27	(2.96)

## 12 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE (Continued)

For the purpose of determining the diluted earnings/ (loss) per share amount, no adjustment has been made to the basic earnings/(loss) per share amount for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during these years.

#### 13 SUBSIDIARIES

The following is a list of subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 and 2021:

### 12 每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)

就釐定每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)而言,由於本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度並無任何已發行潛在攤薄普通股,故並無就該等年度呈列的每股基本盈利/(虧損)作出調整。

#### 13 附屬公司

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日的附屬公司載列如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股份/ 實繳股本詳情	持有之普通股 比例 (%)	本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)		本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)
				2022 二零二二年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2021 二零二一年
Rightone Resources Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI"), limited liability company	Investment holding	10,000 ordinary shares at no pa value	100 r	100	100	100
Rightone Resources Limited	英屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」有限公司	投資控股	10,000股無面值 普通股				
Shinwa Technology Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Holding of patents	1 ordinary share at no par value	-	100	-	100
新華科技有限公司	英屬處女群島有限公司	持有專利	1股無面值普通股				
Sinosky Resources Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at no par value	_	100	_	100
Sinosky Resources Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	1股無面值普通股				
Dexing Investment Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at no par value	-	100	-	100
Dexing Investment Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	1股無面值普通股				
Yuan Tai Investment Limited	Samoa, limited liability company	Investment holding	100 ordinary shares of USD1 each	-	100	-	100
圓台投資有限公司	薩摩亞有限公司	投資控股	100股每股面值 1美元普通股				
Perfect Display Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Trading of display panels and related electronic components in Hong Kong	38,000,000 ordinary shares	_	100	-	100
圓美顯示有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港銷售顯示面板及相 關電子部件	38,000,000股 普通股				
Perfect Sky Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Electronic product application development in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	_	100	-	100
圓天科技有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港進行電子產品 應用開發	1股普通股				

### 13 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 13 附屬公司(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股份/ 實繳股本詳情	持有之普通股 比例 (%)	本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)		本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)
				2022 二零二二年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2021 二零二一年
K-clean Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Dormant	1 ordinary share	_	100	-	100
K-clean Limited	香港有限公司	暫無業務	1股普通股				
Yuan Mei Xin Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Wholesaling, import and export of display panels and related electronic components and provision of technical support and related services in the PRC	USD1,000,000	-	100	-	100
圓美鑫科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	於中國從事顯示面板及相關電子部件的批發、進口及出口,以及提供技術支援及相關服務	1,000,000美元				
Yuan Tian Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Research and development, provision of technical support and related services in the PRC	USD100,000	-	100	-	100
圓天科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	於中國研發及提供技術 支援及相關服務	100,000美元				
Yuan Tai Electronics Company Limited	Taiwan, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of electronic products in Taiwan	500,000 ordinary shares of TWD10 each	_	100	-	100
圓台電子股份有限公司	台灣有限公司	於台灣設計、開發及銷售電子產品	500,000股每股面值 新台幣10元的 普通股				
Perfect Shiny Technology Limited	Samoa, limited liability company	Investment holding	500,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each	-	100	-	100
圓尚科技有限公司	薩摩亞有限公司	投資控股	500,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股				
Perfect Shiny Technology (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of applied optics-related products in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	_	100	-	100
圓尚科技(香港)有限公司	香港有限公司	在香港設計、開發及銷售 應用光學產品	1股普通股				
Perfect Shiny Technology (Shenzhen) Limited	The PRC, limited liability company	Sales, research and development of optics- related products in the PRC	RMB1,000,000	_	100	-	100
圓尚科技(深圳)有限公司	中國有限公司	於中國銷售及研發光學 相關產品	人民幣1,000,000元				

### 13 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 13 附屬公司(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital/paid up capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company 本公司直接	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點及法 律實體類別	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股份/ 實繳股本詳情	持有之普通股 比例 (%)	本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)	持有之普通股 比例 (%)	本集團持有之 普通股比例 (%)
				2022 二零二二年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2021 二零二一年
Skyteam Resources Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	1 ordinary share at	-	100	-	100
Skyteam Resources Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	1股無面值普通股				
Naruto Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Not yet commenced business	10,000,000 ordinary shares	-	100	-	100
鳴門科技有限公司	香港有限公司	未開展業務	10,000,000股普通股				
Perinnova Limited	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	10,000 ordinary share at no par	-	62	-	62
Perinnova Limited	英屬處女群島有限公司	投資控股	value 10,000股無面值普通 股	1			
Perfect Intelligent Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of digital information signage and electronic shelf display products in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares	-	62	-	62
圓美智能科技有限公司	香港有限公司	於香港設計、開發及銷售 數碼告示板及電子貨 架顯示器產品	10,000股普通股				
Fayeking Technology Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, development and sales of environmental-friendly products and sale of health-related	10,000 ordinary shares	_	100	-	100
飛勁科技有限公司	香港有限公司	products in Hong Kong 於香港設計、開發及銷售 環保產品及銷售健康 相關產品	10,000股普通股				
Perfect Health Holdings	Hong Kong, limited liability	Dormant	1 ordinary share	-	100	-	100
Limited 圓美健康控股有限公司	company 香港有限公司	暫無業務	1股普通股				
K-clean (Macau) Limited	Macau, limited liability company	Not yet commenced business	Macau Pataca 25,000	_	100	_	100
K-clean (Macau) Limited	澳門有限公司	未開展業務	25,000澳門幣				

### 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 14 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Moulds and machinery	Furniture and office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		<b>租賃樓宇裝修</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>模具及機器</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>傢俱及</b> 辦公室設備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>汽車</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
		17670	1 /6:76	17676	17670	1 /8 / L
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日					
Cost	成本	3,165	1,971	2,478	4,622	12,236
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(2,829)	(1,874)	(2,156)	(4,542)	(11,401)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	336	97	322	80	835
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值 外幣折算差額	336	97	322	80	835
Currency translation differences	外帘扒异左敔	4	1	8	_	13
Additions	增加	4 _	_	91	_	91
Disposals	出售	_	_	(13)	_	(13)
Depreciation charge (Note 8)	折舊支出(附註8)	(309)	(69)	(209)	(80)	(667)
Depreciation charge (Note of	川百久田(川田0)	(003)	(03)	(200)	(00)	(007)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	31	29	199	_	259
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日					
Cost	成本	3,227	2,037	2,586	4,644	12,494
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(3,196)	(2,008)	(2,387)	(4,644)	(12,235)
		<u> </u>				
Net book amount	賬面淨值	31	29	199	_	259
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度					
Opening net book amount Currency translation	年初賬面淨值 外幣折算差額	31	29	199	_	259
differences		(3)	(1)	(14)	_	(18)
Depreciation charge (Note 8)	折舊支出(附註8)	(10)	(28)	(99)	_	(137)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	18	_	86	_	104
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日					
Cost	成本	3,051	1,854	2,405	4,583	11,893
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(3,033)	(1,854)	(2,319)	(4,583)	(11,789)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	18	_	86	_	104

#### 15 LEASES

#### 15 租賃

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

此附註提供本集團為承租人的租賃資料。

### (a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

#### (a) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的金額

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Right-of-use assets - Properties	使用權資產 一 物業		
As at 1 January Additions Lease modifications Early termination of leases Depreciation expense (Note 8) Exchange realignment	於一月一日 添置 租賃修訂 提早終止租賃 折舊開支(附註8) 匯率調整	5,565 3,035 — — (4,151) (188)	9,867 5,629 (1,451) (3,887) (4,751) 158
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	4,261	5,565
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
As at 1 January Additions Interest expense Lease modifications Early termination of leases Payments of principal element Payments of interest element Exchange realignment	於一月一日 添置 利息開支 租賃修訂 提早本重額 支付利息 支付利息部分 匯率調整	5,645 3,035 196 — — (4,143) (196) (190)	11,563 5,629 469 (1,616) (5,133) (4,984) (469) 186
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	4,347	5,645
Current Non-current	流動 非流動	3,170 1,177	3,832 1,813
		4,347	5,645

#### 15 LEASES (Continued)

#### 15 租賃(續)

### (b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

#### (b) 於綜合全面收益表確認的金額

綜合全面收益表展示以下與租賃相 關金額:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right-of- use assets — Properties	使用權資產之折舊支出 - 物業(附註8)		
(Note 8)		4,151	4,751
Interest expense (Note 10) Expense relating to short-term	利息開支(附註10) 短期租賃相關開支	196	469
leases (Note 8)  Expense relating to leases of low-value assets that are not shown above as short-term	(附註8) 未於上文展示為短期 租賃的低價值資產 租賃相關開支	1,892	288
leases (Note 8)  Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in lease	(附註8) 並無計入租賃負債的 可變租賃付款相關	21	65
liabilities (Note 8)	開支(附註8)	398	453

The payments of principal and interest element of leases liabilities during the year ended 31 December 2022 were HK\$4,143,000 (2021: HK\$4,984,000) and HK\$196,000 (2021: HK\$469,000) respectively.

Payments for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets were not shown separately, but included in the line of "profit/(loss) before income tax" in respect of the net cash generated from operation.

### (c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices and warehouses. The leases run for periods up to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,支付租賃負債的本金及利息部分分別為4,143,000港元(二零二一年:4,984,000港元)及196,000港元(二零二一年:469,000港元)。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的付款 未單獨列出,惟包含於經營所得現 金淨額中「除所得稅前利潤/(虧 損)」一項。

#### (c) 本集團的租賃活動及其入賬方式

本集團租賃各種辦公室及倉庫。租 賃期最長為3年。租賃條款根據個別 情況協商而定,其中包含各種不同 條款及條件。租賃協議並無施加任 何契諾,惟租賃資產不可用作借款 之抵押品。

#### 15 LEASES (Continued)

#### (d) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

#### 15 租賃(續)

#### (d) 續租及終止選擇權

本集團訂立的若干物業租賃載有續租及終止選擇權。其用於在管理本集團營運所用資產方面盡量提升營運的靈活度。所持大部分續租及終止選擇權僅可由本集團(而非各自出租人)行使。

Club

memberships 會所會籍

#### 16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### 16 無形資產

HK\$'000 千港元 於二零二一年一月一日 At 1 January 2021 成本 5.322 Cost Accumulated amortisation 累計攤銷 Net book amount 賬面淨值 5.322 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 期初賬面淨值 Opening net book amount 5.322 攤銷支出 Amortisation charge Closing net book amount 期末賬面淨值 5.322 At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 成本 Cost 5,322 Accumulated amortisation 累計攤銷 賬面淨值 Net book amount 5,322 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book amount 期初賬面淨值 5,322 Amortisation charge 攤銷支出 Closing net book amount 期末賬面淨值 5,322 於二零二二年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2022 Cost 成本 5,322 累計攤銷 Accumulated amortisation 賬面淨值 Net book amount 5,322

#### 16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

16 無形資產*(續)* 

The Group's intangible assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 comprise membership rights and are stated at cost less any impairment losses in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日的無形資產包括會籍權利,根據 本集團的會計政策按成本減任何減值虧損 列賬。

### 17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

17 按類別劃分的金融工具

The Group holds the following financial instruments at 31 December 2022 and 2021:

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日持有下列金融工具:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬的		
Trade and other receivables	金融資產: 應收賬款及其他應收款	7,925	10,821
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	85.709	88,512
Financial asset at FVOCI	按公允價值計入其他全	00,700	00,012
Tindifoldi dodet at i vooi	面收益之金融資產	1,300	1,652
Financial asset at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益之	1,000	1,002
Timanolar about at 1 VII 2	金融資產	25,201	38,461
		120,135	139,446
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬的負債:		
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	30,434	74,588
Bank loan	銀行貸款	5,206	5,888
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,347	5,645
		39,987	86,121

## 18 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Group's financial asset at FVOCI comprises the Group's equity investment in certain ordinary shares issued by a private company principally engaged in the research and development, manufacturing and sale of separator which is a key component in lithium battery, representing a 2% (2021: 2%) shareholding of such company. The balance is denominated in TWD.

#### 18 按公允價值計入其他全面收益 之金融資產

本集團按公允價值計入其他全面收益的金融資產包括本集團於一間私人公司所發行若干普通股的股權投資,佔該公司2%股權(二零二一年:2%),該私人公司主要從事研發、製造及銷售隔離膜(為鋰電池的主要部分)。結餘以新台幣計值。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January Fair value changes recognised in	<b>於一月一日之結餘</b> 於其他全面收益內確認	1,652	1,876
other comprehensive income	之公允價值變動	(352)	(224)
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	1,300	1,652

### 19 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The Group's financial asset at FVTPL comprises the holding of certain preferred shares in Mobvoi Inc. ("Mobvoi"), a private company principally engaged in the business of developing and providing voice search artificial intelligent systems on mobile, smart wearable, automotive and other devices. The balance is denominated in USD. There have been no addition to or disposal of such investment since the Group made the investment in January 2015. No dividend has been received by the Group from Mobvoi. During the year, Mobvoi (i) repurchased certain of its preferred shares and ordinary shares from a substantial shareholder (those ordinary shares repurchased were issued to another shareholder of Mobvoi); and (ii) disposed of part of/ all of the shares in certain of its subsidiaries in exchange for the repurchase by Mobvoi of certain of its ordinary shares, which were treated as treasury shares of Mobvoi ("Treasury Shares") as at 31 December 2022 to be cancelled. Upon cancellation of the Treasury Shares, the Group's shareholding proportion in Mobvoi will be increased to approximately 1.57% (on a fully diluted and as converted basis) (31 December 2021: 1.24%).

### 19 按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產

本集團按公允價值計入損益之金融資產包 括持有Mobvoi Inc.(「Mobvoi」)若干優先 股, Mobvoi為主要從事開發及提供手機、 智能佩戴式設備、汽車及其他設備之語音 搜索人工智能系統業務的私人公司。該結 餘以美元計值。自本集團於二零一五年一 月作出該投資以來,有關投資並無添置或 出售。本集團未曾自Mobvoi收取過股息。 於本年度, Mobvoi(i)自一名主要股東回購 若干其優先股及普通股(該等被回購普通 股已發行予Mobvoi另一名股東);及(ii)出 售於若干其附屬公司的部分/全部股份, 以交換Mobvoi回購的若干其普通股(該等 股份於二零二二年十二月三十一日被視為 將會註銷的Mobyoi的庫存股份(「庫存股 份1))。註銷該等庫存股份後,本集團在 Mobvoi的持股比例將增加至約1.57%(按 全面攤薄及已轉換基準)(二零二一年十二 月三十一日:1.24%)。

### 19 FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

### 19 按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產 (續)

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日之結餘	38,461	59,547
Fair value changes recognised in other losses, net	於其他虧損淨額中確認 的公允價值變動	(13,260)	(21,086)
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之結餘	25,201	38,461
INVENTORIES	20 左1	<b>2</b>	

#### **20 INVENTORIES**

#### 20 仔貝

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Work in progress Finished goods Less: Provision for obsolete	在製品 完成品 減:陳舊存貨撥備	_ 38,072	58 53,542
inventories	770 1710 13 24 324 110	(16,329)	(10,475)
		21,743	43,125

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to HK\$220,672,000 (2021: HK\$505,869,000) for the year (Note 8).

Provision for obsolete inventories of HK\$6,228,000 (2021: write back of provision of HK\$1,499,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in respect of the net amount of the provision for obsolete inventories/(write back of provision), loss on obsolete inventories, utilisation of provision for obsolete inventories and write-down of inventories to their net realisable value for the year. These amounts have been included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

本年度確認為開支並計入「銷售成本」的存 貨成本為220,672,000港元(二零二一年: 505,869,000港元)(附註8)。

本集團就年內有關陳舊存貨撥備/(陳舊 存貨撥回)淨額、陳舊存貨虧損,動用陳 舊存貨撥備及撇減存貨至其可變現淨值而 於綜合全面收益表確認陳舊存貨撥備 6,228,000港元(二零二一年:陳舊存貨撥 回1,499,000港元)。該等款項已計入綜合 全面收益表的「銷售成本」項下。

#### 21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 21 應收賬款及其他應收款

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note (a)) Prepayments, deposits and other	應收賬款(附註(a)) 預付款、按金及其他應收款	5,196	7,758
receivables		4,835	5,002
		10,031	12,760

Notes:

附註:

(a) The Group generally grants credit periods of 30 to 90 days. The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows: (a) 本集團一般授出30至90天的信貸期。根據發票 日期計算的應收賬款的賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0-30天	3,960	4,235
31-60 days	31-60天	866	3,266
61-90 days	61-90天	197	119
Over 90 days	90天以上	173	138
		5,196	7,758

(b) As at 31 December 2022, the Group's trade receivables of HK\$725,000 (2021: HK\$446,000) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of trade receivables that were past due but not impaired is as follows: (b) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已逾期 但未減值的應收賬款為725,000港元(二零二一 年:446,000港元)。已逾期但未減值的應收賬 款的賬齡分析如下:

	,	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts past due	逾期款項		
1-30 days	1-30天	355	308
31-60 days	31-60天	197	76
61-90 days	61-90天	173	58
Over 90 days	90天以上		4
		725	446

For these past due trade receivables, the Group has assessed the expected credit losses by considering historical default rates, existing market conditions and forward-looking information. Based on the assessment, ECL rate of trade receivables is close to zero. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these trade receivables balances was not material.

就該等已逾期應收賬款,本集團已透過考慮過往拖欠率、當前市況及前瞻性資料,評估預期信貸虧損。根據有關評估,應收賬款的預期信貸虧損率接近零。因此就該等應收賬款結餘作出的虧損撥備並不重大。

### 21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 21 應收賬款及其他應收款(續) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

附註:(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團應收賬款及其他應收款之賬面值按以 (c) 下貨幣計值:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
HK\$	港元	5,240	2,796
USD	美元	2,087	6,948
RMB	人民幣	1,020	1,733
TWD	新台幣	1,684	1,283
		10,031	12,760

- The fair values of trade and other receivables approximate their carrying amounts.
- 應收賬款及其他應收款之公允價值與其賬面 值相若。

#### 22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 22 現金及現金等價物

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank deposits, bank balances and cash	銀行存款、銀行結餘及 現金	85,709	88,512

The carrying amounts of the Group's total bank deposits, bank balances and cash are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金之賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
USD	美元	39,487	68,952
HK\$	港元	39,005	8,135
RMB	人民幣	6,510	9,006
TWD	新台幣	707	2,419
		85,709	88,512

#### 23 SHARE CAPITAL

#### 23 股本

31 December 2022 and 2021 二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日

Number of shares 股份數目

Amount 金額

(thousands) (千股) HK\$'000 千港元

Authorised: 法定:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each

每股普通股0.01港元

5,000,000

50,000

Number of Ordinary shares shares of HK\$0.01 each

每股普通股

股份數目

**0.01港元** HK\$'000

千港元

Issued and fully paid:

At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022

已發行及繳足:

於二零二一年一月一日、 二零二一年十二月

三十一日、二零二二年 一月一日及二零二二年

十二月三十一日

1,483,687,151

14,837

There were no movements in the Company's share capital during the year (2021: Nil).

年內,本公司股本概無任何變動(二零 二一年:無)。

#### 24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 24 應付賬款及其他應付款

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables (Note (a)) Deposits received from customers Accruals and other payables	應付賬款(附註(a)) 收取客戶按金 應計款項及其他應付款	22,916 5,171 6,377	62,815 9,864 5,679
		34,464	78,358
Notes: 附註:			

(a) The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

根據發票日期計算的應付賬款的賬齡分析如 (a) 下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0-30 days	0-30天	17,597	35,819
31-60 days	31-60天	5,288	26,995
61-90 days	61-90天	_	1
Over 90 days	90天以上	31	
		22.916	62.815

(b) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的貿易應收款項及其他應付款項以下 (b) 列貨幣計值:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
USD	美元	27,002	67,252
HK\$	港元	4,120	3,094
RMB	人民幣	2,782	3,328
TWD	新台幣	560	4,684
		34,464	78,358

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables (c) approximate their fair values.

應付賬款及其他應付款之賬面值與其公允價 (c) 值相若。

#### 25 BANK LOAN

#### 25 銀行貸款

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current portion Non-current portion	當期部分 非當期部分	690 4,516	683 5,205
		5,206	5,888
At 31 December, the repayable as follows:	Group's bank loan was	於十二月三十一日,本集 還情況如下:	團銀行貸款的償
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years Over 5 years	1年以內 1至2年 2至5年 5年以上	690 712 2,288 1,516	683 702 2,226 2,277

The Group's bank loan was obtained under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme launched by the Government of HKSAR mature until 2029. The carrying amount of the bank loan was denominated in HK\$, and carried at a floating interest rate of prime rate minus 2.5% per annum.

The carrying amount of the Group's bank loan as at 31 December 2022 approximated its fair value since the interest payable on that bank loan is close to current market rate.

The Group's bank loan is secured by HKMC Insurance Limited and personal guarantee from Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, a substantial shareholder of the Company.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's total unutilised bank facilities restricted for trade finance purposes amounted to approximately HK\$15,600,000 (2021: HK\$15,600,000).

Details of the Group's exposure to risks arising from bank loan is set out in Note 3.1.

本集團的銀行貸款乃根據香港特區政府推出的中小企融資擔保計劃獲得,期限至二零二九年。該銀行貸款的賬面值以港元為單位,按浮動年利率最優惠利率減2.5厘計息。

5,888

5,206

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行貸款的賬面值與其公允價值相若,因為該筆銀行貸款的應付利息接近當前市場利率。

本集團的銀行貸款由香港按證保險有限公司及本公司主要股東鄭偉德先生的個人擔 保抵押。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團限於用作貿易融資的未動用的銀行信貸約為15,600,000港元(二零二一年:15,600,000港元)。

本集團面臨的銀行貸款風險的詳情載於附註3.1。

#### 26 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

#### 26 遞延所得税資產

The movements in deferred income tax assets in respect of accelerated tax depreciation during the year are as follows:

與於年內的加速税項折舊有關的遞延所得 税資產變動如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Beginning of the year	年初	94	171
Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive	扣除自綜合全面收益表 (附註11)	(1.5)	(==)
income (Note 11) Exchange realignment	匯 兑 調 整	(15) —	(79) 2
<u> </u>	E- 70 (77 IE		
End of the year	年末	79	94

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$35,181,000 (2021: HK\$38,078,000) in respect of tax losses of certain PRC subsidiaries of HK\$8,050,000 (2021: HK\$7,436,000), which will expire in five years, and tax loss of certain Hong Kong subsidiaries of HK\$211,997,000 (2021: HK\$228,524,000) which will not expire under current tax legislation.

遞延所得稅資產乃就稅項虧損結轉而確認,惟限於相關稅項利益可因未來應課稅利潤變現屬可能者。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無確認遞延所得稅至。38,078,000港元(二零二一年公司。38,078,000港元),涉及若干中國附屬公司。60,000港元(四零二一年公司。7,436,000港元)(將於五年後失效),虧至下,以損至11,997,000港元)(根據目前稅法不會失效)。

#### 27 DIVIDENDS

### The Board did not declare any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

#### 27 股息

董事會並無宣派截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的任何股息(二零二一 年:無)。

#### 28 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### 28 現金流量資料

- (a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before income tax to cash generated from operations
- (a) 除所得税前利潤/(虧損)與經營所 得現金之對賬

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前利潤/ (虧損)	3,893	(45,007)
Adjustments for:  — Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	就以下各項調整: - 物業、廠房及設備 折舊(附註8)		
(Note 8)	/+ m /+ \/n → /< ++	137	667
<ul><li>Depreciation of right-of- use assets (Note 8)</li><li>Provision/(write back of provision) for obsolete</li></ul>	<ul><li>一使用權資產折舊 (附註8)</li><li>一陳舊存貨撥備/ (撥備撥回)</li></ul>	4,151	4,751
inventories (Note 8)	(附註8)	6,228	(1,499)
- Finance income (Note 10)	一 財務收入(附註10)	(75)	(36)
<ul> <li>Finance costs (Note 10)</li> <li>Fair value changes on financial asset at FVTPL (Note 7)</li> </ul>	一 財務費用(附註10) 一 按公允價值計入損 益的金融資產之 公允價值變動	367	496
<ul><li>Gain on early termination</li></ul>	(附註7) 一 提早終止租賃收益	13,260	21,086
of leases (Note 7)  — Gain on lease modification	(附註7) 一租賃修訂收益	_	(1,246)
(Note 7)	一 祖員修訂收益 (附註7)	_	(165)
<ul><li>Loss on disposal of</li></ul>	- 出售物業、廠房及		(100)
property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	設備的虧損 (附註7)	_	4
	业、宝、农人(铁毛)————————————————————————————————————		
Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital Changes in working capital	營運資金變動前經營 利潤/(虧損) 營運資金變動	27,961	(20,949)
<ul><li>Inventories</li></ul>	- 存貨	14,423	(9,722)
<ul><li>Trade and other receivables</li><li>Trade and other payables</li></ul>	一 應收賬款及其他 應收款 一 應付賬款及其他	2,337	21,247
Trade and Other payables	應付款	(41,466)	21,105
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	3,255	11,681

## 28 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 28 現金流量資料 *(續)*

### (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

#### (b) 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

		Bank loan 銀行貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	-	11,563	11,563
Cash flows  — Payments of principal element of lease liabilities  — Payments of interest	現金流 - 支付租賃負債 - 本金部份 - 支付租賃負債	_	(4,984)	(4,984)
element of lease liabilities  — Proceeds from bank loan	利息部份 一銀行貸款所得	_	(469)	(469)
Repayments of bank loan Other non-cash movements	款項 一 償還銀行貸款 其他非現金變動	6,000 (112)		6,000 (112)
<ul> <li>Addition of lease liabilities</li> <li>Lease modifications</li> <li>Early termination of leases</li> </ul>	<ul><li>一 增添租賃負債</li><li>一 租賃修改</li><li>一 提早終止租賃</li></ul>	_ _ _	5,629 (1,616) (5,133)	5,629 (1,616) (5,133)
Interest expenses on lease liabilities     Exchange realignment	一 租賃負債的利息 開支 一 匯兑調整	_ _	469 186	469 186
As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及			
Cash flows	二零二二年一月一日 現金流	5,888	5,645	11,533
<ul><li>Payments of principal element of lease liabilities</li><li>Payments of interest</li></ul>	一 支付租賃負債 本金部份 一 支付租賃負債	_	(4,143)	(4,143)
element of lease liabilities  - Repayments of bank loan	利息部份 - 償還銀行貸款	— (682)	(196) —	(196) (682)
Other non-cash movements  — Addition of lease liabilities  — Interest expenses on lease	其他非現金變動 - 增添租賃負債 - 租賃負債的利息	_	3,035	3,035
liabilities  — Exchange realignment	開支 一 匯兑調整		196 (190)	196 (190)
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	5.206	4.347	

#### 29 COMMITMENTS

#### 29 承擔

At 31 December 2022, the Group has no significant capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not recognised as liabilities (2021: Nil).

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團於報告期末並無已訂約但尚未確認為負債的重大資本開銷(二零二一年:無)。

#### 30 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has no material contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

#### 31 ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITIES

The Group has charged in favour of a bank by way of first fixed charge of certain trade receivables of the Group as continuing security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group. Such trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$480,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$5,377,000).

#### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Parent entity

The Company's immediate and ultimate holding company is Winful Enterprises Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI, and ultimately controlled by Mr. Cheng Wai Tak, a director of the Company.

#### (b) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 13

#### (c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

#### 30 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無重大或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

#### 31 抵押為擔保的資產

本集團按第一固定抵押方式以一間銀行為受益人將本集團的若干應收賬款抵押,作為本集團獲授的若干銀行信貸的持續擔保。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,該應收賬款約為480,000港元(二零二一年:5,377,000港元)。

#### 32 關連方交易

#### (a) 母公司實體

本公司的直接及最終控股公司為 Winful Enterprises Limited,其為一 家於英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司 及由本公司董事鄭偉德先生最終控 制。

#### (b) 附屬公司

於附屬公司之權益載於附註13。

#### (c) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括董事及高級管理 層。就僱員的服務已付或應付主要 管理人員的薪酬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 僱員退休福利	8,892	8,059
<ul> <li>defined contribution plans</li> </ul>	- 定額供款計劃	69	84
		8,961	8,143

#### (d) Guarantee provided by a director

The Group's bank loan as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 was secured by personal guarantee from Mr. Cheng Wai Tak.

#### (d) 一名董事提供的擔保

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日及二零二一年十二月三十一日的 銀行貸款由鄭偉德先生的個人擔保 抵押。

## 33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

### 33 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動

- (a) Statement of financial position of the Company
- (a) 本公司的財務狀況表

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

2021 零二二年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 Note 附註 千港元 Assets 資產 , 非流動資產 Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries 對附屬公司的投資 525,657 525,657 流動資產 Current assets Other receivables 其他應收款 315 302 應收附屬公司款項 Amounts due from subsidiaries 98,559 98,823 現金及現金等價物 Cash and cash equivalents 5,304 5,199 104,324 104,178 Total assets 資產總額 629.835 629.981 Equity and liabilities 權益及負債 本公司權益持有人 Equity attributable to equity 應佔權益 holder of the Company 股本 Share capital 14,837 14,837 儲備 Reserves (b) 614,480 614,563 權益總額 Total equity 629,317 629,400 Liabilities 負債 Current liabilities 流動負債 Other payables 其他應付款 518 581 Total liabilities 負債總額 581 518 Total equity and liabilities 權益及負債總額 629,835 629,981

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2023 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司的財務狀況表已於二零二三年三月 二十一日由董事會批准,並代表董事會簽 署。

Chang Huan Chia 張桓嘉 *Director* 董事 Hsu Wai Man Helen 徐慧敏 *Director* 董事

# 33 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

## 33 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

#### (b) Reserves movement of the Company

#### (b) 本公司的儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元		Retained earnings 留存收益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年 一月一日	465,738	136,082	12,771	614,591
Loss for the year	年度虧損	400,700	100,002	(28)	(28)
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 及二零二二年				
Loss for the year	一月一日 年度虧損	465,738 —	136,082 —	12,743 (83)	614,563 (83)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	465,738	136,082	12,660	614,480

Note: Contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the excess of the nominal value of the Company's shares issued and the aggregate net asset value of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to a reorganisation for the listing of the Company.

附註:本公司之繳入盈餘代表本公司已發行 股份面值與根據為本公司上市而進行 之重組而收購之附屬公司之資產淨值 總計之超出差額。

### 34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF 34 董事之福利及權益 **DIRECTORS**

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

(a) 董事及行政總裁之酬金

The remuneration of every director and the 各董事及行政總裁之薪酬如下: chief executive is set out below:

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Employer's contribution to retirement benefit schemes 僱主對退休福利計劃供款 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended	截至二零二二年					
31 December 2022	十二月三十一日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak	鄭偉德先生	_	4,200	700	18	4,918
Mr. Liu Ka Wing	廖嘉榮先生	_	636	106	18	760
Mr. Tse Ka Wing	謝家榮先生	_	1,440	240	18	1,698
Mr. Chang Huan Chia	張桓嘉先生	240	250	120	15	625
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Wong Yik Chung John	黃翼忠先生	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu	黃智超先生	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. Kan Man Wai	簡文偉先生	240	_	_	_	240
Mr. Cho Chi Kong	曹志光先生	240	_	_	_	240
Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen	徐慧敏女士	240				240
		1,200	6,526	1,166	69	8,961

## 34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### 34 董事之福利及權益(續)

- (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)
- (a) 董事及行政總裁之酬金(續)

				Discretionary	Employer's contribution to retirement benefit		
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	schemes 僱主對退休	Total	
			薪金、津貼		福利計劃		
		袍金	及實物福利	酌情花紅	供款	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
For the year ended	截至二零二一年						
31 December 2021	十二月三十一日止年度						
Executive directors:	<i>執行董事:</i>						
Mr. Cheng Wai Tak	鄭偉德先生	_	4,200	175	18	4,393	
Mr. Liu Ka Wing	廖嘉榮先生	_	636	27	18	681	
Mr. Tse Ka Wing	謝家榮先生	_	1,440	60	18	1,518	
Mr. Chang Huan Chia	張桓嘉先生	240	278	43	30	591	
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:						
Mr. Wong Yik Chung John	黃翼忠先生	120	_	_	_	120	
Mr. Wong Chi Chiu	黃智超先生	120	_	_	_	120	
Mr. Kan Man Wai	簡文偉先生	240	_	_	_	240	
Mr. Cho Chi Kong	曹志光先生	240	_	_	_	240	
Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen	徐慧敏女士	240	_	_	_	240	
		1,200	6,554	305	84	8,143	

No directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2021: Nil).

概無董事於年內放棄或同意放棄任何酬金(二零二一年:無)。

### (b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors of the Company received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

### (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company does not pay consideration to third parties for making available directors' service (2021: Nil).

#### (b) 董事退休福利及終止僱傭福利

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,概無本公司董事收取或將 收取任何退休福利或終止僱傭福利 (二零二一年:無)。

#### (c) 就提供董事服務向第三方提供之代 價

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司並無就提供董事服 務支付代價予第三方(二零二一年: 無)。

## 34 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entitles with such directors

As at 31 December 2022, there are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors (2021: Nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years.

#### 34 董事之福利及權益(續)

(d) 有關以董事、受董事控制之法團及 與董事的關聯實體為受益人之貸 款、準貸款及其他交易之資料

> 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,概 無有利於董事、受董事控制之法團 及與該等董事的關聯實體為受益人 之貸款、準貸款及其他交易安排(二 零二一年:無)。

(e) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權 益

於年末或年內任何時間,概無關於本集團業務之重大交易、安排及合約以本公司為一名訂約方及本公司董事擁有重大權益(不論直接或間接)。

### Financial Summary 財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

本集團於過去五個財政年度的業績及資產、負債以及非控股權益概要(摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表)列載如下:

For the year ended 31 December

		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	301,318	528,350	206,973	166,607	254,072
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to: Equity holders of the	年度利潤/(虧 損)歸屬於: 本公司權益					
Company Non-controlling interests	持有人 非控股權益	4,038 (555)	(43,857) (1,229)	(16,883) (1,647)	(34,078) (1,570)	(55,780) —
		3,483	(45,086)	(18,530)	(35,648)	(55,780)
		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日				
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets, liabilities and non- controlling interests	資產、負債及 非控股權益					

153,750

(44,412)

111,241

1,903

195,750

(89,891)

107,310

1,451

219,932

(68,816)

151,361

203,663

(33,306)

168,947

(1,410)

240,795

(36,830)

203,965

Total assets

Total liabilities

Non-controlling interests

資產總額

負債總額

非控股權益



www.perfect-optronics.com